

PIERCE COUNTY SUPERIOR COURT LOCAL RULES

Effective as Amended September 1, 2022

The Local Rules are located on the Pierce County Superior Court website:
www.co.pierce.wa.us/superiorcourt



TABLE OF RULES

ADMINISTRATIVE RULES (PCLR)	P. 12
ADMISSION AND PRACTICE RULES (PCLAPR)	P. 18
GENERAL RULES (PCLGR)	P. 18
CIVIL RULES (PCLR)	P. 21
SPECIAL PROCEEDINGS RULES (PCLSPR)	P. 42
SUPERIOR COURT CIVIL ARBITRATION RULES (PCLSCCAR)	P. 58
CRIMINAL RULES (PCLCRR)	P. 64
APPENDIX OF CIVIL RULE FORMS	P. 65

■ **ADMINISTRATIVE RULES - PCLR**

0.1 Citation - Scope

0.2 Court Organization

- (a) Judicial Departments
 - (1) Judicial Department Location
 - (2) Judicial Department Hours
- (b) Court Staff
- (c) Divisions of the Superior Court
 - (1) Juvenile Court
 - (2) Criminal Divisions
 - (3) Civil Divisions

0.3 Court Management

- (a) Authority
- (b) Duties - Responsibilities of the Judges of the Superior Court
 - (1) Executive Committee
 - (2) Policies
 - (3) Court Organization
 - (4) Meetings
- (c) Office of Presiding Judge
 - (1) Duties
 - (2) Selection of Presiding Judge
 - (3) Selection of Assistant Presiding Judge
- (d) Executive Committee
 - (1) Policy Decisions
 - (2) Policy Recommendations
 - (3) Committees
 - (4) Advisory Capacity
 - (5) Procedure
 - (6) Meetings
 - (7) Selection
 - (8) Unexpired Term

0.4 Commissioners

- (a) Duties
 - (1) Civil Divisions A, B, C, D, and Ex Parte
 - (2) Juvenile Division
 - (3) Civil Mental Health Division
 - (4) Criminal Division
- (b) Direction
- (c) Rotation of Commissioner Duties

0.5 Court Administrator

- (a) Selection
- (b) Powers and Duties
 - (1) Administrative
 - (2) Policies
 - (3) Supervisory
 - (4) Budgetary
 - (5) Representative

- (6) Assist
- (7) Agenda Preparation
- (8) Record Preparation and Maintenance
- (9) Recommendations

0.6 Standing Committees

- (a) Establishment
- (b) Selection of Members

0.7 Legal Assistants

- (a) Authorized Activity
- (b) Qualifications of Legal Assistant
- (c) Presentation by Out-of-County Legal Assistants

■ **ADMISSION AND PRACTICE RULES – PCLAPR**

28. Definitions

■ **GENERAL RULES – PCLGR**

1. – 10. Reserved

11. Court Interpreters

12. – 29. Reserved

30. Mandatory Electronic Filing

- (a) Definitions
- (b) Electronic Filing and Service Authorization
 - (5) Electronic Filing Is Mandatory for Attorneys and Optional for Self-Represented Parties
 - (6) Electronic Service is Mandatory for Attorneys and Optional for Self-Represented Parties

31. Access to Administrative Records

32. – 34. Reserved

35. Official Certified Superior Court Transcripts

36. – 38. Reserved

■ **CIVIL RULES - PCLR**

1. – 2A. Reserved

3. Commencement of Action/Case Schedule

- (a) Civil (Non-Family) Cases Not Receiving a Scheduling Order upon Filing
- (b) Civil (Non-Family) Cases Receiving a Mandatory Court Review Hearing Date upon Filing
- (c) Civil (Non-Family) Cases Receiving an Order Setting Case Schedule at Filing
- (d) Family Law (Type 3) Cases
- (e) Amendment of Case Schedule
- (f) Service on Additional Parties upon Joinder
- (g) Form of Case Schedule
- (h) Track Assignment
 - (1) Expedited Cases
 - (2) Standard Cases
 - (3) Complex Cases
 - (4) Dissolution Cases
 - (5) LUPA Cases
 - (6) Collaborative Law Cases

- (i) Time Intervals for Cases Receiving an Order Setting Case Schedule
- (j) Trial by Affidavit
 - (1) Affidavit
 - (2) Trial and Notice
 - (3) Priority
 - (4) Case Schedule
- (k) Monitoring
- (l) Enforcement

4. – 4.2 Reserved

5. Service

- (a) Scope
- (b) Confirmation of Service

6. Time

- (a) Civil Motions
- (b) Restraining Orders
- (c) Family Law

7. Motions-Judges and Commissioners

- (a) Judges' Motions and Trial Assignments
 - (1) When Heard
 - (2) Recess Schedule
 - (3) Scheduling Motions and Trial Assignments
 - (4) Failure to File or Serve – Sanctions
 - (5) Opposing Papers
 - (6) Reply
 - (7) Working Copies
 - (8) Page Limits
 - (9) Confirmation of Motions
 - (10) Procedures for Hearing
 - (11) Motions for Summary Judgment
 - (12) Motions for Revision
 - (13) Juvenile Court Orders and Judgments
- (b) Commissioners' Motions
 - (1) Civil Divisions A, B, C, D, and Ex Parte
 - (2) Juvenile Division Calendars
 - (3) Civil Mental Health Division
- (c) Motions held before Judges or Commissioners
 - (1) Motions for Reconsideration
 - (2) Time for Motions for Reconsideration
 - (3) Disposition of Motions for Reconsideration
 - (4) Motion and Order to Shorten Time
 - (5) Reapplication
 - (6) Temporary Restraining Orders and Injunctive Relief

8. – 9. Reserved

10. Form of Pleadings

- (a)-(c) Reserved.
- (d) Format Requirements
 - (1) Handwritten Documents

- (2) Font Size for Typed or Computer Generated Documents
 - (3) Paper Color
 - (4) Mandatory Forms
 - (5) Preparation of Transcript from Electronic/Mechanical Recorder or Videotape
 - (e) Briefs/Memoranda
 - (f) Required Language in Pleadings Relating to Supplemental Proceedings and Show Cause Hearings for Contempt
- 11. Signing and Drafting of Pleadings, Motions, and Legal Memoranda; Sanctions**
- (a) - (b) Reserved.
 - (c) Address of Self-Represented Party
 - (d) Change of Address
- 12. – 14. Reserved**
- 15. Amended and Supplemental Pleadings**
- (a) - (d) Reserved.
 - (e) Interlineations
- 16. Pretrial and Settlement Procedures**
- (a) Designated Judge
 - (b) Pretrial Procedure
 - (1) Pretrial Conferences
 - (2) Exchange of Exhibit and Witness Lists
 - (3) Pretrial Motions
 - (4) Joint Statement of Evidence
 - (5) Trial Briefs
 - (6) Failure to Comply
 - (c) Alternative Dispute Resolution
 - (1) Non-Family Law Cases and Family Law Cases Without Children
 - (2) Family Law Cases Involving Children
 - (3) Cases Exempt from Alternative Dispute Resolution
- 17. – 18. Reserved**
- 19. Joinder**
- (a) Scope
 - (b) Additional Parties, Claims and Defenses
 - (c) Confirmation of Joinder; Form
 - (d) Parties to Confer in Completing Form
 - (e) Cases Subject to Mandatory Arbitration
- 20. – 25. Reserved**
- 26. Discovery-Disclosure of Possible Lay and Expert Witnesses**
- (a) Scope
 - (b) Disclosure of Primary Witnesses
 - (c) Disclosure of Rebuttal Witnesses
 - (d) Scope of Disclosure
 - (1) All Witnesses
 - (2) Lay Witnesses
 - (3) Experts
 - (e) Discovery Not Limited/Additional Witness Identified
 - (f) Interrogatories
- 27. – 37. Reserved**

- 38. **Jury Trials**
 - (a) Jury Trials
 - (b) Demand for Jury
- 39. **Reserved**
- 40. **Assignments of Cases to Judicial Departments**
 - (a) Presiding Judge in Charge
 - (b) Authority of Judicial Departments
 - (c) Trial Dates
 - (d) Trial Dates - Family Law Cases
 - (e) Reassignment for Inability to Hear
 - (1) Preassigned Matter
 - (2) Trial Date
 - (3) Remain Available
 - (4) No Available Judicial Department
 - (f) Change of Judge (Notice of Disqualification)
 - (1) Judges
 - (2) Commissioners
 - (g) Change of Trial Date
 - (1) Cases Not Governed by an Order Setting Case Schedule
 - (2) Cases Governed by an Order Setting Case Schedule
- 41. **Dismissal of actions**
 - (a) – (d) Reserved
 - (e) Notice of Settlements
 - (1) Notice of Settlement
 - (2) Form of Notice
 - (3) Dismissal on Court's Motion
 - (4) Agreement by Stipulation
- 42. **Consolidation**
 - (a) Consolidation
- 43. – 55. **Reserved**
- 56. **Summary Judgment**
- 57 - 58. **Reserved**
- 59. **Motions for Reconsideration**
- 60 – 64. **Reserved**
- 65. **Temporary Restraining Orders and Injunctive Relief**
- 66. – 70. **Reserved**
- 71. **Withdrawal by Attorney**
 - (a) – (b) Reserved
 - (c) Withdrawal by Notice
 - (d) Reserved
- 72. – 82. **Reserved**
- 83. **Local Rules of Court – Civil**
 - (a) Adoption/Amendment of Local Rules
 - (1) Local Rules Committee
 - (2) Changes to Rules
 - (3) Submission to County Bar Association
 - (4) Comments

(b) Reserved

84. **Reserved**

85. [Title of Rules](#)

86. [Effective Dates](#)

■ [SPECIAL PROCEEDINGS RULES](#) – PCLSPR

93.04 [Adoptions](#)

- (a) Where and When Heard
- (b) How Initiated
- (c) Appointment and Notice to Adoption Investigator
- (d) Preplacement Reports
- (e) Postplacement Reports
- (f) Disclosure of Fees and Costs

94.04 [Family Law Proceedings](#)

- (a) Contested Matters
- (b) Uncontested Applications for Marital Dissolution, Decree of Invalidity, or Legal Separation, Committed Intimate Relationships (Meretricious Relationships), Parenting Plans, or Domestic Partnerships
 - (1) Presentation of Final Documents
 - (2) Hearings to Finalize with Attorneys
 - (3) Hearings to Finalize without Attorney Representation
 - (4) Reconciliation
- (c) Family Law Motions
 - (1) How Initiated
 - (2) Daily case cap
 - (3) Counter Motions
 - (4) Notice and Hearing
 - (5) Family Law Hearing Information Form
 - (6) Page Limits
 - (7) Confirmations
 - (8) Courtroom Assigned
 - (9) Presentation of Court Orders
 - (10) Limits of Argument
- (d) Settlement Conferences
- (e) Guardian ad Litem/Parenting Investigator in Parenting/Custody Cases: Limitations on Appointments, Hours, and Fees
 - (1) Appointment of Guardian ad Litem/Parenting Investigator
 - (2) Hours and Fees
 - (3) Administrative Policy
 - (4) Case Assignment
- (f) Reserved
- (g) Petition to Modify Parenting Plan/Residential Schedule
 - (1) How Initiated
 - (2) Case Schedule
 - (3) Requirements
 - (4) Case Assignment
- (h) Relocation of Children
 - (1) How Initiated

- (2) Case Schedule
- (3) Case Assignment

94.05 Mandatory Seminar - Impact on Children

- (a) Applicable Cases
- (b) Mandatory Attendance
- (c) Timing
- (d) Fees
- (e) Seminar Content/Instructor Qualifications
- (f) Waiver
- (g) Failure to Comply
- (h) Administrative Policy

98.04 Estates-Probates-Notices

- (a) Presentation
- (b) Notice and Hearing
- (c) Civil Hearing Information Form/Proposed Orders
- (d) Bonds
- (e) Probate Homesteads/Prior Claims
- (f) Oaths
- (g) Order Appointing Personal Representative/Administrator
- (h) Notification of Change of Address

98.16W Settlement of Claims of Minors and Individuals Subject to Guardianship and/or Conservatorship

- (a) Presentation
- (b) Qualifications
- (c) Attendance at Hearings
- (d) Notice and Hearing
- (e) Civil Hearing Information Form/Proposed Orders
- (f) Multiple Minors
- (g) Structured Annuity Settlements
- (h) Receipt of Deposit of Funds
- (i) Discharge of Settlement Guardian ad Litem
- (j) Disbursements
- (k) Fees/Costs

98.18 Court-Created Trusts

- (a) Scope of Rule
- (b) Drafting of Trust Instrument
- (c) Guardian ad Litem/Court Visitor/Guardian/Conservator
- (d) Special Master
- (e) Declaration of Proposed Trustee
- (f) Notice and Hearing
- (g) Attendance at Hearings
- (h) Civil Hearing Information Form/Proposed Orders
- (i) Order Approving/Declaring Trust
- (j) Fees/Costs
- (k) Review Hearings
- (l) Trust Summary
- (m) Delinquency Calendar

98.20 Guardianships/Conservatorships/Other Protective Arrangements

- (a) Presentation of Order Appointing Court Visitor
- (b) Notice and Hearing
- (c) Civil Hearing Information Form/Proposed Orders
- (d) Declaration of Proposed Guardian/Conservator
- (e) Review Hearings
- (f) Guardianship/Conservatorship Summary
- (g) Delinquency Calendar
- (h) Expiring Letters of Guardianship and/or Conservatorship
- (i) Acceptance of Appointment
- (j) Vulnerable Adult Protection Petitions
- (k) Loss of Voting Rights
- (l) Mandatory Forms

98.25 Minor Guardianships Pursuant to RCW 11.130 (UGA Article 2)

- (a) Applies to Petitions filed pursuant to UGA Article 2, RCW 11.185 -.260
- (b) Petition for Minor Guardianship, Emergency Minor Guardianship or Standby Minor Guardianship
- (c) Petition for Termination or Change to a Minor Guardianship or Non Parental Custody Decree
- (d) Presentation of Order Appointing Court Visitor
- (e) Notice and Hearing
- (f) Civil Hearing Information Form/Proposed Orders (Form U)
- (g) Review Hearings
- (h) Letters of Office
- (i) Relocation of Children
- (j) Mandatory Forms.

98.30 Public Expense Court Visitors and Attorneys for Respondents Pursuant to RCW 11.130

- (a) Application and Petition
- (b) Court Visitor at Public Expense
- (c) Attorney Assignment and Fees

98.35 Public Expense Attorneys for Minor or Respondents Pursuant to RCW 11.130.200 (UGA Article 2)

- (a) Application and Petition
- (b) Attorney Assignment and Fees

■ SUPERIOR COURT CIVIL ARBITRATION RULES – PCLSCCAR

1. Scope and Purpose of Rules

- 1.1 Application of Rules - Purposes and Definitions
 - (a) Purpose
 - (b) "Director" Defined
- 1.2 Matters Subject to Arbitration
- 1.3 Relationship to Superior Court Jurisdiction and Other Rules - Motions

2. Transfer to Arbitration and Assignment of Arbitrator

- 2.1 Transfer to Arbitration
 - (a) Statement of Arbitrability
 - (b) Response to Statement of Arbitrability
 - (c) Failure to File - Amendments
 - (d) By Stipulation
 - (e) When Transfer to Arbitration Occurs for Purpose of Application of Local Rules

2.2 Reserved

2.3 Assignment to Arbitrator

- (a) Generally; Stipulations
- (b) Response by Parties
- (c) Response by Only One (1) Party
- (d) No Response
- (e) Additional Arbitrators for Additional Parties

3. Arbitrators

3.1 Qualifications

- (a) Arbitration Panel
- (b) Refusal; Disqualification

3.2 Authority of Arbitrators

- (a) Payment of Expense/Attorney Fees
- (b) Basis of Attorney Fee Award

4. Procedures after Assignment

4.1 Reserved

4.2 Discovery

- (a) Additional Discovery
- (b) Notwithstanding the Foregoing, the Following Interrogatories May Be Submitted to Any Party
- (c) Restrictions Upon Discovery

4.3 Subpoena

- (a) CR 45 Subpoenas

5. Hearing

5.1 Notice of Hearing - Time and Place - Continuance

5.2 Prehearing Statement of Proof - Documents Filed with Court

5.3 – 5.4 Reserved

6. Award

6.1 Form and Content of Award

- (a) Form
- (b) Exhibits
- (c) Attorneys Fees

6.2 Filing of Award

6.3 Judgment on Award

6.4 Reserved

7. Trial de Novo

7.1 Request for Trial de Novo – Calendar

7.2 – 7.3 Reserved

8. General Provisions

8.1 Stipulation - Effect on Relief Granted

8.3 Effective Date

8.4 Title and Citation

8.5 Compensation of Arbitrator

8.6 Administration

■ CRIMINAL RULES – PCLCRR

1.1 Local Procedures

1.2 Scope

1.3. – 8.9 Reserved

■ APPENDIX OF CIVIL RULE FORMS

FORM A	Order Setting Case Schedule
FORM B (1)	Order Assigning Case to Judicial Department – Sixty-Month Estate Review
FORM B (2)	Order Assigning Case to Judicial Department – Twelve-Month Estate Review
FORM C	Trial by Affidavit Certificate
FORM D	Confirmation of Service
FORM E	Domestic Relations Information Form
FORM F	Confirmation of Joinder of Parties, Claims and Defenses
FORM G	Notice of Settlement of All Claims Against All Parties
FORM H	Joint Notice of Reconciliation
FORM I	Order Setting Case Schedule – Family Law
FORM J	Notice of Change of Address
FORM K	Declaration of Proposed Trustee
FORM L	Trust Summary
FORM M	Declaration of Proposed Guardian (non-certified)
FORM N	Declaration of Proposed Guardian (certified)
FORM O	Guardianship Summary
FORM P	Order and Joint Notice of Participation in Collaborative Law
FORM Q	Schedule of Commissioners' Calendars
FORM R	Motion to Waive Mandatory Settlement Conference
FORM S	Statement of Arbitrability
FORM T	Family Law Hearing Information Form
FORM U	Civil Hearing Information Form
FORM V	Notice and Order on Request of Disqualification of Judge
FORM W	Order Approving Minor Settlement
FORM X	Receipt of Funds into Blocked Financial Account

■ ADMINISTRATIVE RULES - PCLR

PCLR 0.1 CITATION - SCOPE

These rules shall be cited as PCLR (Pierce County Local Rules). They were adopted for the management and operation of the Pierce County Superior Court and became effective June 1, 1990, with periodic amendments thereafter.

[Amended effective September 1, 2010]

PCLR 0.2 COURT ORGANIZATION

(a) Judicial Departments. The Superior Court of Pierce County is organized into judicial departments, numbered consecutively in the order of their creation:

Judicial Department	Created	Incumbent Judge	Date of	Qualification
No. 1	1889	Hon. James R. Orlando	Sept.	2000
No. 2	1889	Hon. Timothy L. Ashcraft	Jan.	2017
No. 3	1889	Hon. Michael E. Schwartz	Aug.	2015
No. 4	1909	Hon. Bryan Chushcoff	Jan.	1997
No. 5	1951	Hon. Shelly K. Speir-Moss	Jan.	2017
No. 6	1953	Hon. Thomas P. Quinlan	Jan.	2021
No. 7	1961	Hon. Diana L. Kiesel	Jan.	2021
No. 8	1967	Hon. Grant Blinn	Jan.	2017
No. 9	1969	Hon. Edmund Murphy	May	2010
No. 10	1971	Hon. Garold E. Johnson	April	2011
No. 11	1978	Hon. Susan Adams	Oct.	2020
No. 12	1981	Hon. Jennifer Andrews	Oct	2021
No. 13	1981	Hon. Matthew Thomas	Oct.	2020
No. 14	1987	Hon. Sabrina M. Ahrens	Sept.	2019
No. 15	1987	Hon. Gretchen Leanderson	Dec.	2014
No. 16	1990	Hon. Joseph Evans	Nov	2021
No. 17	1990	Hon. Karena Kirkendoll	Jan.	2017
No. 18	1990	Hon. Stanley J. Rumbaugh	Jan.	2013
No. 19	1996	Hon. Philip K. Sorensen	April	2014
No. 20	1998	Hon. Angelica Williams	April	2022
No. 21	2001	Hon. Clarence Henderson, Jr.	April	2020
No. 22	2005	Hon. Alicia Burton	Jan.	2020
No. 23	2021	Hon. André Peñalver	July	2021

(1) Judicial Department Location. Each Judge has a permanently assigned courtroom, to the extent available, all located in the County-City Building, 930 Tacoma Avenue South, Tacoma, Washington 98402. Each Judge may sit for limited periods of time in other special function courts, described below. The Court Administrator's office will provide information as to the courtroom in which a Judge is currently sitting.

(2) Judicial Department Hours.

(A) Court Business Hours. Superior Court's regular hours are 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.

(B) Trials. Parties must appear for trial at 9:00 a.m. in the assigned judicial department on the first day of trial.

(b) Court Staff. Each Judge employs a full-time judicial assistant and court reporter. The court employs a Court Administrator, Deputy Administrator, and administrative staff, who perform various support services

for the Judges and Commissioners. The Court Administrator's office serves as an information and message center at those times when the Judges and staff are not available. See website: www.co.pierce.wa.us/superiorcourt.

(c) Divisions of the Superior Court.

(1) Juvenile Court is located at Remann Hall, 5501 Sixth Avenue, Tacoma, WA 98406.

(2) Criminal Divisions.

(A) Judicial Assignments. The specific judicial officers assigned and courtroom locations are designated by the Court Administrator's Office. See website for specific information: www.co.pierce.wa.us/superiorcourt.

(B) Subject Matter. The Superior Court has three criminal division courts: Criminal Division I (CD1), Criminal Division II (CD2), and Criminal Division Presiding Judge (CDPJ). These criminal division courts hear arraignments, omnibus hearings, pleas, sentencings, revocation hearings related to criminal offenses, and other matters but not criminal jury trials.

(C) Therapeutic Courts. The Superior Court has Therapeutic Courts including Felony Drug Court, Family Recovery Court, and Mental Health Court.

(D) Criminal Trial Assignment. Judges presiding over criminal trials are determined by the Presiding Judge.

(3) Civil Divisions.

(A) Judicial Assignments. The specific judicial officers assigned and courtroom locations are designated by the Court Administrator's Office. See website for specific information: www.co.pierce.wa.us/superiorcourt.

(B) Family Court. The Superior Court has two Family Courts: Family Court 1 (FAM1) and Family Court 2 (FAM2). Cases assigned to Family Court include: Petitions to Modify Custody/Parenting Plans/Residential Schedules, Relocations, Parentage Actions, and all Custody/ Parenting Plans/Residential Schedules cases in which a Guardian ad Litem is appointed, except those cases where a Guardian ad Litem is appointed for the purpose of parentage or minority.

(C) Civil Trial Assignment. Judges presiding over civil trials are determined by the Presiding Judge.

[Amended effective September 1, 2022]

PCLR 0.3 COURT MANAGEMENT

(a) Authority. The authority to manage and conduct the court is vested in the Superior Court Judges and shall be exercised through regular meetings of the Judges. Authority of the Superior Court located in the County-City Building is delegated to a:

- Presiding Judge
- Assistant Presiding Judge
- Presiding Judge-elect
- Executive Committee
- Court Administrator

Authority of the Juvenile Court located at Remann Hall is delegated to a:

- Juvenile Court Presiding Judge
- Juvenile Court Deputy Presiding Judge
- Juvenile Court Executive Committee
- Juvenile Court Administrator

(b) Duties - Responsibilities of the Judges of the Superior Court.

(1) Executive Committee. Elect an Executive Committee.

(2) Policies. Establish all policies regarding judicial functions of court.

(3) Court Organization. Exercise final authority over any matters pertaining to court organization and operation and over any individual, employee or committee of the court, except judicial departmental staff. This includes removal for cause of the Presiding Judge and Commissioners.

(4) Meetings. Meet regularly once a month or at such other special meetings as may from time to time be called by the Presiding Judge or as may be voted by a majority of Judges attending a regular meeting of the Judges and participate in the management of the court.

(A) Quorum. A quorum shall consist of a majority of the Judges.

(B) Governance Rules. Meetings shall be conducted under The Modern Rules of Order, Second Edition, where not inconsistent with these rules.

(c) Office of Presiding Judge.

(1) Duties.

(A) Court Business. Direct the business of the court and supervise its operation as provided in [GR 29](#).

(B) Court Policy. Initiate court policy for presentation to the Judges or to the Executive Committee.

(C) Spokesperson. Act as official speaker for the court. If the matter is of such a nature that the Presiding Judge requires advice and counsel, he/she shall contact the members of the Executive Committee as necessary, or as possible, under the circumstances.

(D) Meetings. Preside at all Judges' meetings.

(E) Executive Committee. Chair the Executive Committee.

(F) Special Meetings. Call such special meetings of the Judges and Executive Committee as may be required.

(2) Selection of Presiding Judge. The Presiding Judge shall be that member of the Executive Committee elected as Presiding Judge by a majority vote of the Judges as a whole. The Presiding Judge shall serve a two-year term.

In January of the second year of the Presiding Judge's term, at a regularly scheduled Judges' meeting, an election shall occur for a Presiding Judge-elect. The Presiding Judge-elect shall be selected from the members of the Executive Committee.

If a vacancy occurs in the Presiding Judge position and there is no Presiding Judge-elect, then an election shall occur at the next regularly scheduled Judges' meeting for the election of a Presiding Judge from the members of the Executive Committee. The Presiding Judge shall be elected to complete the term left in the vacant position.

(3) Selection of Assistant Presiding Judge. An Assistant Presiding Judge shall be elected by the Executive Committee, from the membership of the Executive Committee, at least annually in January of every year, or more frequently as needed.

(d) Executive Committee.

(1) Policy Decisions. The Executive Committee shall decide matters of policy affecting the court and make such decisions in writing by majority vote of the committee. Such actions shall be final unless modified or rejected by a majority of the Judges in attendance at the next regular Judges' meeting or continuation of the meeting.

(2) Policy Recommendations. The Executive Committee may make recommendations on policy matters to the Judges at any meeting of the Judges.

(3) Committees. The Executive Committee shall recommend the designation and duties of the committees of the court and nominate the members of the committees.

(4) Advisory Capacity. The Executive Committee shall act in an advisory capacity to the Presiding Judge.

(5) Procedure. The Executive Committee shall distribute promptly to the Judges written minutes of action taken by the Executive Committee. On request of any Judge, any action taken by the Executive Committee shall be subject to review for final approval or rejection at a meeting of the Judges. Any matter which should be decided by the Judges shall be presented to the next Judges' meeting before action is taken.

(6) Meetings. The Executive Committee shall meet at least once a month. Any Judge or Commissioner may attend any Executive Committee meeting and participate but not vote.

(7) Selection. The Executive Committee shall consist of five Judges. To ensure continuity, the four regular members of the Executive Committee (not the presiding judge) shall serve staggered two-year terms. Term length adjustments may be implemented as needed to ensure staggered terms. Vacancies shall be filled by election by a majority of the Judges voting at the regularly scheduled December Judges' meeting. Nominations shall be made in writing and delivered to the Presiding Judge one week prior to the December meeting. The Judge(s) receiving the majority of votes shall be elected to the Executive Committee to serve a two-year term beginning January 1.

(8) Unexpired Term. If any Judge serving on the Executive Committee is unable or unwilling to continue in office for any reason, the position shall be filled to serve out the balance of the term by the election process provided for in these rules. Provided further that a Presiding Judge-elect who succeeds to the office of the Presiding Judge during the term of another Presiding Judge shall serve the balance of that Judge's term as Presiding Judge and one calendar year as Presiding Judge following that term.

[Amended effective September 1, 2019]

PCLR 0.4 COMMISSIONERS

(a) Duties. Court Commissioners shall perform duties as assigned by the court. Full-time Court Commissioners have all powers conferred by law, including the authority to accept pleas in criminal matters. The Commissioners preside over and decide matters presented in the following divisions:

(1) Civil Divisions A, B, C, D, P, and Ex Parte. The Commissioners hear and decide all matters brought before these divisions as set forth below. There are six civil divisions: A, B, C, D, P, and Ex Parte.

(A) Family Court. The Commissioners hear and decide matters arising in Family Court as set forth in [PCLSPR 94.04\(c\)](#). All cases involving children shall be assigned to a Commissioner at the time of the first motion and all later motions will be heard by that assigned Commissioner while on Family Court rotation, unless exclusive jurisdiction is retained by a specific judicial officer.

(B) Subject Matter. The civil divisions hear the following matters:

(i) Family Law Related (Type 3 and 5):

- Family law motions, including contempt;
- Parentage actions;
- Final orders for uncontested/default dissolutions, separations, invalidity petitions, committed intimate relationships (meretricious relationships) once the trial department has determined that this relationship exists, and domestic partnerships;
- Petitions to modify child support;
- Determination of adequate cause on Petitions to Change Parenting Plans;
- Injunctive relief and immediate restraining orders in family law matters (for non-family law matters see [PCLR 65](#));
- Temporary relocation hearings; and
- Defaults eligible for presentation in the Ex Parte Division wherein no notice is required (including uncontested finalization of dissolution, legal separation, and invalidity with attorney representation).

(ii) Civil Matters (Type 2 and 4):

- Probate, trust, and guardianship/conservatorship/other protective arrangement matters (except for annual periodic reviews which are heard by the assigned judicial department on its Friday motion docket);
- Minor settlements;

- Transfer of structured settlement payment rights;
- Unlawful detainer actions;
- Applications for appointment of a receiver;
- Replevin actions;
- Supplemental proceedings;
- Civil protection order hearings; and
- Ex parte matters.

(C) Schedule. The **Schedule of Commissioners' Calendars** for each division is contained in Appendix, **Form Q** and at the Pierce County Superior Court website: www.co.pierce.wa.us/superiorcourt and by clicking on "Civil & Family Law".

The Schedule of the Commissioners' Calendars may be changed without formal republication of these rules or appendices. Parties and counsel are advised to verify calendar schedules before noting matters for hearing and by viewing the Pierce County Superior Court website for any revisions to the Commissioners' Calendars.

(2) Juvenile Division. The Commissioners hear and decide matters arising under the juvenile laws and other matters at the request of the Presiding Juvenile Court Judge, including finalization of adoptions.

(3) Civil Mental Health Division. The Civil Mental Health Division hears matters relating to the involuntary commitment, treatment, and release of individuals alleged to be suffering from mental disorders or alcoholism. Protocols for presentation of Less Restrictive Orders are found at the Pierce County Superior Court website (<https://www.piercecountywa.gov/6821/Commissioners-Non-Emergency-Practices>) and by clicking on "Protocols Less Restrictive Alternative Orders" under Civil Mental Health. When a jury trial is requested, all jury trials are assigned to one of the judicial departments by the Presiding Judge.

(4) Criminal Division. In the event a Commissioner is assigned to this Division, this Commissioner hears and decides matters authorized pursuant to **Chapter 2.24 RCW**.

(b) Direction. Commissioners discharge their duties under the general direction of the Presiding Judge, except when serving in the Juvenile Court Division, during which time they are under the general direction of the Presiding Juvenile Court Judge.

(c) Rotation of Commissioner Duties. The above duties rotate among the Commissioners in accordance with a schedule adopted by the Executive Committee. Information as to their current duty assignments can be obtained from the Court Administrator's Office.

[Amended effective September 1, 2022]

PCLR 0.5 COURT ADMINISTRATOR

(a) Selection. The Court Administrator shall be appointed by a majority of all of the Judges and shall serve at the pleasure of the appointing authority under the direction and supervision of the Presiding Judge.

(b) Powers and Duties. The general powers and duties of the Court Administrator include but are not limited to:

- (1) Administrative.** Administrative control of all non-judicial activities of the court.
- (2) Policies.** Implement all policies regarding judicial functions of the court.
- (3) Supervisory.** Supervision of all court employees, except Commissioners, juvenile court employees and judicial departmental employees.
- (4) Budgetary.** Preparation and administration of the budget.
- (5) Representative.** Representation of the court in dealings with the State Court Administrator.
- (6) Assist.** Assist the Presiding Judge in meeting with representatives of governmental bodies, and other public and private groups regarding court management matters.

(7) Agenda Preparation. Prepare the agenda for Judges' meetings and act as recording secretary at those meetings and at committee meetings where the Administrator's presence would be reasonable and productive.

(8) Record Preparation and Maintenance. Prepare reports and compile statistics as required by the Judges or state court administration and maintain records of informal activities of the court.

(9) Recommendations. Make recommendations to the Judges for the improvement of the administration of the court.

[Amended effective September 1, 2010]

PCLR 0.6 STANDING COMMITTEES

(a) Establishment. The following permanent standing committees of Judges and Commissioners include:

- Civil Case Management Committee
- Local Rules Committee
- Commissioner Evaluation Committee
- Family Law Committee
- Family Law Guardian ad Litem/Parenting Investigator Grievance Committee
- Guardianship Committee
- Judicial Education Committee
- LINX/IT/Statistics Committee
- Personnel Committee
- Pro Tem Commissioner and Pro Tem Judge Application and Training Committee
- Strategic Planning Committee
- Criminal Justice Committee
- Criminal Procedures
- Drug Court Committee
- Mental Health Court Committee
- Civil Protection Order Committee

Any additional special committees may be appointed by the Presiding Judge with approval of the Executive Committee.

(b) Selection of Members. Committee members shall be selected by the Presiding Judge in the manner provided in **PCLR 0.3(d)(3)**.

[Amended effective September 1, 2021]

PCLR 0.7 LEGAL ASSISTANTS

(a) Authorized Activity. Those persons qualifying as a legal assistant pursuant to subpart (b) below are authorized to: (1) check out court files from the Clerk of the Court, subject to the Clerk's rules and regulations; (2) use the Pierce County Law Library and check out materials, subject to the rules and regulations of the Library; and (3) present Agreed Orders and Orders to Show Cause (accompanied by the clerk's file) to Judges and Commissioners respectively, based solely upon the record; provided the same have been signed as presented by the attorney of record for whom said legal assistant is acting.

(b) Qualifications of Legal Assistant. For purposes of this rule, a legal assistant is one who has been so designated by the Tacoma-Pierce County Bar Association, and who presents credentials from said association to the Pierce County Clerk, Pierce County Law Library, or Pierce County Superior Court Judge or Commissioner, provided said credentials are based upon the following criteria:

(1) Supervising Attorney. Is responsible directly to a supervising attorney, who has at least five (5) years experience and who will be responsible under the Rules of Professional Conduct applicable to that attorney for the performance of the legal assistant sponsored by said attorney. The sponsoring attorney shall supervise the legal assistant and shall have submitted to the Tacoma-Pierce County Bar Association certification that he or she is currently sponsoring no more than one legal assistant; and

(2) Employment. Has been currently employed six months or longer by a Pierce County law firm, or by a city, county, or state administrative agency or corporation under the direct supervision of an attorney; and

(3) Nature of Work. Seventy-five percent of the legal assistant's work time is devoted to legal assistant (non-clerical) work, consisting of the performance of tasks under the direct supervision of a lawyer, which tasks shall not include the giving of legal advice, the quoting of legal fees, or the appearance in court in contested matters; and

(4) Education. Has obtained a degree or certificate of completion of a legal assistant program of no less than two years duration, or has the substantially equivalent college education or work experience in the legal field which equivalency shall be determined by the Legal Assistants' Committee of the Tacoma-Pierce County Bar Association.

(c) Presentation by Out-of-County Legal Assistants. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (b) above, legal assistants who are duly registered with a bar association in the state, other than the Tacoma-Pierce County Bar Association, may present Agreed Orders and Orders to Show Cause (accompanied by the Clerk's file) to Judges and Commissioners respectively, based solely upon the documents presented and the records in the file.

[Amended effective September 1, 2010]

■ **ADMISSION AND PRACTICE RULES – PCLAPR**

PCLAPR 28. Definitions. For purposes of the Pierce County Local Court Rules, use of the words “lawyer,” “attorney,” or “counselor” also includes Limited License Legal Technicians who are acting within the scope of their license.

[Effective September 1, 2021]

■ **GENERAL RULES - PCLGR**

PCLGR 11 COURT INTERPRETERS

The court may appoint qualified interpreters for hearing impaired or non-English speaking persons in accordance with [RCW 2.42](#), [2.43](#), [GR11](#) and the [Pierce County Superior Court Language Assistance Plan](#) as well as with current applicable court rules and law.

[Effective September 1, 2012]

PCLGR 30 MANDATORY ELECTRONIC FILING AND SERVICE

(a) Definitions - See [GR 30\(a\)](#)

(b) Electronic filing and service authorization - See [GR 30\(b\)\(1\)-\(4\)](#)

(5) Electronic Filing Is Mandatory for Attorneys and Optional for Self-Represented Parties. Unless this rule provides otherwise, attorneys are required to electronically file (e-file) all documents

with the Clerk using the Clerk's e-filing system or an electronic service provider that uses the Clerk's e-filing system. Self-represented parties are not required to e-file documents but may contact the Clerk's Office to obtain a [LINX account](#) and password to enable e-filing and e-service.

(A) Mandatory Fee on Orders. Specified ex parte orders requiring a judicial officer's signature shall be submitted electronically using the Pierce County Clerk's e-filing system. Payment of the ex parte fee is mandatory except when presented on the record and in open court to the assigned judicial officer or at the discretion of the court. The list of ex parte orders required to be e-filed is maintained by the Pierce County Clerk and can be found on the Pierce County Clerk's website.

(B) Documents That Shall Not Be E-Filed. Exceptions to mandatory e-filing include the following documents:

- (i) Original wills and codicils;
- (ii) Certified records of proceedings for purposes of appeal;
- (iii) Documents of foreign governments under official seal including foreign and out-of-state adoption documents;
- (iv) Documents presented for filing during a court hearing or trial including documents submitted for in camera review pursuant to [GR 15](#);
- (v) Foreign (out-of-state) Judgments;
- (vi) New cases or fee-based documents filed with a request for an Order in Forma Pauperis or in accordance with [GR 34](#);

The above-excepted documents must be filed in paper form.

(C) Working Copies for E-Filed Documents for matters scheduled before a Judge. Working copies for e-filed documents for matters scheduled before a judge may be electronically delivered to the Clerk using the Clerk's e-filing system. The Clerk may assess a fee for the electronic delivery of working copies. Absent prior authorization of the assigned judge, working copies of documents 200 pages or more in length shall be submitted in paper form only and shall be delivered pursuant to [PCLR 7\(a\)\(7\)](#). For a motion that is re-noted, a new set of working copies shall be provided, absent permission of the Court.

(D) Waiver of the Requirement to E-File. If an attorney is unable to e-file documents, the attorney may request a waiver. The attorney must explain why he or she needs to file paper documents in that particular case. The Clerk will make waiver request forms available. The Clerk will consider each application and provide a written approval or denial to the attorney. The waiver may be for a specific case or for a specific period of time determined by the Clerk. Attorneys who receive a waiver shall file a copy of the waiver in each case in which they file documents. Attorneys who have received a waiver shall place the words "Exempt from e-filing per waiver filed on (date)" in the caption of all paper documents they file for the duration of the waiver. An attorney shall have the ability to ask for a review by the Presiding Judge if the request for waiver is denied by the Clerk.

(E) Non-Compliance with PCLGR 30(b)(5). If an attorney files a document in paper form and does not have an approved waiver from e-filing, the Clerk is authorized to reject the document and return it to the attorney for e-filing.

(6) Electronic Service is Mandatory for Attorneys and Optional for Self-Represented Parties. Unless there is a waiver as set forth in [PCLGR 30\(b\)\(5\)\(D\)](#), attorneys must use electronic service ("e-service") to serve documents on attorneys in that case. E-service is optional for self-represented parties.

(A) Registering for E-Service

(i) **Attorneys.** Licensed attorneys are automatically registered for e-service when they appear in a case.

(ii) **Self-Represented Parties.** Self-represented parties are not required to e-serve but may opt-in by: 1) obtaining a [LINX account](#) from the Pierce County Superior Court Clerk's Office (unless an account has previously been opened); and 2) filing an e-service registration form in each case

separately. A self-represented party may not use e-service without filing the e-service registration form in each case.

(iii) Updating E-Mail Addresses. It is the responsibility of attorneys and self-represented parties to keep their e-mail address updated. Attorneys must keep their e-mail address updated with the Washington State Bar Association. Self-represented parties must update their e-mail address with the Pierce County Superior Court Clerk's Office by e-filing a notice of change of address in each case. Attorneys and self-represented parties will be considered served if served using the e-mail address currently on file with the Clerk's office.

(B) Effecting E-Service. When an attorney or party e-files a document, the attorney or party must e-serve that document using the e-serve function on Pierce County's Legal Information Network Exchange ("LINX") website. E-service under this subsection constitutes service under **CR 5** and is complete as stated in **CR 5(b)(7)**.

(C) Exceptions to E-Service. E-service does not apply: 1) when a self-represented party has not registered for e-service; 2) when a statute or rule requires that a document be personally served on the receiving party; 3) for documents not filed with the court (e.g. discovery); 4) when a waiver has been obtained as set forth in **PCLGR 30(b)(5)(D)**.

(D) Non-Standard and Color Documents. If a party files a document that is larger than 8 ½" x 11", or files a color document, other parties can request a hard copy of those documents. When a request is received, the filing party shall provide a hard copy of the non-standard or color document within two business days after receipt of the request.

(E) Non-Compliance with PCLGR 30(b)(6). If an attorney or self-represented party serves a document in a manner that does not comply with this section, the document shall be deemed to have not been served pursuant to **CR 5**, and the Court in its discretion can refuse to consider the document.

[Amended effective September 1, 2020]

PCLGR 31.1 ACCESS TO ADMINISTRATIVE RECORDS

See **GR 31.1** and Policy 6, Pierce County Superior Court Policies and Procedures for Administrative Records Requests. Policy 6 can be found on the Pierce County Superior Court website at <https://www.piercecountywa.gov/1195/Local-Rules>.

[Amended September 1, 2022]

PCLGR 35 OFFICIAL CERTIFIED SUPERIOR COURT TRANSCRIPTS

(a) Reserved.

(b) For any proceeding where either an official court reporter or certified reporter was present taking down the record, no court transcript prepared for the same proceeding from any recording shall be considered the official record or an official certified court transcript.

(c) The Pierce County Superior Court Clerk has the authority to approve transcribers pursuant to **GR 35**.

(d) The Pierce County Superior Court Clerk will maintain a list of transcribers approved to prepare an official transcript of electronically recorded proceedings conducted in Superior Court. To be included on the Pierce County Superior Court Approved Transcriber list, reporters must complete an affidavit requesting court-approved transcriber status for electronically recorded proceedings provided by the Superior Court Clerk.

(e) Arrangements for transcribing the recording must be made with a reporter on the approved transcriber list. Once arrangements have been made and after an attorney or self-represented party has paid the Clerk for the electronic recording, the approved transcriber shall obtain the electronic recording directly from the clerk's office.

■ CIVIL RULES - PCLR

PCLR 3 COMMENCEMENT OF ACTION/CASE SCHEDULE

(a) Civil (Non-Family) Cases Not Receiving a Scheduling Order upon Filing. The following case types do **NOT** receive either an Order Setting Case Schedule (**Form A** as set forth in the Appendix) or an Order Assigning Case to Judicial Department and Setting Hearing Date (**Form B1/B2**) at filing:

- (1) Change of name;
- (2) Civil protection orders (**Chapter 7.105 RCW**)
- (3) UIFSA actions (**Chapter 26.21A**);
- (4) Foreign judgments;
- (5) Abstract or transcript of judgment;
- (6) Civil commitment;
- (7) Proceedings under **Chapter 10.77 RCW**;

(b) Civil (Non-Family) Cases Receiving a Mandatory Court Review Hearing Date upon Filing. The following case types are ones for which the Clerk shall issue, at the time of filing, or for estate cases when an order appointing personal representative is filed, an Order Assigning Case to Judicial Department and Setting Hearing Date (**Form B1**, except as to certain estate matters as set forth in section (b)(4) below). The time frame for the Mandatory Court Review Hearings vary depending on the type of matter, as indicated below:

- (1) Case types to be reviewed 2 months after filing:

- Administrative Law Review
- Criminal RALJ Appeal
- DOL Revocation – Appeal
- Lower Court Appeal – Civil
- Lower Court Appeal – Infraction

- (2) Case types to be reviewed 4 months after filing:

- Absentee
- Abusive Litigation
- Confidential Name Change*
- Collection
- Commercial
- Compel/Confirm Binding Arbitration
- Confidential Intermediary
- Deposit of Surplus Funds*
- Foreclosure
- Guardianship, Conservatorship, Limited Guardianship, Special Needs Trust and Trust, except for annual periodic reviews of guardianships and trusts which are heard by the assigned Judicial Department on its Friday motion docket, and contested guardianships which shall be assigned a Case Schedule when a trial date is requested
- Injunction
- Interpleader
- Minor Settlement with or without guardianship
- Miscellaneous
- Miscellaneous – Type 3
- Petition for Certificate of Rehabilitation*

Petition for Relief from Duty to Register*
Petition for Writ*
Petition to Restore Opportunities*
Petition to Restore Rights*
Petition to Restore Rights to Possess Firearms*
Petition to Restore Voting Rights *
Proceedings for isolation and quarantine*
Seizure of Property from Commission of Crime*
Seizure of Property Resulting from Crime*
Subpoenas*
Unlawful Detainer
Writ of Habeas Corpus*
Writ of Mandamus*
Writ of Review*

(3) Case types to be reviewed 6 months after filing:

[Reserved]

(4) Case types to be reviewed 12 months after filing:

Adoption

Child Support or Maintenance Modifications

Estate/probate if court supervision is required (e.g. bond required, either a guardian or guardian ad litem is appointed to represent a minor or incompetent heir, or estate insolvent) or is otherwise governed by [RCW 11.76.010](#), except any will contest or litigation matter arising in a probate case shall be assigned an Order Setting Case Schedule when the Petition to Contest the Will is filed or the estate is sued ([Form B2](#))

Paternity Parent Determination

Trust and Estate Dispute Resolution Act (TEDRA)

(5) Case types to be reviewed 60 months after filing:

Estate/probate if full nonintervention powers are granted ([Form B1](#)).

The purpose of the mandatory court review hearing in these case types shall be to assess the progress of the case and assure that the matter is being prosecuted diligently to a conclusion. Parties shall file a status report with the court no later than the close of business on the seventh court day before the day set for hearing, except for those matters noted with an * above. For example, if the hearing is scheduled for a Friday, the status report shall be filed by the close of business on the Wednesday of the week before the hearing date unless there is an intervening court holiday. If necessary and where appropriate, the court may issue an Order Setting Case Schedule ([Form A](#)) to provide a trial date. If the parties file a status report in accordance with this rule the parties do not need to appear for the mandatory court review hearing unless directed to appear by the court. Failure to attend the hearing or file a status report may result, when appropriate, in dismissal of the case without prejudice or closure of the matter without further notice. In paternity matters, it may result in a resolution of the case without dismissal.

(c) Civil (Non-Family) Cases Receiving an Order Setting Case Schedule at Filing. When a new civil, non-family case of a type not specifically identified in sections (a) or (b) above is filed, or as otherwise provided in these rules, the clerk shall issue an Order Setting Case Schedule and shall provide one copy to the plaintiff/petitioner. The plaintiff/petitioner shall serve a copy of this Order on the defendant/respondent along with the initial pleadings; provided that if the initial pleading is served prior to filing, the plaintiff/petitioner shall within five (5) court days of filing serve this Order. If the initial pleading is served by publication, the plaintiff/petitioner shall serve this Order within five (5) court days of service of defendant's/respondent's first appearance. When this Order is served pursuant to this section, it may be served by regular mail with proof

of mailing/service to be filed promptly in the form required by these rules, see [PCLR 5](#). The Order Setting Case Schedule shall contain the case heading and otherwise be as set forth in Appendix, [Form A](#).

(d) Family Law (Type 3) Cases. These cases are governed by [PCLR 40\(d\)](#). As set forth more fully in that rule, it depends on the particular type of family law case whether the matter receives a trial date at the time of filing.

When a new Petition for Dissolution (with or without children) or a Petition to Establish a Residential Schedule/Parenting Plan is initiated, the clerk shall issue an Order Setting Case Schedule – Family Law and shall provide one copy to the petitioner. The Order Setting Case Schedule – Family Law shall contain the case heading and otherwise be as set forth in Appendix, [Form I](#). See [PCLR 40\(d\)](#).

Certain other types of Family Law Cases such as Petitions to Modify an Existing Parenting Plan shall be issued an Order Setting Case Schedule at filing pursuant to [PCLSPR 94.04\(g\)](#) and assigned to a department or to Family Court in accordance with existing court policy and practice.

In every newly initiated family law case or modification proceeding, the petitioner shall serve a copy of the applicable order on the respondent along with the initial pleadings; provided that if the initial pleading is served prior to filing, the petitioner shall within five (5) court days of filing serve the applicable order. If the initial pleading is served by publication, the petitioner shall serve the applicable order within five (5) court days of service of respondent's first appearance. When the applicable order is served pursuant to this section, it may be served by regular mail with proof of mailing/service to be filed promptly in the form required by these rules, see [PCLR 5](#).

(e) Amendment of Case Schedule. The court, either on motion of a party or on its own initiative, may modify any date in the Order Setting Case Schedule for good cause, including the track to which the case is assigned, except that the trial date may be changed only as provided in [PCLR 40\(g\)](#). If an Order Setting Case Schedule is modified or the track assignment is changed, the court shall prepare and file the Order Amending Case Schedule and promptly mail or provide it to the attorneys and self-represented parties. Cases which are transferred to arbitration pursuant to [PCLSCCAR 2.1](#) will have their existing case schedule stricken upon transfer. The assigned judicial department will then set a mandatory court review hearing to monitor the case status. Once a case is resolved, closed or dismissed, the assigned judicial department will cancel any pending mandatory court review hearing. A written request for a trial de novo shall cause a new Order Setting Case Schedule to be issued on an expedited track assignment (per [PCLR 3\(h\)](#) below) by the assigned judicial department when the request for trial de novo is filed pursuant to [PCLSCCAR 7.1](#).

(f) Service on Additional Parties Upon Joinder. A party who joins an additional party in an action shall be responsible for serving the additional party with the current Order Setting Case Schedule together with the first pleading served on the additional party.

(g) Form of Case Schedule.

(1) Original Case Schedule. The [Order Setting Case Schedule](#) is set forth in Appendix, [Form A](#).

(2) Amended Case Schedule. An Order Amending Case Schedule shall be in the same form as the original Order Setting Case Schedule except that an Order Amending Case Schedule shall be entitled Order Amending Case Schedule and it need not include the Notice provisions. An Order Amending Case Schedule issued pursuant to [PCLR 40\(e\)\(4\)](#) shall only contain the following dates: Joint Statement of Evidence, Pretrial Conference, and Trial date. Additional dates may be added to the Order Amending Case Schedule upon order of the court.

(h) Track Assignment. Each case receiving an Order Setting Case Schedule at filing shall be assigned to a track as set forth in this rule.

(1) Expedited Cases. Expedited cases shall have a discovery cutoff of 20 weeks and trial in 26 weeks. Discovery shall be completed by the discovery cutoff date. Written discovery shall be propounded to allow for completion prior to the discovery cutoff date. Depositions of persons other than the parties shall require court permission. Interrogatories shall be limited to twenty-five (25) in number and each subpart of

an interrogatory shall be counted as a separate interrogatory for purposes of this rule. There shall be no limit on requests for admissions. Any case in which it is expected there will be no more than a total of four (4) witnesses shall be presumptively an expedited track case.

(2) Standard Cases. Standard cases shall have a discovery cutoff of 45 weeks and trial in 52 weeks. Discovery shall be completed by the discovery cutoff date. Written discovery shall be propounded to allow for completion prior to the discovery cutoff date. There shall be no limitations with respect to depositions, except as otherwise ordered pursuant to the state civil rules. Interrogatories shall be limited to thirty-five (35) in number and each subpart of an interrogatory shall be counted as a separate interrogatory for purposes of this rule. There shall be no limit on requests for admissions. Actions for breach of contract, personal injury, title to land, construction claims involving questions of workmanship, and discrimination claims shall presumptively be standard track cases. Any case wherein it is expected there will be no more than a total of twelve (12) witnesses shall be presumptively a standard track case.

(3) Complex Cases. Complex cases shall have a discovery cutoff of 67 weeks and trial in 78 weeks. Discovery shall be completed by the discovery cutoff date. Written discovery shall be propounded to allow for completion prior to the discovery cutoff date. There shall be no limitations with respect to depositions, except as otherwise ordered pursuant to the state civil rules. Interrogatories shall be limited to thirty-five (35) in number and each subpart of an interrogatory shall be counted as a separate interrogatory for purposes of this rule. There shall be no limit on requests for admission. Medical or professional malpractice, product liability, and class action claims shall presumptively be complex track cases.

(4) Dissolution Cases. All dissolutions shall presumptively be a family law track at filing. If not resolved within 122 days of filing, the case will be assigned to the dissolution track by the assigned Judicial Department and an Order Setting Case Schedule will be created. Dissolution cases shall have a discovery cutoff of 30 weeks and a trial in 36 weeks. Discovery shall be completed by the discovery cutoff date. Written discovery shall be propounded to allow for completion prior to the discovery cutoff date. There shall be no limitations with respect to depositions except as otherwise ordered pursuant to the civil rules. Interrogatories shall be limited to one hundred (100) in number and each subpart of an interrogatory shall be counted as a separate interrogatory for purposes of this rule. There shall be no limit on requests for admissions.

(5) LUPA Cases. All LUPA cases shall be LUPA track cases.

(6) Collaborative Law Cases. In the event that represented parties mutually agree to participate in Collaborative Law, they shall present to the assigned judicial department the Order and Joint Notice of Participation in Collaborative Law as set forth in the Appendix, **Form P**, and obtain a mandatory status conference date. The parties shall no longer have to comply with the Order Setting Case Schedule Requirements of PCLR 3. If the case does not resolve by the mandatory status conference date, the mandatory status conference shall be held to advise the Court of the progress. Counsel and the court may agree to continue the status conference if participation in the Collaborative Law process is ongoing. Failure to comply may lead to dismissal of the case.

(i) Time Intervals for Cases Receiving an Order Setting Case Schedule. The events and time intervals included in the original Order Setting Case Schedule shall be measured in weeks from the date of filing or assignment of a Case Schedule as follows:

CASE SCHEDULE AND TRACK ASSIGNMENT-Measured in Weeks:

	EXPEDITED	STANDARD	COMPLEX	DISSOLUTION
Confirmation of Service	2	4	6	3
Confirmation of Joinder of Parties, Claims and Defenses *	8	17	26	
Jury Demand *	9	18	27	

	EXPEDITED	STANDARD	COMPLEX	DISSOLUTION
Status Conference (contact court for specific date) **Mandatory appearance date set when case schedule is issued.	10	21	32	28**
Plaintiff's/Petitioner's Disclosure of Primary Witnesses	12	25	38	18
Defendant's/Respondent's Disclosure of Primary Witnesses	15	29	42	21
Disclosure of Rebuttal Witnesses	17	36	57	23
Deadline for filing motion to Adjust Trial Date	19	40	60	25
Discovery Cutoff	20	45	67	30
Exchange of Witness and Exhibit Lists and Documentary Exhibits	21	47	70	32
Deadline for Hearing Dispositive Pretrial Motions *	22	48	72	
Joint Statement of Evidence	22	48	72	32
Alternative Dispute Resolution to be held before	23	48	72	32
Pretrial Conference (contact Court for specific date)	25	50	75	35
Trial	26	52	78	36

* Does not apply to dissolution cases.

LUPA CASE SCHEDULE:

CASE EVENT	DEADLINE
Petition for Review of Land Use Decision Filed and Schedule Issued (RCW 36.70C.040)	
DEADLINE to contact assigned Judge to confirm initial hearing (RCW 36.70C.080)	7 days after Petition is filed
DEADLINE to Stipulate or File Motion for Change of Hearing Date or Adjustment of Schedule (RCW 36.70C.080(1) ; RCW 36.70C.090)	28 days after Petition is filed
Initial Hearing on Jurisdictional and Preliminary Matters (FRIDAYS ONLY) (RCW 36.70C.080)	40 days after Petition is filed
DEADLINE to file Certified Copy of Local Jurisdiction Record (RCW 36.70C.110)	45 days after Initial Hearing
DEADLINE to file Brief of Petitioner (RCW 36.70C.080(4))	20 days after deadline to file Record
DEADLINE to file Brief of Respondent (RCW 36.70C.080(4))	40 days after deadline to file Record
DEADLINE to file Reply Briefs (RCW 36.70C.080(4))	50 days after deadline to file Record
Review Hearing/Trial Date – (RCW 36.70C.090)	Within 60 days of the date set for submitting the Record

(j) Trial by Affidavit.

(1) Affidavit. Parties may agree to submit unresolved issues to the assigned judicial department by affidavit. This shall be determined at the discretion of the assigned judicial department at the status conference or as determined by agreement of the parties and approval of the assigned judicial department. If the request for trial by affidavit is granted the self-represented parties or their attorneys shall file and serve a form entitled **Trial By Affidavit Certificate**, as set forth in Appendix, **Form C**. The assigned judicial department shall issue an Order Amending Case Schedule.

(2) Trial and Notice. If the matter is to be submitted on affidavit, the parties shall be given a trial date approximately 20 weeks from filing. Fourteen (14) days prior to the trial date the parties shall serve and file their affidavits. Rebuttal affidavits, if any, shall be served and filed no later than seven (7) days prior to trial. Surrebuttal affidavits, if any, shall be filed and served two (2) days before the trial. Working copies of all affidavits shall be provided to the assigned judicial department. Affidavits filed beyond these deadlines shall not be considered.

(3) Priority. Matters set for trial by affidavit may take priority over other matters set for the same day. On the day of trial, unless otherwise ordered, each side shall have one-half hour to argue their respective positions to the court.

(4) Case Schedule. Once a matter is set for trial by affidavit, the self-represented parties and attorneys shall no longer be bound by the Order Setting Case Schedule, except for the new trial date in the Order Amending Case Schedule issued by the Judicial Assistant.

(k) Monitoring. Each judicial department of the Superior Court, the Superior Court Administrator's Office, and at such time as the Presiding Judge may direct, the Clerk of the Court shall monitor cases to determine compliance with these rules.

(l) Enforcement. The assigned judicial department, on its own initiative or on motion of a party, may impose sanctions or terms for failure to comply with the Order Setting Case Schedule established by these rules. If the court finds that an attorney or self-represented party has failed to comply with the Order Setting Case Schedule and has no reasonable excuse, the court may order the attorney or party to pay monetary sanctions to the court, or terms to any other party who has incurred expense as a result of the failure to comply, or both; in addition, the court may impose such other sanctions as justice requires. As used in this rule, "terms" means costs, attorney fees, and other expenses incurred or to be incurred as a result of the failure to comply; the term "monetary sanctions" means a financial penalty payable to the court; the term "other sanctions" includes but is not limited to the exclusion of evidence.

[Amended effective September 1, 2022]

PCLR 5 SERVICE

(a) Scope. This rule shall apply to all cases governed by an Order Setting Case Schedule pursuant to **PCLR 3**.

(b) Confirmation of Service. No later than the date designated in the Order Setting Case Schedule, the plaintiff/petitioner shall file a Confirmation of Service. The original Confirmation of Service shall be filed with the Pierce County Clerk, with a copy delivered to the judicial department to which the case is assigned. The **Confirmation of Service** shall contain the case heading, cause number and shall otherwise be as set forth in Appendix, **Form D**.

[Amended effective September 1, 2011]

PCLR 6 TIME

For shortening or enlarging the time for filing of motions and briefs for the motions:

(a) Civil Motions. **PCLR 7** for motions generally;

(b) Restraining Orders. **PCLR 65** for applications for temporary restraining orders and injunctive relief;
and

(c) **Family Law.** [PCLSPR 94.04](#) for family law proceedings.

[Amended effective September 1, 2010]

PCLR 7 MOTIONS: JUDGES AND COMMISSIONERS

(a) Judges' Motions and Trial Assignments

(1) When Heard. All motions, except motions during trial or those motions heard by the Commissioners as set forth below, shall be heard on the assigned judicial department's motion calendar. All contested motions to change venue and all discovery motions shall be heard before the assigned judicial department. Any agreed orders regarding motions to change venue may be presented to the Ex Parte Division. No contested summary judgment motions, motions to dismiss, or other such motions which might effectively terminate a case shall be heard except by the assigned judicial department, unless otherwise directed by the Presiding Judge or by the assigned judicial department. Motions are heard on Friday mornings at 9:00 a.m., unless specially set by the assigned judicial department. In the event a Friday is a non-judicial day, motions shall be heard on the judicial day immediately preceding the Friday.

(2) Recess Schedule. Motions and assignments regularly scheduled for a time when a judicial department is at recess shall be heard in the manner and in accordance with the schedule determined by the Judges.

(3) Scheduling Motions and Trial Assignments.

(A) Motions. Motions shall be scheduled for hearing by filing a Note for Motion Docket, in a form approved by the court, and containing all information required by such form. The Note for Motion Docket shall be filed with the motion and supporting documents and served upon the opposing party at the same time. The Note for Motion Docket, motion, and supporting documents shall be filed with the Clerk and served on the opposing party no later than the close of business on the seventh court day before the day set for hearing. For example, if the motion is scheduled for a Friday, it shall be filed by the close of business on the Wednesday of the week before the hearing date unless there is an intervening court holiday. This rule shall not relieve the moving party from any greater notice or filing requirements established by law or court rule. See [PCLR 7\(c\)\(1\)\(2\) & \(3\)](#) regarding Motions for Reconsideration to be heard before a judge. See also [PCLSPR 98.20](#) regarding periodic guardianship hearings.

(B) Trial Assignments. If the attorneys or any self-represented party fails to appear on the date set for assignment of a trial date, the case shall be dismissed without prejudice unless the assignment of a trial date has been previously obtained or the case has been fully resolved with the entry of all final documents.

(4) Failure to File or Serve - Sanctions. If the motion, supporting documents, and Note for Motion Docket are not all filed with the clerk, the court may strike the motion. No motion shall be heard unless proof of service upon the opposing party is filed no later than the time set forth for confirmation of motions under [PCLR 7\(a\)\(9\)](#) or there is an admission of such service by the opposing party. Electronic service under [PCLGR 30](#) does not excuse this requirement to file proof of service. The court may also, in its discretion, impose terms upon the offending party.

(5) Opposing Papers. Any party opposing a motion shall file and serve responsive papers in opposition to a motion not later than 12:00 noon three (3) court days before the date the motion is scheduled for hearing.

(6) Reply. Any papers in strict reply shall be served no later than 12:00 noon two (2) court days before the date the motion is scheduled for hearing.

(7) Working Copies. The assigned judicial department shall be furnished with a working copy of all motion papers. The working copies shall be delivered either directly to the judicial department or to the Court Administrator's office. Anyone e-filing motion papers shall be responsible for ensuring working copies are timely provided to the assigned judicial department. All working copies are to be delivered no later than the date and time they are required to be served on opposing parties. The working copies of papers in support or opposition shall be marked on the upper right corner of the first page with the date of hearing and the name of the Judge. A fax or email transmittal of working copies shall not be acceptable delivery. For a motion that is re-noted, a new set of working copies shall be provided, absent permission of the Court.

(8) Page Limits. The initial motion and opposing memorandum shall not exceed twelve (12) pages without authorization of the court; reply memoranda shall not exceed five (5) pages without the authority of the court. Provided, however, for Motions for Summary Judgment pursuant to [CR 56](#) the parties' moving and opposing memoranda shall not exceed twenty-four (24) pages without authorization of the court; reply memoranda shall not exceed twelve (12) pages without authority of the court.

(9) Confirmation of Motions. All motions shall be confirmed by the moving party no earlier than five (5) court days prior to the motion, but no later than 12:00 noon three (3) court days prior to the hearing (e.g. for a Friday motion without any intervening holidays, no earlier than the Friday the week before, and no later than the Tuesday the week of the hearing by 12:00 noon). Attorneys and any self-represented party shall confirm motions by contacting the judicial assistant of the assigned judicial department or electronically, through the internet by those with [LINX accounts](#) and PIN (Personal Identification Numbers), in accordance with the procedures adopted by the Pierce County Superior Court Clerk's Office. Motions filed by those persons physically confined under a court order shall be deemed confirmed at filing. The court may strike motions that are not timely confirmed. For information regarding confirmation of motions before a Court Commissioner, please refer to [PCLR 7\(b\)\(1\)\(E\)\(iii\)](#) for show cause calendar motions or [PCLSPR 94.04\(c\)\(7\)](#) for family law motions.

(10) Procedures for Hearing. The cases on the motion docket for each motion day shall be called and oral argument may be presented. Motions may be continued by the court, at the court's discretion, for hearing at other specified times. The trial court may, in its discretion or for good cause shown, waive oral argument for civil motions. Motions requiring more than ten (10) minutes for argument may be placed at the end of the calendar.

(11) Motions for Summary Judgment

(A) Scheduling the Motion. The Note for Motion Docket shall be filed with the motion and supporting documents and served upon the opposing party at the same time. The Note for Motion Docket, motion, and supporting documents shall be filed with the Clerk and served on the opposing party no later than the close of business on the 28th day before the day set for hearing. For example, if the motion is scheduled for a Friday, it shall be filed by the close of business on the fourth Friday before the hearing date.

(B) Confirmation of Motions. All motions for summary judgment shall be confirmed in the manner prescribed by [PCLR 7\(a\)\(9\)](#) above. Any motion for summary judgment not confirmed shall be stricken. No hearing upon a motion for summary judgment shall be continued except upon the explicit permission of the assigned Judge. Any summary judgment motion that is continued shall be reconfirmed as set forth above.

(C) Testimony. If testimony transcribed at any pretrial deposition is used in support of or in opposition to a motion for summary judgment, such testimony shall be presented by affidavit containing excerpts of the testimony relied upon by the party using such testimony, with reference to the line and the page of source.

(D) Page Limits. See [PCLR 7\(a\)\(8\)](#) regarding Motion for Summary Judgment page limits.

(12) Motions for Revision of a Commissioner's Order or Judgment (this rule does not apply to **CR 54(b)** revision motions). At the time a motion for revision is filed, the moving party shall provide the reviewing court copies of all documents submitted by all parties that were considered by the Court Commissioner in making the decision sought to be revised.

(A) Timing. Within ten (10) days of the entry of a written order or judgment by a Court Commissioner, either party may file a motion for revision pursuant to **PCLR 7(a)(3)(A)**, absent an order shortening time. The transcript, if required, shall be filed as per subsection **(E)** of this rule. Such motion shall be scheduled for argument on the assigned judicial department's calendar no later than 30 days from the Commissioner's written order or judgment sought to be revised except for good cause shown.

(B) Validity of Commissioner's Orders. All orders granted by a Court Commissioner shall remain valid and in effect pending the outcome of the motion for revision, unless stayed pending the outcome of a motion for revision by the Court Commissioner granting the order, the Presiding Judge, or the assigned Judicial Department to whom the motion for revision has been assigned.

(C) Content of Motion. All motions and cross-motions shall state with specificity any portion of the Commissioner's order or judgment sought to be revised, identifying those portions by paragraph or page and line numbers. Any portion not so specified shall be binding as if no revision motion has been made.

(D) Costs and Fees. The judicial department has the right to award reasonable costs or attorneys fees where allowed on all motions for revision without the necessity of a written motion.

(E) Transcript Required. When seeking revision of a ruling of a Court Commissioner which was based upon sworn testimony, such testimony shall be transcribed in accordance with **RAP 9.2(e) and (f), GR 35, and PCLGR 35**. The transcript shall be filed no later than six (6) court days prior to the scheduled hearing date.

(13) Juvenile Court Orders and Judgments. Revision of orders and judgments made by a Court Commissioner sitting in the Juvenile Court Division shall be heard by a Judge sitting in the Juvenile Court Division.

(b) Commissioners' Motions

(1) Civil Divisions A, B, C, D, P, and Ex Parte. Court Commissioners hear and decide all matters brought before these divisions as set forth below.

(A) Working Copies No Longer Required. For all Civil Divisions, working copies shall not be submitted. Except as provided in **(G)** below, every attorney and self-represented party shall each submit in advance one Hearing Information Form; family law cases shall use the Family Law Hearing Information Form **(Form T)** described in **(F)** below; other civil matters shall use the Civil Hearing Information Form **(Form U)** described in **(G)** below. Failure to timely provide the appropriate Hearing Information Form may result in the hearing being stricken or continued.

(B) Subject Matter. The Civil divisions hear the following matters:

(i) Family Law Related (Type 3 and 5):

- Family law motions and show cause proceedings, including contempt;
- Parentage actions;
- Final orders for uncontested/default dissolutions, separations, invalidity petitions, committed intimate relationships (meretricious relationships) once the trial department has determined that this relationship exists, domestic partnerships, and parenting plans;
- Petitions to modify child support;
- Determination of adequate cause on Petitions to Change Parenting Plans;
- Injunctive relief and immediate restraining orders in family law matters (for non-family law matters see **PCLR 65**);
- Temporary relocation hearings; and

- Defaults eligible for presentation in the Ex Parte Division wherein no notice is required (including uncontested finalization of dissolution, legal separation, and invalidity with attorney representation).

(ii) Civil Matters (Type 2 and 4):

- Probate, trust, guardianship/conservatorship/other protective arrangement matters (except for annual periodic reviews and initial hearings under TEDRA if live testimony is to be presented or the hearing will likely last longer than twenty minutes, which are heard by the assigned Judicial Department on its Friday motion docket);
- Pre-trial proceedings and uncontested final orders in minor guardianships;
- Minor settlements;
- Transfer of structured settlement payment rights;
- Unlawful detainer actions;
- Applications for appointment of a receiver;
- Replevin actions;
- Supplemental proceedings;
- Defaults eligible for presentation in the Ex Parte Division wherein no notice is required;
- Civil protection order hearings; and
- Ex parte matters.
- Court Commissioners do not hear discovery motions.

(C) Schedule. The **Schedule of Commissioners' Calendars** for each division is contained in Appendix, **Form Q**, and at the Pierce County Superior Court website: <http://www.co.pierce.wa.us/1024/Commissioner-Calendars-by-Division>. The Schedule of the Commissioners' Calendars may be changed without formal republication of these rules or appendices. Parties and counsel are advised to verify calendar schedules before noting matters for hearing and by viewing the Pierce County Superior Court website for any changes to the Commissioners' Calendars. Incorrectly scheduled matters may be stricken.

(D) How Motions Initiated.

(i) Attorneys shall electronically file a Note for Commissioners Calendar by using the electronic filing and scheduling process provided by LINX via the public website (<https://linxonline.co.pierce.wa.us/linxweb/Main.cfm>). This does not include civil protection order petitions which may be filed either electronically or on paper, in Room 110 of the County-City Building and at kiosks available at the Crystal Judson Family Justice Center, 718 Court E, Tacoma, and at the YWCA of Pierce County, 405 Broadway, Tacoma. There are also kiosks located throughout Pierce County.

(ii) Self-represented parties may contact the Clerk's Office for a **LINX e-filing account** to file and schedule a Note for Commissioners Calendar. If requesting a waiver of the requirement to e-file, please see **PCLGR 30(b)(5)(C)**.

(iii) See also **PCLSPR 94.04** regarding family law motions, **PCLSPR 98.04** regarding Estates and Probates, **PCLSPR 98.16W** regarding Settlements of Minors and Incapacitated Persons, **PCLSPR 98.18** regarding Court Created Trusts, **PCLSPR 98.20** regarding Guardianships, Conservatorships, and/or other protective arrangements, and **PCLSPR 98.25** regarding Minor Guardianships Pursuant to RCW 11.130 (UGA Article 2) for specific procedures about these types of motions on the Commissioners' dockets.

Waiver of Requirement to E-file. See **PCLGR 30(b)(5)(C)**.

(E) Docketing for Family Law Show Cause Calendars.

(i) Matters heard on the show cause calendar shall be docketed by electronically filing and scheduling in accordance with **PCLR 7(b)(1)(D)** a Note for Commissioner's Calendar at least fourteen (14)

calendar days before the hearing, simultaneously with a motion and/or notice of hearing and any supporting pleadings, unless this is a refile of a motion or notice of hearing previously filed in which event only the Note for Commissioner's Calendar shall be e-filed. The morning show cause cases heard shall be limited in number. Case caps shall be calculated in LINX based on the number of cases rather than the Note for Commissioner's Calendar. Leave may be granted by a duly appointed Commissioner, not a Commissioner Pro Tem, to exceed the number of cases heard on any given day in that Commissioner's Division.

(ii) Counter Motions for Morning Show Cause Calendars. In the event there is an existing motion and the responding party wishes to file a counter motion to be heard the same date they may do so without leave of the court by electronically filing and scheduling in accordance with [PCLR 7\(b\)\(1\)\(D\)](#) a Note for Commissioner's Calendar, as long as the counter motion and all supporting pleadings are filed and served at least fourteen (14) calendar days before the hearing. Any necessary Order to Show Cause for the counter motion shall be signed by the Ex Parte Division.

(iii) Confirmation of Show Cause Calendar Motions. All motions docketed for the morning show cause calendars shall be confirmed by the moving party not later than 12:00 noon two (2) court days prior to the hearing. Attorneys and any self-represented party shall confirm motions by contacting the Commissioner Services Department or electronically, through the internet by those with [LINX accounts](#) and PIN (Personal Identification Numbers), in accordance with the procedures adopted by the Pierce County Superior Court Clerk's Office. Motions filed by those persons physically confined under a court order shall be deemed confirmed at filing. The court may strike motions that are not timely confirmed.

(F) Family Law Hearing Information Form (Form T). For matters docketed on the family law show cause calendars in Civil Divisions A, B, and C, whether by Note for Commissioner's Calendar or by the Order Setting Case Schedule, the moving party and the responding party shall each file one Family Law Hearing Information Form (Form T) listing all motions, petitions, and supporting documents, including affidavits, declarations, certified statements, Guardian ad litem reports, sealed financial source documents, sealed confidential reports, and responsive and reply documents the attorneys or self-represented parties want the court to review for the hearing. Pleadings for the morning show cause calendars are subject to page limits pursuant to [PCLSPR 94.04\(c\)\(6\)](#).

Both the moving party and the responding party shall each file one Family Law Hearing Information Form (Form T) by using the Clerk's electronic filing process as defined in [PCLGR 30\(b\)\(5\)\(C\)](#) no later than 12:00 noon two (2) court days prior to the scheduled hearing. Proposed orders are addressed in (H) below.

(G) Civil Hearing Information Form (Form U). For matters docketed on the afternoon probate/trust, guardianship, sale of structured settlement, and minor settlement calendars in Civil Division A, the moving party and the responding party shall each file one Civil Hearing Information Form (Form U) listing all motions, petitions, and supporting documents, including affidavits, declarations, certified statements, Court Visitor reports, and responsive and reply documents the attorneys or self-represented parties want the court to review for the hearing. Both the moving party and the responding party shall each file one Civil Hearing Information Form (Form U) by using the Clerk's electronic filing process as defined in [PCLGR 30\(b\)\(5\)\(C\)](#) no later than 12:00 noon two (2) court days prior to the scheduled hearing. Proposed orders are addressed in (H) below.

(H) Proposed Orders. In all unlawful detainer matters, attorneys and self-represented parties shall have proposed orders prepared for presentation to the court at the time of the hearing. For probate/trust, guardianship/conservatorship/other protective arrangements, and minor settlement cases, proposed orders shall be provided when submitting the Civil Hearing Information Form (Form U).

(2) Juvenile Division Calendars. Court Commissioners hear and decide matters arising under the juvenile laws and other matters at the request of the Presiding Juvenile Court Judge, including finalization of adoptions.

(3) Civil Mental Health Division. Court Commissioners hear matters arising in this division as set forth in [PCLR 0.4\(a\)\(3\)](#), except where a trial by jury is requested. Jury trials are assigned to one of the judicial departments by the Court Administrator.

(c) Motions held before Judges or Commissioners

(1) Motions for Reconsideration. A Motion for Reconsideration shall be heard by the Judge or Commissioner who initially ruled on the motion or to the Presiding Judge or his/her designee upon a showing of good cause. Temporary assignment of the Judge or Commissioner to a location other than the courthouse shall not be considered good cause. No Motions for Reconsideration of Pro Tem Commissioners' rulings are permitted.

(2) Time for Motions for Reconsideration. A Motion for Reconsideration shall be filed within 10 days and noted for hearing within 30 days after entry of the judgment, decree, or order. The motion shall be noted on the civil motion docket of the Judge or Commissioner that heard the original motion. Though noted on the civil motion docket, no hearing on the motion will be held unless specifically requested by the Court, as per PCLR 7(c)(3). A proposed order shall be delivered along with working copies in accordance with [PCLR 7\(a\)\(7\)](#) or [7\(b\)\(1\)\(H\)](#).

(3) Disposition of Motion for Reconsideration. No response to a motion for reconsideration shall be filed unless requested by the Court. No motion for reconsideration will be granted without such a request. If a response is called for, a reply may be filed within two days of service of the response. Motions for Reconsideration will be decided on briefs and affidavits only, unless the Court requests oral argument. In that event, the Court will contact the parties to set a hearing date.

(4) Motion and Order to Shorten Time.

(A) Motions to Shorten Time. All Motions to Shorten Time shall be in writing and supported by declaration or affidavit that (a) states the reasons why the matter should be heard on shortened time and (b) sets forth the manner and method by which notice, or attempted notice, was provided to all other parties regarding presentation of the Motion to Shorten Time. If the moving party has been unable to notify all parties of the Motion to Shorten Time, it is within the judicial officer's discretion to proceed with the Motion to Shorten Time.

(B) Judicial Department Motions. If the underlying motion is to be heard by a Judge, the moving party shall contact that department's judicial assistant to obtain a date and time for the hearing on the Motion to Shorten Time. The moving party shall make a good-faith effort to notify all other parties of the date, time, and place of the hearing. The Motion to Shorten Time and the underlying motion shall be filed and served pursuant to [PCLGR 30](#), except that hard copies shall also be delivered to the assigned judicial department. If the assigned judicial department is not available to hear the Motion to Shorten Time, the matter shall be heard by the Presiding Judge. If the Presiding Judge is not available, the moving party shall contact Superior Court Administration for additional information as to which Judge can hear the Motion to Shorten Time.

(C) Commissioner Motions. If the underlying motion is to be heard by a Commissioner, the Motion to Shorten Time and the underlying motion shall be presented to the Ex Parte Division. The Motion to Shorten Time shall be heard by a duly appointed Court Commissioner and not a Commissioner Pro Tem. If granted, a copy of the Order Shortening Time and Note for Commissioner Docket shall be given to the Commissioner Services Department.

(D) Notice. The party requesting the Order to Shorten Time shall notify all other parties of the Motion to Shorten Time and the date, time, and place of the hearing on the motion. Any party opposing the Motion to Shorten Time shall appear or respond by declaration or affidavit setting forth the basis of the opposition. Failure to appear or respond to the Motion to Shorten Time does not preclude a party from requesting terms.

(E) Service. If the Motion to Shorten Time is heard without notice to other parties and granted by the appropriate judicial officer, the moving party shall provide a copy of the pleadings relating to the Motion to Shorten Time as well as to the underlying motion to all other parties as soon as possible or as otherwise directed by the Court.

(5) Reapplication. No party shall reargue the same motion to a different judicial officer without showing by affidavit what motion was previously made, when and to which judicial officer, what the order or decision was, and any new facts or other circumstances that would justify seeking a different ruling from another judicial officer.

(6) Temporary Restraining Orders and Injunctive Relief. See [PCLR 65](#).

[Amended effective September 1, 2022]

PCLR 10 FORM OF PLEADINGS

(d) Format Requirements.

(1) Handwritten Documents. To ensure access to the courts for any self-represented party, pleadings may be submitted that are legibly handwritten in black or blue ink, double spaced (unless a mandatory form authorizes the use of single spacing) using only one side of each page. Declarations shall be appropriately verified and formatted.

(2) Font Size for Typed or Computer Generated Documents. Except for footnotes, all typed or computer generated documents shall be prepared using a minimum of 12 point font and shall be double spaced, unless a mandatory form authorizes the use of single spacing.

(3) Paper color. All pleadings and working copies shall be only on white paper.

(4) Mandatory Forms. The Washington State Mandatory Forms shall be used except where a mandatory form is designated “optional,” and local forms have been promulgated by the Court or no mandatory form exists for the particular matter.

Local forms may be obtained from the Pierce County Superior Court Clerk, the Pierce County Law Library or by accessing: <https://linxonline.co.pierce.wa.us/linxweb/Forms.cfm>. State forms may be obtained by accessing: www.courts.wa.gov/forms.

(5) Preparation of Transcript from Electronic/Mechanical Recorder or Videotape. All report of proceedings produced from use of any electronic/mechanical recorder or videotaped proceedings shall be in the same form as a verbatim report as provided in [RAP 9.2\(e\) and \(f\)](#). This rule applies to all transcripts prepared from hearings before any judicial officer. This rule shall not apply to appeals on small claims cases.

(e) Briefs/Memoranda. Briefs/Memoranda shall be submitted for all hearings involving disputed questions of law. A copy shall be served on opposing counsel, and a separate copy shall be delivered to the Judge/Commissioner and marked “Working Copy.” The original shall be filed with the Pierce County Clerk and the working copy shall be delivered to the Court Administrator's Office or Commissioners Service Department, whichever is applicable, at the time the working copies are due. A fax or email transmittal of working copies shall not be acceptable delivery.

(f) Required Language in Pleadings Relating to Supplemental Proceedings and Show Cause Hearings for Contempt. In all supplemental proceedings wherein a show cause order is to be issued requiring the personal attendance of a party to be examined in open court, and in orders to show cause for contempt, the order shall include the following words in capital letters:

YOUR FAILURE TO APPEAR AS SET FORTH AT THE TIME, DATE AND PLACE DESIGNATED SHALL CAUSE THE COURT TO ISSUE A BENCH WARRANT FOR YOUR APPREHENSION AND CONFINEMENT IN JAIL UNTIL SUCH TIME AS THE MATTER CAN BE HEARD.

No bench warrant shall be issued for the apprehension of the cited person if such language has been omitted. All orders directing the issuance of a warrant and all warrants in such matters shall provide that the cited person shall be brought before the presiding officer of the division or department signing the order.

[Amended effective September 1, 2010]

PCLR 11 SIGNING AND DRAFTING OF PLEADINGS, MOTIONS AND LEGAL MEMORANDA; SANCTIONS

(c) Address of Self Represented Party. A self-represented party shall state the following information on the pleadings, notice of appearance, and other documents filed: the person's mailing address and street address where service of process and other papers may be served unless that information is made confidential by statute; the person's telephone number; and an email address.

(d) Change of Address. Any self-represented party or attorney changing their address, including an email address, shall immediately serve all parties and file, in each case, a Notice of Change of Address. The **Notice of Change of Address** shall contain the case heading and otherwise be as set forth in Appendix, **Form J**.

[Amended effective September 1, 2021]

PCLR 15 AMENDED AND SUPPLEMENTAL PLEADINGS

(e) Interlineations. No interlineations, corrections or deletions shall be made in any paper after it is signed by the judicial officer or filed with the clerk. Any such mark made prior to filing shall be initialed and dated by all persons signing the document.

[Amended effective September 1, 2010]

PCLR 16 PRETRIAL AND SETTLEMENT PROCEDURES

(a) Designated Judge. Except in the case of family law matters or unless otherwise provided for herein, the judicial department to whom the case is assigned at the time of filing shall hear all pretrial matters.

(b) Pretrial Procedure.

(1) Pretrial Conferences. The lead trial attorney of each party represented by an attorney and each self-represented party shall attend the pretrial conference. The conference shall include those matters set forth in **CR 16** as well as any other matters that might result in a speedy, just and economical resolution of the case.

(2) Exchange of Exhibit and Witness Lists. In cases governed by an Order Setting Case Schedule pursuant to **PCLR 3**, the parties shall exchange: (A) lists of the witnesses whom each party expects to call at trial; (B) lists of the exhibits that each party expects to offer at trial, except for exhibits to be used only for impeachment; and (C) copies of all documentary exhibits except for those items agreed to by counsel and self-represented parties, such as identical copies of items already produced to avoid unnecessary duplication. Counsel and self-represented parties are encouraged to ascertain that each has full and complete copies of any document to be presented at trial to avoid unnecessary duplication expenses. In addition, non-documentary exhibits shall be made available for inspection by all other parties no later than fourteen (14) days before trial. Failure to comply with this rule shall be subject to the provisions of **PCLR(3)(I)**.

(3) Pretrial Motions. All such motions shall be served, filed and heard pursuant to **PCLR 7**; provided that no pretrial dispositive motions shall be heard after the cutoff date provided in the Order Setting Case Schedule except by order of the court and for good cause shown.

(4) Joint Statement of Evidence. In cases governed by an Order Setting Case Schedule pursuant to **PCLR 3** the parties shall file a Joint Statement of Evidence containing (A) a list of the witnesses whom each party expects to call at trial and (B) a list of the exhibits that each party expects to offer at trial. The

Joint Statement of Evidence shall contain a notation for each exhibit as to whether all parties agree as to the exhibit's authenticity and admissibility.

(5) Trial Briefs. The following procedures and restrictions shall be followed regarding the filing of trial briefs. Nothing in this rule requires the filing of a trial brief.

(A) Time of filing. The parties shall file trial briefs with the court no later than noon three court days before the scheduled start of the trial. For example, if trial is scheduled for a Monday start, the trial brief shall be filed with the court no later than Wednesday at 12 noon the preceding week. The parties shall also contemporaneously deliver a working copy of the brief to the judicial department to which the case is assigned for trial, and to opposing counsel or pro se litigant.

(B) Length of brief. Trial briefs shall not exceed 24 pages in length, including attachments, absent prior authority of the court.

(6) Failure to comply. Failure to comply with the terms of this section may result in the court striking all or a portion of the trial brief or other appropriate sanctions.

(c) Alternative Dispute Resolution. Some form of Alternative Dispute Resolution ("ADR") is required in all cases prior to trial except as noted otherwise below.

(1) Non-Family Law Cases and Family Law Cases Without Children. At least 30 days prior to trial the parties shall each submit a certification or declaration that they have participated in one or more types of ADR, including, but not limited to: formal negotiations that included an exchange of written proposals; private settlement conference; arbitration; or mediation.

(2) Family Law Cases Involving Children. Judicial Officers shall make themselves available for settlement conferences in dissolutions, paternity cases involving petition/motion for establishment of residential schedule or parenting plan, post-dissolution petitions for modification of custody and related Family Law matters which are exempt from mandatory ADR unless ordered by the Assigned Judge for the purpose of resolving the parenting plan/residential schedule. The attorney or self-represented party may utilize an alternative dispute resolution process to satisfy the settlement conference requirement.

(A) Status Conference. A mandatory status conference will be scheduled by LINX at 8:45 am 8 weeks prior to the trial date. The court will conduct the status conference to determine the issues that remain to be tried. A settlement conference will be scheduled up to two weeks prior to trial only if the parenting plan/residential schedule remains at issue. The court will issue an order on status conference and setting settlement conference at the status conference. Cases that have settled the parenting plan/residential schedule but have not settled property distribution must submit a certification or declaration that the parties participated in ADR as required in [PCLR 16\(c\)\(1\)](#).

(B) Scheduling and Submission of Materials. The settlement conference date and time shall be set by the assigned trial judge at the time of the mandatory status conference. Superior Court Administration shall assign judicial officers and pro tem judges to the settlement conference dockets.

Each attorney and/or self-represented party shall prepare a proposed parenting plan/residential schedule and a [Domestic Relations Information Form](#) and submit the same to Superior Court Administration and opposing counsel or opposing self-represented party not later than two (2) court days prior to the settlement conference. See Appendix, [Form E](#). A fax or email transmittal of working copies shall not be acceptable delivery. This form may be supplemented.

(C) Attendance. Parties shall attend the settlement conference. Attendance may be excused, in advance, by the settlement judicial officer for good cause. Failure to attend may result in the imposition of terms and sanctions as the judicial officer deems appropriate.

(D) Proceedings Privileged. Proceedings of the settlement conferences shall, in all respects, be privileged and not reported or recorded. Without disclosing any communications made at the settlement conference, the settlement conference Judicial Officer may advise the assigned judicial department in writing

as to whether the use of further or alternative dispute resolution procedures, or the appointment of additional investigators or the development of additional evidence would be advisable prior to trial.

(E) Settlement of Case. When a settlement has been reached, the settlement agreement or partial agreement shall be placed on the record or reduced to writing.

(F) Disqualification. A Judicial Officer presiding over a settlement conference shall be disqualified from acting as the trial Judge in that matter, unless all parties agree in writing.

(G) Withdrawal of Attorney. If any attorney withdraws and a settlement conference has been scheduled or is required to be scheduled by the existing case schedule, the withdrawing attorney shall inform his/her client of the date, time and location of the settlement conference, as well as a brief explanation of the process, including how to schedule a settlement conference and expectations.

(H) Waivers of ADR in Family Law Matters for DV, Child Abuse or other Good Cause. Upon motion and approval of the Assigned Judge [not the settlement conference judge], ADR, including settlement conferences, may be waived in Family Law cases involving domestic violence and/or child abuse or for other good cause shown:

(i) Where a Domestic Violence Restraining Order or Protection Order (excluding Ex-Parte orders) involving the parties has been entered by a court at any time within the previous twelve (12) months; or

(ii) Where a Domestic Violence or other No Contact order involving the parties exists pursuant to [RCW 10.99](#), or has been in effect within the past twelve (12) months; or

(iii) Where the court upon motion finds that allegations of domestic violence or other abuse between the parties are such that it would not be appropriate to mandate alternative dispute resolution; or

(iv) Where the court upon motion finds that allegations of child abuse involving at least one of the parties are such that it would not be appropriate to mandate alternative dispute resolution; or

(v) For other good cause shown.

Motions for Waivers of ADR in Family Law must be brought in accordance with the provisions of [PCLR 7](#). The Motion to Waive Mandatory Settlement Conference shall contain the case heading and otherwise be as set forth in Appendix, Form R.

(3) Cases Exempt from Alternative Dispute Resolution. The following cases are exempt from participating in an alternative dispute resolution process: LUPA, RALJ, ALR, child support cases, trials de novo after arbitration and family law cases in which a waiver was granted pursuant to [PCLR 16\(c\)\(2\)\(G\)](#).

[Amended effective September 1, 2021]

PCLR 19 JOINDER

(a) Scope. This rule shall apply to all cases governed by an Order Setting Case Schedule pursuant to [PCLR 3](#).

(b) Additional Parties, Claims, and Defenses. No additional parties may be joined, and no additional claims or defenses may be raised, after the date designated in the Order Setting Case Schedule for Confirmation of Joinder of Additional Parties, Claims and Defenses, unless the court orders otherwise for good cause and subject to such conditions as justice requires.

(c) Confirmation of Joinder; Form. No later than the designated deadline for joining additional parties and raising additional claims and defenses, as described in section (b) above, the plaintiff shall, after conferring with all other attorneys or any self-represented party pursuant to paragraph (d) of this rule, file with the Pierce County Clerk and with the assigned judicial department, and serve by mail upon the opposing counsel or any self-represented party, a report entitled [Confirmation of Joinder of Parties, Claims, and Defenses](#), which will contain the case heading and otherwise be as set forth in Appendix, [Form F](#).

(d) Parties to Confer in Completing Form. The plaintiff shall confer with all other parties in completing the form. This may be in person or by telephone but requires actual contact with the attorney of record or self-represented party.

(e) Cases Subject to Arbitration. If a statement of arbitrability pursuant to [PCLSCCAR 2.1](#) is filed on or before the deadline for filing the Confirmation of Joinder of Parties, Claims and Defenses, the Confirmation of Joinder need not be filed and no status conference will be held.

[Amended effective September 1, 2020]

PCLR 26 DISCOVERY: DISCLOSURE OF POSSIBLE LAY AND EXPERT WITNESSES

(a) Scope. This rule shall apply to all cases governed by an Order Setting Case Schedule pursuant to [PCLR 3](#).

(b) Disclosure of Primary Witnesses. Each party shall, no later than the date for disclosure designated in the Order Setting Case Schedule, disclose all persons with relevant factual or expert knowledge whom the party reserves the option to call as witnesses at trial.

(c) Disclosure of Rebuttal Witnesses. Each party shall, no later than the date for disclosure designated in the Order Setting Case Schedule, disclose all persons whose knowledge did not appear relevant until the primary witnesses were disclosed and whom the party reserves the option to call as witnesses at trial.

(d) Scope of Disclosure. Disclosure of witnesses under this rule shall include the following information:

(1) All Witnesses. Name, address and phone number.

(2) Lay Witnesses. A brief description of the witness's relevant knowledge.

(3) Experts. A summary of the expert's anticipated opinions and the basis therefore and a brief description of the expert's qualifications or a copy of curriculum vitae if available. For the purposes of this rule, treating physicians shall be considered expert as well as fact witnesses.

(e) Discovery Not Limited/Additional Witness Identified. This rule does not modify a party's responsibility to timely supplement responses to discovery requests or otherwise to comply with discovery before the deadlines set by this rule or by other civil rules.

(f) Interrogatories. The number of interrogatories is limited depending on track assignment. See [PCLR 3\(h\)](#).

[Amended effective September 1, 2014]

PCLR 38 JURY TRIALS

(a) Jury Trials. No case will be set for trial by jury unless the jury fee has been paid or waived by court order and all other requirements of statutes or court rules have been satisfied.

(b) Demand for Jury. In cases governed by an Order Setting Case Schedule pursuant to [PCLR 3](#), a jury demand must be filed and served no later than the date set in the Order Setting Case Schedule, which shall be deemed the date on which the case is called to be set for trial within the meaning of [CR 38\(b\)](#).

[Amended effective September 1, 2011]

PCLR 40 ASSIGNMENTS OF CASES TO JUDICIAL DEPARTMENTS

(a) Presiding Judge in Charge. Assignment of cases shall be the responsibility of the Court Administrator under the supervision of the Presiding Judge.

(b) Authority of Judicial Departments. The case shall be assigned to a judicial department at the time of filing and once so assigned shall remain in such judicial department for all future proceedings unless returned to the Court Administrator by the judicial department for reassignment. The assigned judicial department will hear such pretrial motions as are subsequently noted. Each judicial department maintains its own hearing and trial docket.

(c) Trial Dates. Except in those cases governed by an Order Setting Case Schedule pursuant to [PCLR 3](#), following the filing of a lawsuit or appeal from a court of limited jurisdiction, the matter shall be set for trial upon request of counsel. A [Note for Trial Setting](#) shall be filed at least seven (7) court days prior to the date fixed for assignment to bring the matter before the court. In cases governed by an Order Setting Case Schedule pursuant to [PCLR 3](#), the trial date shall be listed in the Order Setting Case Schedule. The trial date may be changed only as provided in section [\(g\)](#) of this rule.

(d) Trial Dates - Family Law Cases. When a new family law case is filed, except for petitions to modify a parenting plan or petition for parenting plan/child support, a petitioner in a family law case shall be provided with an Order Setting Case Schedule – Family Law by the clerk. This order shall (1) assign the case to a trial judicial department and (2) set a date by which a trial date shall be obtained. The [Order Setting Case Schedule – Family Law](#) shall contain the case heading and otherwise be as set forth in Appendix, [Form I](#).

On the assignment for trial date, either party may appear before the assigned judicial department to obtain an Order Setting Case Schedule. Whichever party obtains the Order Setting Case Schedule shall serve a copy of the Case Schedule on all other parties. Pursuant to [PCLR 5](#), the original of the [Confirmation of Service](#), in Appendix, [Form D](#) shall be filed with the Pierce County Clerk no later than the date designated in the Order Setting Case Schedule, with a copy delivered to the judicial department to which the case is assigned. Assignment of the trial date shall conform to the dissolution track, [PCLR 3\(g\)](#).

If neither party appears on the date set for assignment for trial date, the case shall be dismissed without prejudice.

Once a response to the petition has been filed, any party may request the assignment of a trial date by filing a note for assignment at least seven (7) court days prior to the date fixed for assignment to bring the matter before the court.

Petitions to Modify Parenting Plan shall be assigned to Family Court and issued an Order Setting Case Schedule at filing pursuant to [PCLSPR 94.04\(g\)](#).

(e) Reassignment for Inability to Hear.

(1) Preassigned Matter. If the assigned judicial department is unable to hear a preassigned matter, the Court may transfer that case to the Court Administrator for reassignment.

(2) Trial Date. In the event the judicial department is unable to hear a case on the date set because of a conflicting schedule, the case may be transferred to the Court Administrator for reassignment.

(3) Remain Available. While awaiting such reassignment, litigants and their witnesses shall remain available until such time as they are excused by the Court Administrator or designee.

(4) No Available Judicial Department. If it is not possible for the Court Administrator to reassign a case due to the lack of an available judicial department, the case shall be returned to the previously assigned trial department. The court shall issue an Order Amending Case Schedule which shall only contain the following dates: Joint Statement of Evidence, Pretrial Conference and Trial Date. Additional dates may be added to the Order Amending Case Schedule upon order of the court.

(f) Change of Judge (Notice of Disqualification).

(1) Judges. To seek disqualification of a judge, a Notice and Order on Request of Disqualification of Judge ([Form V](#)) shall be presented to the Judge against whom the notice of disqualification is made. It shall be in conformity with [RCW 4.12.040](#) and [4.12.050](#), and be presented pursuant to [RCW 4.12.050](#) and [CR 40\(f\)](#). Upon being presented with a timely notice of disqualification, the Judge shall sign the notice and order on request of disqualification of judge and, if necessary, transfer the action to a different judicial department.

(2) Commissioners. A notice of disqualification with reference to Court Commissioners shall not be recognized, the remedy of a party being a motion for revision under [RCW 2.24.050](#).

(g) Change of Trial Date.

(1) Cases Not Governed by an Order Setting Case Schedule. In cases not governed by an Order Setting Case Schedule pursuant to **PCLR 3**, a motion to continue a case already on the trial calendar shall be in writing, supported by an affidavit or declaration under penalty of perjury showing sufficient grounds therefore. If a motion for continuance is granted, the court may impose terms and conditions on the moving party and may set a new trial date. The moving party shall present a written order for entry.

(2) Cases Governed by an Order Setting Case Schedule.

(A) Limited Adjustment of Trial Date to Resolve Schedule Conflict. In cases that are governed by an Order Setting Case Schedule pursuant to **PCLR 3**, the trial date may be adjusted, prior to the Deadline for Filing Motions to Adjust Trial Date, by written agreement of counsel and the parties and the court or by court order upon motion by a party, but only to a date no more than 30 days before or 30 days after the trial date listed in the original Order Setting Case Schedule, or as otherwise ordered by the court. The new trial date shall not be selected without first consulting with the judicial department's judicial assistant in order to accommodate the court's calendar. On the court's own motion prior to the Deadline for Filing Motions to Adjust Trial Date the trial date may be adjusted to a date no more than 120 days before or 120 days after the trial date listed in the original Order Setting Case Schedule to accommodate the court's civil and criminal calendars and to attempt to insure trial on the day scheduled.

(B) Continuance of Trial Date. A request to change the trial date to a date more than 30 days before or after the original trial date shall be made by motion and will not be granted unless the motion is supported by a showing of good cause. The new trial date shall not be selected without first consulting with the judicial department's judicial assistant in order to accommodate the Court's calendar. If a motion to change the trial date is made after the Deadline to Adjust Trial Date, the motion will not be granted except under extraordinary circumstances where there is no alternative means of preventing a substantial injustice. A continuance may be granted subject to such conditions as justice requires. If an attorney moves for a continuance of the trial date under this subsection, the motion shall not be considered unless it is signed by both the attorney and the client or it contains a certification from the attorney that the client has been advised of the motion to continue the trial date as well as the basis for the motion and that the client agrees with the motion to continue.

(C) Notice of Change of Trial Date. In the event a party is not present at the time of hearing the motion to change the trial date, the party or parties requesting the change shall serve the absent party or parties with a conformed copy of the Order Amending Case Schedule within five (5) days.

[Amended effective September 1, 2021]

PCLR 41 DISMISSAL OF ACTIONS

(a) – (d) Reserved.

(e) Notice of Settlements.

(1) Notice of Settlement. After any settlement that fully resolves all claims against all parties, the parties shall jointly file, within five (5) days or before the next scheduled court hearing, whichever is sooner, a written notice of settlement. Where such written notice cannot be filed before the trial date, the assigned judicial department shall be notified of the settlement by telephone, or orally in open court, to be confirmed by filing and serving the written notice of settlement within five (5) days.

(2) Form of Notice. The **Notice of Settlement of All Claims Against All Parties** shall contain the case heading and otherwise be as set forth in Appendix, **Form G**.

(3) Dismissal on Court's Motion. If an order disposing of all claims against all parties is not entered within 90 days after the written notice of settlement is filed, the court shall dismiss the matter unless good cause is shown upon motion and order.

(4) Agreement by Stipulation. If the parties have reached agreement and file a stipulation with the court, and the completion or execution of the agreement will take more than 90 days to complete, an order of the court is required as set forth in subsection (e)(3) of this rule.

[Amended effective September 1, 2022]

PCLR 42 CONSOLIDATION

(a) Consolidation. Motions for consolidation must be brought in the judicial department assigned to the cause number filed first in time. If there is no judge currently assigned to the case, the motion shall be brought in front of the presiding judge. Motions for consolidation shall clearly identify the other cause numbers involved and the judicial department currently assigned to those cases. Cases of different case types may not be consolidated, but may be linked and have a joint trial on some or all issues with other cause numbers at the discretion of the court.

[Effective September 1, 2021]

PCLR 56 SUMMARY JUDGMENT. See **PCLR 7(a)(8)** regarding Summary Judgment page limits.

[Effective September 1, 2014]

PCLR 59 MOTIONS FOR RECONSIDERATION. See **PCLR 7(c)** regarding time for filing, responsive pleadings and oral argument requirements on reconsideration.

[Amended effective September 1, 2017]

PCLR 65 TEMPORARY RESTRAINING ORDERS AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF

Family law matters. A party requesting an Ex Parte Temporary Restraining Order/Order to Show Cause or other temporary injunctive relief under **CR 65** in a family law matter shall present the proposed order to the Ex Parte Division. Notice shall be given pursuant to **CR 65(b)**. If the injunctive relief or temporary restraining order is granted, the hearing shall be set in accordance with the timing requirements of **CR 65(b)** and shall be heard in Civil Division A, B or C as assigned by the Ex Parte Division or by the judicial department which ruled on the initial request for relief. In the interim, the adverse party may move to have the order set aside prior to the hearing in accordance with the time limits set forth in **CR 65(b)**. Such motion shall be heard in Civil Division A, B or C as assigned by the Ex Parte Division or by the judicial department which ruled on the initial request for relief.

Non-family law matters. In non-family law matters, a party requesting a temporary restraining order/preliminary injunctive relief under **CR 65** shall present the proposed order to the Superior Court Presiding Judge. Notice shall be given pursuant to **CR 65(b)**. The Presiding Judge shall grant, deny, refer the matter to the assigned judicial department, or if not assigned to a department, refer the matter to court administration for assignment to a judicial department. If the injunctive relief or temporary restraining order is granted, the hearing shall be set in accordance with the timing requirements of **CR 65(b)** and may be heard before the judicial officer who ruled on the requested order, referred to the judicial department to which the case has already been assigned, or if not assigned to a judicial department, then referred to administration for assignment to a judicial department. In the interim, the adverse party may move to have the order set aside prior to the hearing in accordance with the time limits set forth in **CR 65(b)**. Such motion shall be heard by the judicial department which ruled in the initial request for relief.

In all cases, the time period for hearing the preliminary injunction or temporary restraining order may be extended in accordance with **CR 65(b)**.

[Amended effective September 1, 2016]

PCLR 71 WITHDRAWAL BY ATTORNEY

(a) – (b) Reserved.

(c) Withdrawal by Notice. Except as provided in **CR 71(b)** and **71(d)**, an attorney may withdraw by notice in the manner provided in this section.

(1) Notice of Intent To Withdraw. The attorney shall file and serve a Notice of Intent to Withdraw on all other parties in the proceeding. The notice shall specify a date when the attorney intends to withdraw, which date shall be at least 10 days after the service of the Notice of Intent To Withdraw. The notice shall include a statement that the withdrawal shall be effective without order of court unless an objection to the withdrawal is served upon the withdrawing attorney prior to the date set forth in the notice. If notice is given before trial, the notice shall include the date set for trial. If trial is not yet set, the notice shall include the date(s) of any mandatory future proceeding dates, including any mandatory court review, under **PCLR 3**. The notice shall include the names and last known addresses of the persons represented by the withdrawing attorney, unless disclosure of the address would violate the Rules of Professional Conduct, in which case the address may be omitted. If the address is omitted, the notice must contain a statement that after the attorney withdraws, and so long as the address of the withdrawing attorney's client remains undisclosed and no new attorney is substituted, the client may be served by leaving papers with the clerk of the court pursuant to **CR 5(b)(1)**.

(d) Reserved.

[Effective September 1, 2012]

PCLR 83 LOCAL RULES OF COURT – CIVIL

(a) Adoption/Amendment of Local Rules

(1) Local Rules Committee. The Local Rules Committee (see **PCLR 0.6(a)**), shall be responsible for promulgation and/or review of all proposed local rules or amendments thereto.

(2) Changes to Rules. Substantive changes to local rules proposed by any other committee of the Bench or Bar shall be referred to the Local Rules Committee for review and initial approval.

(3) Submission to County Bar Association. Upon initial approval by the Local Rules Committee, that Committee shall forward the text of the proposed rule/amendment to the Tacoma-Pierce County Bar Association for dissemination to the members of the Tacoma-Pierce County Bar Association for comments, criticisms or objections.

(4) Comments. The Local Rules Committee shall consider all comments, criticisms and objections. It shall then make any changes to the proposed rules that it deems necessary. It shall then present any proposed rules/amendments to a meeting of the Judges for their consideration.

[Amended effective September 1, 2010]

PCLR 85 TITLE OF RULES. These rules shall be known and cited as the Pierce County Superior Court Local Court Civil Rules. PCLR is the official abbreviation.

[Amended effective September 1, 2010]

PCLR 86 Effective Dates. These rules shall become effective June 1, 1990. The effective date of the amendments is September 1, 1995; July 1, 1996; July 2, 1996; July 1, 1997; September 1, 1998; September 1, 1999; May 15, 2000 on an emergency basis; September 1, 2000; September 1, 2001, September 1, 2002; December 2, 2002 on an emergency basis; September 1, 2003; September 1, 2004; September 4, 2004; September 24, 2004 on an emergency basis; September 1, 2005; September 1, 2006; September 1, 2007; July 1, 2008 and September 1, 2008; June 1, 2009 on an emergency basis; September 1, 2009; September 1, 2010; September 1, 2011; September 4, 2012; September 3, 2013; September 2, 2014; September 1,

2015; September 1, 2016; December 1, 2016 on an emergency basis; September 1, 2017; September 1, 2018; September 1, 2019; and September 1, 2020; September 1, 2021; and September 1, 2022.

■ **SPECIAL PROCEEDINGS RULES – PCLSPR**

PCLSPR 93.04 ADOPTIONS

(a) Where and When Heard. All adoption hearings and motions shall be heard every Friday morning commencing at 9:00 a.m. at Pierce County Superior Court, Juvenile Division, located at Remann Hall. Ex Parte and emergency motions can be heard at such dates and times pursuant to procedures promulgated by Juvenile Court and available at the Clerk's Office, Building A, Remann Hall.

(b) How Initiated. The moving party shall docket these matters by filing a Note for Juvenile Court Calendar at least six (6) court days in advance of the hearing date unless otherwise required for the hearing by law.

(c) Appointment and Notice to Adoption Investigator. Upon the filing of any initial pleadings for adoption of a minor child, including any preplacement reports, the Pierce County Superior Court Clerk shall generate the Order Appointing the Pierce County Adoption Investigator. Copies of all initial pleadings, including any preplacement reports, shall be immediately delivered to the Adoption Investigator. Copies of all Notes for Juvenile Court Calendar, motions for temporary custody, termination or relinquishment of parental rights or for the entry of a Decree of Adoption of a minor child shall be served upon the Adoption Investigator in conformity with paragraph (b) above.

(d) Preplacement Reports. No order approving voluntary relinquishment of parental rights shall be considered unless a preplacement report has been filed pursuant to statute. Said preplacement report shall be prepared by those authorized by statute.

(e) Postplacement Reports. The Pierce County Adoption Investigator shall provide a postplacement report to the court prior to any adoption of a minor child being finalized, unless the court authorizes an alternate person or adoption agency. No person shall provide postplacement services in a private or independent adoption until authorized by the court. Unless otherwise ordered by the court, the adoption agency having legal custody of the child may be appointed to prepare the postplacement report required by statute. In the event the court authorizes an alternate person or adoption agency to prepare the postplacement report, said report shall be immediately delivered to the Pierce County Adoption Investigator for his/her review and approval.

(f) Disclosure of Fees and Costs. A completed financial disclosure declaration shall be filed by the petitioner and considered by the court at any hearing that may result in the termination of parental rights, award of temporary custody or entry of an adoption decree.

[Amended effective September 1, 2010]

PCLSPR 94.04 FAMILY LAW PROCEEDINGS

(a) Contested Matters. Before all final hearings or trials in contested dissolution, invalidity, legal separation, committed intimate relationship (meretricious relationship or domestic partnership cases) each party shall file and serve on the opposing party a Domestic Relations Information Form approved by the Court. See Appendix, **Form E**, Domestic Relations Information Form, approved by the Court. The Domestic Relations Information Form shall be filed and served two (2) court days prior to the scheduled final hearing or trial. Such information shall be verified under oath.

(b) Uncontested Applications for Marital Dissolution, Decree of Invalidity or Legal Separation, Committed Intimate Relationships (Meretricious Relationships), Parenting Plans, or Domestic Partnerships.

(1) Presentation of Final Documents. At the time of final hearing of any uncontested dissolution, invalidity, legal separation, committed intimate relationship (meretricious relationship), parenting plan, or domestic partnership, the attorney for the applicant or the self-represented party shall present to the court for signature appropriate Findings and Conclusions, Final Order, Child Support Order, Child Support Worksheets, Residential Time Summary, and Parenting Plan/Residential Schedule, if applicable.

(2) Hearings to Finalize with Attorneys. For parties represented by an attorney, all agreed or unopposed presentations of final documents shall be submitted via e-filing pursuant to the current **ex parte policy**. For dissolutions and legal separations only, at the time of e-filing, the Findings and Conclusions or a separate verification shall be signed under penalty of perjury by the Petitioner in the form set forth below. In the event there has been an appearance by the Respondent, but the Respondent agrees to the entry of the final papers as proposed, both the Petitioner and Respondent shall sign the Findings and Conclusions under penalty of perjury in the form set forth below. If Respondent has previously signed a joinder, only the verification of Petitioner is required.

Declaration(s) under penalty of perjury shall be as follows:

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Washington that the following is true and correct:

I am the Petitioner in this case and I have read the foregoing Findings and Conclusions about a Marriage, Final Order (Dissolution/Legal Separation Decree), Child Support Order, Child Support Worksheets, and Parenting Plan (if applicable), and they are true and accurate to the best of my knowledge. I am not seeking any relief beyond that specifically requested in the Petition. The support requested, if any, is in compliance with the Child Support Schedule. The spouse/other domestic partner is not pregnant and no other children have been born to the spouse/other domestic partner since the date of marriage that have not been disclosed in the Findings and Conclusions and Final Parenting Plan. The State of Washington has been notified of this case as required by the court rules if either party or the children are receiving or have ever received state cash assistance or medical public assistance or State health insurance.

Signed at _____, _____ on _____.
City State Date

Petitioner's Signature

And if agreed by Respondent, add the following declaration:

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Washington that the following is true and correct:

I am the Respondent in this case and I have read the foregoing Findings and Conclusions, Final Order (Dissolution/Legal Separation Decree), Child Support Order, Child Support Worksheets, and Parenting Plan (if applicable,) and they are true and accurate to the best of my knowledge. I am not seeking any relief beyond that specifically requested in the petition. The support requested, if any, is in compliance with the Child Support Schedule. The spouse/other domestic partner is not pregnant and no other children have been born to the spouse/other domestic partner since the date of marriage that have not been disclosed in the Findings and Conclusions and Final Parenting Plan. The State of Washington has been notified of this case as required by the court rules if either party or the children are receiving or have ever received state cash assistance or medical public assistance or State health insurance.

Signed at _____, _____ on _____.
City State Date

Respondent's Signature

(3) Finalization without Attorney Representation. Uncontested/default dissolutions, invalidity, legal separation, committed intimate relationships (meretricious relationships), or domestic partnerships for self-represented parties are conducted every Friday morning. The moving party shall docket these matters by filing a Note for Commissioner's Calendar - Uncontested Docket seven (7) court days before the hearing date, subject to case limits. No personal appearances as all hearings shall be conducted using interrogatories instead of testimony. The interrogatories form is found at the following website: <https://www.co.pierce.wa.us/DocumentCenter/View/90544/Interrogatories-with-Declaration>. Proposed orders shall be submitted to Family Court Services in-person or by mail to Pierce County Superior Court, Attn: Family Court Services, 930 Tacoma Ave S, Rm 334, Tacoma, WA 98402. Pattern Forms can be found at the Washington Courts website: <http://www.courts.wa.gov/forms/>. If, after review, the Commissioner finds that the court filings or the proposed orders are deficient, a written deficiency order shall be prepared and filed by the Commissioner. If the Commissioner determines that a personal appearance is necessary, a hearing shall be scheduled and the parties will be notified by court staff.

(4) Reconciliation

(A) Notice of Reconciliation. In the event the parties reconcile or mutually agree they wish to attempt a reconciliation, they shall jointly file in the Clerk's Office a Joint Notice of Reconciliation as set forth in Appendix, **Form H**, and the parties shall no longer have to comply with the Order Setting Case Schedule requirements of **PCLR 3**; provided that the matter shall automatically be dismissed by the court six months from the date of the notice unless an amended petition has been filed.

(B) Amended Petition. In all dissolution, invalidity, legal separation, committed intimate relationship (meretricious relationship), or domestic partnership actions where the parties have reconciled, and the reconciliation fails, an amended petition shall be filed and personally served unless otherwise authorized.

(c) Family Law Motions.

(1) How Initiated. All motions (except discovery motions which are heard on the Judges' motion docket) shall be docketed by filing a Note for Commissioner's Calendar at least fourteen (14) calendar days before the hearing, simultaneously with a Motion and any supporting pleadings, unless this is a re-note of a motion or notice for hearing previously filed, in which event only the Note for Commissioner's Calendar and Family Law Hearing Information Form T shall be filed. The hearing shall be heard on the basis of affidavit and/or declaration. All parties and attorneys shall electronically file a Note for Commissioners Calendar by using the electronic filing and scheduling process provided by LINX via the public website (<https://linxonline.co.pierce.wa.us/linxweb/Main.cfm>). Self-represented parties may contact the Clerk's Office for a **LINX e-filing account** to file and schedule a Note for Commissioners Calendar. If requesting a waiver of the requirement to e-file, please see **PCLGR 30(b)(5)(C)**.

(2) Daily case cap. Cases heard shall be limited in number. Case caps shall be calculated based on the number of cases rather than the Note for Commissioner's Calendar. Leave may be granted by a duly appointed Commissioner, not a Commissioner Pro Tem, to exceed the number of cases heard on any given day in that Commissioner's Division.

(3) Counter Motions. In the event there is an existing motion or adequate cause hearing and the responding party wishes to file a counter motion to be heard the same date they may do so without leave of the court by e-filing a Note for Commissioner's Calendar, as long as the counter motion and all supporting pleadings are filed and served a minimum of fourteen (14) calendar days before the hearing. Any necessary

Order to Show Cause shall be timely presented to the Ex Parte Division via e-filing pursuant to the current **ex parte policy**. The Note for Commissioner's Calendar shall be electronically filed and scheduled in accordance with **PCLSPR 94.04(c)(1)**.

(4) Notice and Hearing. Copies of the motion, counter motion, e-filed Note for Commissioner's Calendar, Notice of Adequate Cause, if applicable, together with all supporting documents including affidavits, declarations, certified statements, exhibits, and any other materials to be considered by the court, shall be served on all counsel and any self-represented party at least fourteen (14) calendar days before the hearing. Response documents, including briefs or memoranda, if any, shall be filed with the Clerk and copies served on all parties and attorneys no later than 12:00 noon four (4) court days prior to the hearing time; and documents in strict reply to the motion shall be similarly filed and served no later than 12:00 noon two (2) court days prior to the hearing. No motion shall be heard unless written proof of service upon the opposing party is filed no later than the time set forth for confirmation of motions under **PCLR 7(a)(9)** or there is an admission of such service by the opposing party. Electronic service under **PCLGR 30** does not excuse this requirement to file written proof of service.

(5) Family Law Hearing Information Form (Form T). For matters docketed on the family law show cause calendars in Civil Divisions A, B, and C whether by Note for Commissioner's Calendar or by the Order Setting Case Schedule, the moving party and the responding party shall each file one Family Law Hearing Information Form (Form T) listing all motions, petitions, and supporting documents, including affidavits, declarations, certified statements, guardian ad litem reports, and responsive reply documents the attorneys or self-represented parties want the court to review for the hearing. Failure to timely provide the appropriate Hearing Information Form T may result in the hearing being stricken or continued. Working copies no longer shall be delivered or furnished for any Commissioner's docket.

Both the moving party and the responding party shall each file one Family Law Hearing Information Form (**Form T**) by using the Clerk's electronic filing process as defined in **PCLGR 30(b)(5)(C)**, no later than 12:00 noon two (2) court days prior to the scheduled hearing. Proposed orders are addressed in (9) below.

(6) Page Limits

(A) Generally. Absent prior authorization from the court, the entirety of all declarations and affidavits from the parties and any non-expert witness in support of motions (except financial declarations), including any reply, shall be limited to a sum total of 20 pages for all motions scheduled for the same date. Prior authorization to exceed page limits under PCLSPR 94.04(c)(6) shall initially be presented to the Ex Parte Division via e-filing pursuant to the current **ex parte policy** and that Division shall determine whether the matter needs to be referred to the assigned Commissioner. The entirety of all declarations and affidavits submitted in response to motions shall be limited to a sum total of 20 pages for all motions scheduled for the same date. In those cases having more than one moving party, the entirety of all declarations and affidavits from each party in support of their respective motions (except financial declarations), shall be limited to a sum total of 20 pages per side.

(B) Exhibits. Exhibits that consist of declarations or affidavits of party's witnesses shall count towards the above page limits. All other exhibits attached to a declaration or affidavit shall be limited to 10 pages.

(C) Financial Declarations and Information for Temporary Parenting Plans. Financial declarations and financial documents as well as the mandatory Information for Temporary Parenting Plan form do not count toward the page limit.

(D) Expert Reports and Evaluations. Declarations, affidavits, and reports from Court Appointed Special Advocates (CASA), Parenting Investigators, Guardians ad Litem, Family Court Services (FCS), expert witnesses, police reports, and out-of-state backgrounds checks do not count toward the page limit.

(E) Miscellaneous Exceptions. The following do not count towards the page limit:

(i) Copies of orders, declarations, or affidavits previously filed for a motion already ruled upon and supplied only as a convenience to the court in lieu of the court file;

(ii) Copies of orders, declarations, or affidavits previously filed in other cases, or from cases in other counties;

(iii) Deposition excerpts;

(iv) **GR 17** affidavits/declarations regarding fax signature; and

(v) Cover sheets setting forth a caption for an attached document or declaration, however, the attached document or declaration shall count in accordance with this rule.

(F) Violations. Page limit violations shall be addressed as follows:

(i) The Commissioner will stop reading at 20 pages of declarations and affidavits and 10 pages of exhibits (as defined in this subsection) submitted by each party. The Commissioner will follow the order of documents set forth in each party's Hearing Information **Form T**. First filed by date will be first counted. If no Form T has been filed and the Commissioner elects to proceed with the hearing as scheduled, then the Commissioner will exercise discretion as to order of documents read.

(ii) An Order on Page Limits will be prepared and filed if page limits are exceeded. The Order will be completed by the Commissioner. It will describe what pleadings and exhibits were considered/not considered.

(iii) No party will be required to file an objection/motion to strike.

(iv) **PCLR 10** will be strictly enforced re: font size and double space – if single spaced the page will count as two pages.

(v) No contextual exceptions for texts, emails, Our Family Wizard/Talking Parents platforms, or other social media posting.

(7) Confirmations. The moving party shall confirm the motion with the Commissioner Services Department electronically as described in the following sentence, by telephone, or in person no later than by 12:00 noon two (2) court days prior to the hearing; otherwise the matter shall be stricken. Motions may also be confirmed and stricken electronically, in accordance with the time deadlines set forth above, by those with **LINX accounts** and PIN (Personal Identification Numbers) in accordance with the procedures adopted by the Pierce County Superior Court Clerk's Office. Motions filed by persons physically confined under a court order shall be deemed confirmed at filing.

(8) Courtroom Assigned. All hearings are conducted virtually without in-court appearances, unless the Commissioner makes arrangements to conduct a hearing with personal appearances. The link for the virtual hearings is found on the Pierce County Superior Court website: **Commissioner Calendars by Division** (<https://www.piercecountywa.gov/1024/Commissioner-Calendars-by-Division>). Attorneys and self-represented parties may also check the assigned courtroom by accessing the **Pierce County Superior Court website** (<https://linxonline.co.pierce.wa.us/linxweb/Main.cfm> and viewing the calendar of proceedings).

(9) Presentation of Court Orders. In all family law matters, attorneys and self-represented parties shall have proposed orders prepared for presentation to the court at the time of the hearing (using mandatory Family Law pattern forms if applicable). At the conclusion of the motion the attorneys and self-represented parties shall conform the orders to the Commissioner's ruling, and (unless the Commissioner makes other arrangements with the parties) shall remain in attendance in the court until the appropriate order(s) has been signed by the attorneys, all parties, and the court.

(10) Limits of Argument. The court may direct attorneys or self-represented parties to appropriate issues set forth in the motion and may place strict limits on the time for argument.

(d) Settlement Conferences. See **PCLR 16(c)**. Settlement conferences are mandatory in dissolution cases, paternity cases, other family law cases and post-dissolution petitions for modification (petition to change a parenting plan, residential schedule or custody order) when the parenting plan or residential

schedule is at issue. Settlement conferences are not mandatory for cases addressing only child support and/or division of property and assets and family law cases in which a waiver was granted pursuant to **PCLR 16(c)(2)(H)** or is exempt under **PCLR 16**.

(e) Guardian ad Litem in Parenting/Custody Cases: Limitations on Appointments, Hours, and Fees.

(1) Appointment of Guardian ad Litem. The appointment of a guardian ad litem in cases involving the residential placement of minor children shall be made by court order. The guardian ad litem shall be provided a copy of the Order Setting Case Schedule, and any amendments thereto entered throughout the course of the case. If there are less than 90 days to the date of trial, any Order for Appointment of a Guardian ad Litem shall include the trial date and shall only be signed by the assigned judicial department.

(2) Hours and Fees.

(A) Retainer/Additional Fees. When an order authorizing appointment of a guardian ad litem from the **RCW 26.09** Certified Registry is signed, an \$1,875.00 initial retainer fee shall be paid to the Clerk of the Court, unless for good cause shown a greater amount is ordered by the Court at the time of the appointment of a guardian ad litem and is reflected in the order.

The guardian ad litem's time shall be paid from this retainer at the rate of \$125.00 per hour. When the retainer is exhausted, it is the responsibility of the parties, not the guardian ad litem, to properly file, serve, and note a motion requesting additional fees before the assigned Family Court Judge. No additional fees shall be allowed without prior authorization of the assigned Family Court Judge.

(B) State Parentage Actions. Section (2)(A) does not apply to State-initiated parentage contract cases.

(3) Administrative Policy. Pierce County Superior Court's current Administrative Policy 1 re: Guardian ad Litem Registry for Pierce County Family Law Proceedings and Administrative Policy 2 Pierce County Superior Court RCW 26.09.220 and RCW 26.12.175 Code of Conduct can be found on the Pierce County Superior Court website at <https://www.piercecountywa.gov/1195/Local-Rules>.

(4) Case Assignment. Upon the court authorizing the appointment of a guardian ad litem, the case shall be reassigned to Family Court, except for those cases where the guardian ad litem (GAL) is only appointed for the purpose of parentage or minority.

(f) Reserved.

(g) Petition to Modify Parenting Plan/Residential Schedule

(1) How Initiated. An action for modification of a final parenting plan/residential schedule is commenced by the filing of a Summons, Petition to Change a Parenting Plan, Proposed Parenting Plan/Residential Schedule, and Petitioner's Motion for Adequate Cause on the mandatory forms under an existing or new domestic case (type 3) filing.

(2) Case Schedule. Upon filing, the Clerk's Office shall issue an Order Setting Case Schedule. Refer to Appendix, **Form A**.

(3) Requirements. The petitioner(s) shall obtain an Order on Adequate Cause on the Commissioners' dockets on or before the court hearing date specified in the Order Setting Case Schedule or the petition will be dismissed without further notice. The petitioner(s) and respondent(s) shall attend the mandatory Impact on Children seminar. A settlement conference, or other dispute resolution process, is required prior to trial, unless waived by the Court; see **PLCR 16(c)**.

(4) Case Assignment. All Petitions to Change a Parenting Plan/Residential Schedule shall be assigned to Family Court.

(h) Relocation of Children

(1) How Initiated. An action for Relocation of Children is commenced by the filing of an Objection about Moving with Child under an existing or new domestic case (type 3) filing. Prior to the trial, any hearing

regarding the Objection about Moving with Child or temporary relocation shall be heard on the Commissioners' Show Cause docket.

(2) Case Schedule. The Clerk's office shall issue an Order Assigning Case to Family Court and set a date on the assigned Family Court's next available motion calendar (not less than six days from filing) for an assignment for trial date.

(3) Case Assignment. All Objections to Relocation shall be assigned to Family Court.

[Amended effective September 1, 2022]

PCLSPR 94.05 MANDATORY SEMINAR: IMPACT ON CHILDREN

(a) Applicable Cases. This rule shall apply to all cases filed under [Ch. 26.09](#), [Ch. 26.10](#), or [Ch. 26.26 RCW](#) which require a parenting plan or residential schedule for minor children. This rule does not apply to modification cases based solely upon relocation.

(b) Mandatory Attendance. In all cases governed by this rule, all parties shall complete an approved parenting seminar. Each party shall attach a copy of the Certificate of Completion to the final parenting plan. Standards for parenting seminars shall be established by the court and providers shall be approved by the court. The court may approve a seminar upon a showing of functional equivalency regarding course content and instructor qualifications. In no case shall opposing parties be required to attend a seminar together.

(c) Timing. Parties required by this rule to participate in a parenting seminar shall complete an approved parenting seminar within 60 days after service of the petition or motion initiating the action which is subject to this rule. In the case of paternity actions, the parenting seminar shall be required only when paternity is established or acknowledged and a residential schedule is requested.

(d) Fees. Each party attending a seminar shall pay a fee charged by the approved providers and sanctioned by the court. The court or an approved provider may waive the fee for indigent parties.

(e) Seminar Content/Instructor Qualifications. The Impact on Children Seminar shall provide information concerning the impact family restructuring has on children. Superior Court (or a committee designated by the Judges) shall adopt guidelines governing the content of the seminar, the number of approved providers and the minimum credentials and experience required of seminar instructors. The provider shall e-file each attendee's Certificate of Completion with the court. The provider shall give each attendee a Certificate of Completion.

(f) Waiver. The court may waive the seminar requirement for good cause shown.

(g) Failure to Comply. Willful refusal to participate in a parenting seminar or willful delay in completion of a parenting seminar by any party may constitute contempt of court and result in sanctions, including, but not limited to, imposition of monetary terms, striking of pleadings or denial of affirmative parenting plan relief, to a party not in compliance with this rule. Non-participation, or default, by one party does not excuse participation by the other.

(h) Administrative Policy. Pierce County Superior Court's current Administrative Policy re: Impact on Children Seminar can be found on the Pierce County Superior Court website at <https://www.piercecountywa.gov/1195/Local-Rules>.

[Amended effective September 1, 2022]

PCLSPR 98.04 -- ESTATES – PROBATE – NOTICES

(a) Presentation. The initial presentation of an order appointing a personal representative or administrator in a testate or intestate estate may be presented to the Court Commissioner in the Ex Parte Division. This appointment shall be at the discretion of the court and in the event the court determines that notice shall be given, may direct the petitioner to make said presentation on the Commissioner's Probate calendar conducted in Civil Division A.

(b) Notice and Hearing. All hearings shall be scheduled with a Note for Commissioner's Calendar by using the electronic filing and scheduling process provided by LINX via the public website (<https://linxonline.co.pierce.wa.us/linxweb/Main.cfm>) or from a public kiosk in the Clerk's Office. The Note shall be filed at least seven (7) court days prior to the scheduled hearing date. The Court Commissioner may set special hearings at other times if complex or unusual issues are present. Self-represented parties may contact the Clerk's Office for a [LINX e-filing account](#) or use the Clerk's Office kiosk to file and schedule a Note for Commissioners Calendar. Any party opposing a motion shall file and serve responsive papers in opposition to a motion not later than 12:00 noon three (3) court days before the date the motion is scheduled for hearing. Any papers in strict reply shall be served no later than 12:00 noon two (2) court days before the date the motion is scheduled for hearing.

(c) Civil Hearing Information Form/Proposed Orders (Form U). For matters docketed on the probate/trust, guardianship, and minor settlement calendar in Civil Division A, a Civil Hearing Information Form (Form U) shall be filed and served listing all motions, petitions, and supporting documents, including affidavits, declarations, certified statements, guardian ad litem reports, and responsive and reply documents the attorneys or self-represented parties want the court to review for the hearing. Failure to timely provide the appropriate Hearing Information Form U may result in the hearing being stricken or continued.

Both the moving party and the responding party shall file one Civil Hearing Information Form (Form U) by using the Clerk's electronic filing process as defined in [PCLGR 30\(b\)\(5\)\(C\)](#) no later than 12:00 noon two (2) court days prior to the scheduled hearing. Working copies shall no longer be delivered or furnished for any Commissioner's docket.

For probate, trust, guardianship, and minor settlement cases, proposed orders shall be provided when submitting the Civil Hearing Information Form (Form U). For all other matters, proposed orders shall be presented to the court at the time of the hearing.

(d) Bonds. All bonds required of personal representatives/administrators shall be signed by the principal and shall contain the address of the surety.

(e) Probate Homesteads/Prior Claims. In all cases where a petition for allowance in lieu of homestead or in addition thereto is filed by the surviving spouse, receipts evidencing the payment of funeral expenses, expenses of last sickness, and of administration, including fees of appraisers, or a signed written statement by the creditor that such payment has been provided for, shall be filed at or before the time of the hearing on said petition.

(f) Oaths. The personal representative(s)/administrator(s) name shall be typed or printed on the oath as it appears in the order. The oath shall conform to the requirements as set forth in [RCW 11.28.170](#) and [RCW 11.36.010](#). When a personal representative/administrator changes his or her name, he or she shall obtain an order for new letters and file an oath under the new name in order to receive new letters. The expiration date of the letters shall remain the same unless changed by the new order.

(g) Order Appointing Personal Representative/Administrator. The order shall contain the name(s) for the personal representative(s)/administrator(s) as it appears in the oath.

(h) Notification of Change of Address. Any person appointed as Personal Representative or Administrator of an estate shall file a notice of change of address with the court within thirty (30) days of the change.

Waiver of Requirement to E-file. See [PCLGR 30\(b\)\(5\)\(C\)](#).

[Amended effective September 1, 2020]

PCLSPR 98.16W -- SETTLEMENT OF CLAIMS OF MINORS AND INDIVIDUALS SUBJECT TO GUARDIANSHIP AND/OR CONSERVATORHSIP

(a) Presentation. The presentation of an order to appoint an attorney to serve as the proposed Settlement Guardian ad Litem shall be presented to the Court Commissioner in the Ex Parte Division via e-filing pursuant to the current **ex parte policy**. This appointment shall be at the discretion of the court and no proposed order presented shall include a preselected name nor address the fees/cost of the court appointed Settlement Guardian ad Litem.

(b) Qualifications. The qualifications of an attorney to serve as the Settlement Guardian ad Litem shall be in compliance with **SPR 98.16W(d)**. The Settlement Guardian ad Litem report shall include the following information:

- (1) the number of years the attorney has been in practice in the State of WA;
- (2) a summary of the type of practice of the attorney for at least the last five (5) years;
- (3) an affirmation that the attorney does not have any conflict of interest as contemplated in **SPR 98.16.W(d)**; and whether the attorney is aware of any pending Bar Association disciplinary proceedings or of any criminal charges that have been filed against him/her; and
- (4) whether the attorney has any relationship with the involved parents, guardians, conservators, insurers, or other attorneys in the case; and
- (5) a statement as to whether or not there has been compliance with **RCW 4.24.010**, specifically, the notice requirements to a parent who is not named as a plaintiff.

(c) Attendance at Hearings. The presence of the Settlement Guardian ad Litem, custodial parent, or legal custodian, and the affected person is required unless waived by the Court in advance of the hearing for good cause shown, pursuant to an Order obtained in Civil Division A or the Ex Parte Division.

(d) Notice and Hearing. All hearings shall be scheduled with a Note for Commissioner's Calendar by using the electronic filing and scheduling process provided by LINX via the public website (<https://linxonline.co.pierce.wa.us/linxweb/Main.cfm>) or from a public kiosk in the Clerk's Office. The Note shall be filed at least seven (7) court days prior to the scheduled hearing date. Consistent with **RCW 4.24.010**, notice of said motion shall be given to a parent who was not originally named as a plaintiff or is no longer a custodian of the minor or individual subject to a guardianship/conservatorship. Self-represented parties may contact the Clerk's Office for a **LINX e-filing account** or use the Clerk's Office kiosk to file and schedule a Note for Commissioners Calendar.

The Court Commissioner may set special hearings at other times if complex or unusual issues may be present.

(e) Civil Hearing Information Form/Proposed Orders (Form U). For matters docketed on the probate/trust, guardianship, conservatorship, other protective arrangement, and minor settlement calendar in Civil Division A, the moving party and the responding party shall each file one Civil Hearing Information Form (Form U) listing all motions, petitions, and supporting documents, including affidavits, declarations, certified statements, Guardian ad litem reports, responsive and reply documents the attorneys or self-represented parties want the court to review for the hearing. Failure to timely provide the appropriate Hearing Information Form may result in the hearing being stricken or continued.

Both the moving party and the responding party shall file one Civil Hearing Information Form (Form U) by using the Clerk's electronic filing process as defined in **PCLGR 30(b)(5)(C)** no later than 12:00 noon two (2) court days prior to the scheduled hearing. Working copies shall no longer be delivered or furnished for any Commissioner's docket.

For probate, trust, guardianship, conservatorship, other protective arrangement, and minor settlement cases (model form Order Approving Minor Settlement is found in the Appendix, **Form W**), proposed orders shall be provided when submitting the Civil Hearing Information Form (**Form U**). For all other matters, proposed orders shall be presented to the court at the time of the hearing.

(f) Multiple Minors. In the event the filed claim involves multiple minors, separate proposed court orders shall be presented to the court addressing each individual minor. Each proposed Order shall also include reference to the day, month and year of the minor's eighteenth (18th) birthday.

(g) Structured Annuity Settlements. Unless waived by the Court for good cause shown, the following language shall be inserted into any court order approving a structured annuity settlement involving a minor or individual subject to guardianship/conservatorship:

“Neither the minor nor individual subject to guardianship and/or conservatorship, nor their estate, nor any subsequent beneficiary or recipient of any payments or any part of any payments under this structured settlement shall have the right to accelerate, commute, or otherwise reduce to present value or to a lump sum any of the payments or any part of the payments due under this structured annuity settlement or this order unless by later motion good cause has been shown to lift or modify these restrictions.

No payment under the structured settlement annuity contract or this order shall be transferred as defined in [RCW 19.205.010\(18\)](#), accelerated, deferred, increased or decreased, or anticipated, sold, mortgaged, assigned, or encumbered in any manner by the minor or individual subject to guardianship and/or conservatorship or any other recipient of the payments unless by later motion good cause has been shown to lift or modify these restrictions.”

(h) Receipt of Deposit of Funds. Unless waived by the Court for good cause shown, a verification of blocked account and receipt of deposit of funds into either the Registry of the Court or such institution as the court order directs shall be filed within forty-five (45) days by independent counsel for the minor or individual subject to guardianship and/or conservatorship, counsel for the insurance carrier, or by the court appointed Settlement Guardian ad Litem should there be no independent counsel on behalf of the minor or individual subject to guardianship and/or conservatorship. In all cases, except where waived for good cause, the form of Receipt used shall be as set forth in Appendix, [Form X](#). In the event a party other than the Settlement Guardian ad Litem deposits the funds, they shall provide a copy of the receipt of deposit and verification of blocked account to the Settlement Guardian ad Litem. Failure to comply with this provision may subject the parties to a noncompliance hearing and the assessment of terms.

(i) Discharge of Settlement Guardian ad Litem. No court appointed Settlement Guardian ad Litem shall be considered discharged by the court until a receipt of deposit of funds has been filed as set forth above.

(j) Disbursements. All motions relating to disbursements from the court approved settlement proceeds of a minor or individual subject to guardianship and/or conservatorship prior to their eighteenth (18th) birthday shall be scheduled by e-filing a Note for Commissioner's Calendar, scheduling the hearing in Civil Division A and the parties shall comply with all requirements set forth in subsection [\(e\)](#) above.

(k) Fees/Costs. All fees and costs requested by the attorney for the minor and/or court appointed Settlement Guardian ad Litem are subject to court approval.

Waiver of Requirement to E-file. See [PCLGR 30\(b\)\(5\)\(C\)](#).

[Amended effective September 1, 2022]

PCLSPR 98.18 – COURT CREATED TRUSTS

(a) Scope of Rule. This rule shall apply to any trust created by the court, including but not limited to trusts created pursuant to [PCLSPR 98.16W](#), [RCW 11.88](#), [11.130](#), and [RCW 11.92](#), such as special needs trusts and settlement trusts.

(b) Drafting of Trust Instrument. A trust instrument shall only be drafted after a written guardian ad litem/court visitor recommendation and/or a court order that specifies the relevant terms of such trust, unless the requirement of such recommendation and court order is waived by the court for good cause.

(c) Guardian ad Litem/Court Visitor/Guardian/Conservator. The court shall only order a court-created trust upon the written recommendation of a qualified guardian ad litem, court visitor, conservator, or guardian, unless the requirement is specifically waived by the court for good cause. Based on the facts and circumstances, the court may authorize the petitioner, the guardian ad litem, court visitor, conservator, or guardian to hire trust counsel to evaluate any proposed trust instrument, to draft a trust instrument, or any other duties as enumerated by the court.

The guardian ad litem's, court visitor's, conservator's or guardian's report shall:

- (1) Identify why a court-created trust is in the best interests of the beneficiary;
- (2) Specifically identify any other roles expected of a trustee or trust advisory committee member in the life of the beneficiary (e.g. this requirement would include caregivers, professional advisors, family or others who might receive direct or independent economic benefit from trust expenditures); and
- (3) Specifically recommend why a Trust Advisory Committee is appropriate or not appropriate if proposed by petitioner.

(d) Special Master. In its discretion, the court may appoint a Special Master to provide independent analysis to the court with regard to the proposed trust instrument or provide such assistance as ordered by the court.

(e) Declaration of Proposed Trustee. Prior to appointment, each trustee shall file with the court a **Declaration of Proposed Trustee** as set forth in Appendix, **Form K** unless waived by the court. If the proposed trustee is a bank or trust company, no Declaration shall be required, except if the court or the guardian ad litem determines that a Declaration shall be filed with the court. At the hearing for appointment, the fee schedule shall be disclosed.

(f) Notice and Hearing. All hearings shall be scheduled with a Note for Commissioner's Calendar using the electronic filing and scheduling process provided by LINX via the public website (<https://linxonline.co.pierce.wa.us/linxweb/Main.cfm>) or from a public kiosk in the Clerk's Office. The Note shall be filed at least seven (7) court days prior to the scheduled hearing date. The Court Commissioner may set special hearings at other times if complex or unusual issues are present. Self-represented parties may contact the Clerk's Office for a **LINX e-filing account** or use the Clerk's Office kiosk to file and schedule a Note for Commissioners Calendar. Any party opposing a motion shall file and serve responsive papers in opposition to a motion not later than 12:00 noon, three (3) court days before the date the motion is scheduled for hearing. Any papers in strict reply shall be served no later than 12:00 noon two (2) court days before the date the motion is scheduled for hearing.

(g) Attendance at Hearings. The presence of the Guardian ad Litem, Court Visitor, Conservator, Guardian, Special Master and the affected person is required unless waived by the Court for good cause shown.

(h) Civil Hearing Information Form/Proposed Orders (Form U). For matters docketed on the probate/trust, guardianship, conservatorship, and minor settlement calendar in Civil Division A, the moving party and the responding party shall each file one Civil Hearing Information Form (Form U) listing all motions, petitions, and supporting documents, including affidavits, declarations, certified statements, guardian ad litem/court visitor reports, and responsive and reply documents the attorneys or self-represented parties want the court to review for the hearing.

Both the moving party and the responding party shall file their Civil Hearing Information Forms (Form U) by using the Clerk's electronic filing process as defined in **PCLGR 30(b)(5)(C)** no later than 12:00 noon two (2) court days prior to the scheduled hearing. Working copies shall no longer be delivered or furnished for any Commissioner's docket.

For probate, trust, guardianship, conservatorship, and minor settlement cases, proposed orders shall be provided when submitting the Civil Hearing Information Form (Form U). For all other matters, proposed orders shall be presented to the court at the time of the hearing.

(i) Order Approving/Declaring Trust. Within thirty (30) days, the Order Approving/Declaring the Trust shall be filed in a court file with a guardianship/conservatorship cause number to allow the court to track the matter. Likewise, the trust instrument shall be filed under the same cause number. Any guardian ad litem/court visitor shall not be discharged until such filing has occurred.

(j) Fees/Costs. All fees and costs requested by the attorney for the minor and/or court appointed Settlement Guardian ad Litem or Court Visitor are subject to court approval.

(k) Review Hearings. Upon signing the Order Approving/Declaring the Trust, the court shall specify the report interval for the first periodic report and accounting. At the time the Order Approving/Declaring the Trust is filed with the clerk's office, the clerk shall schedule the date for the initial review hearing on the assigned judicial department's Friday motion docket, not more than 120 days after the anniversary date of the Order. Trusts shall be reviewed at least annually unless the court extends the review period. The periodic reports and accountings shall be filed within 90 days after the anniversary date of the trust's creation.

Review hearings on subsequent periodic reports and accountings shall be automatically scheduled by the court and heard on the assigned judicial department's Friday motion docket not more than 120 days after the anniversary date of the trust's creation. Any change to the scheduled review date shall be noted before the assigned department. Review hearings on final reports and accountings shall be noted and heard on the assigned judicial department's Friday motion docket.

(l) Trust Summary. A Trust Summary as set forth in Appendix **Form L** shall be completed and placed directly below the case caption or on a separate cover page on all orders creating a trust and orders approving a trustee's periodic report or accounting.

(m) Delinquency Calendar. The assigned judicial department shall track all trust cases which require court review. The department shall notify the trustee and counsel of cases where periodic reports and accountings are delinquent and direct the trustee and counsel to appear at a hearing where sanctions may be imposed or the trustee removed. The department may appoint a guardian ad litem or court visitor to investigate and report back to the court as to whether the trustee should be removed or other protections put in place for the benefit of the trust beneficiary.

Waiver of Requirement to E-file. See **PCLGR 30(b)(5)(C)**.

[Amended effective September 1, 2022]

PCLSPR 98.20 – GUARDIANSHIPS/CONSERVATORSHIPS/OTHER PROTECTIVE ARRANGEMENTS

(a) Presentation of Order Appointing Court Visitor. The initial Order appointing a Court Visitor shall be presented to the Court Commissioner in the Ex Parte Division upon the filing of a Petition for Guardianship/Conservatorship/Other Protective Arrangement via e-filing pursuant to the current **ex parte policy**. The Clerk of the Court in the Ex Parte Division shall maintain the **RCW 11.130** Registry for adult guardianships/conservatorships/other protective arrangements, and shall select the next Court Visitor on the list for insertion into the Order Appointing Court Visitor. An Order Appointing a Court Visitor for an indigent person will be made from the RCW 11.130 Registry equally distributing county paid cases amongst the RCW 11.130 registered court visitors for adult guardianships/conservatorships/other protective arrangements.

(b) Notice and Hearing. The following matters shall be noted for hearing at least fourteen (14) court days in advance and heard on the Guardianship/Conservatorship/Other Protective Arrangement docket in Civil Division A:

(1) All guardianship/conservatorship/other protective arrangement matters involving the approval of initial reports, interim accounts, or the expenditure of funds prior to the appointment of a Guardian/Conservator;

(2) All hearings on the appointment of a Guardian and/or Conservator;

(3) Matters requiring court approval;

(4) All hearings on other protective arrangements; or

(5) Any other matters in which the court is requested to find that certain procedural steps have been taken.

All hearings shall be scheduled with a Note for Commissioner's Calendar. Attorneys shall electronically file a Note for Commissioners Calendar by using the electronic filing and scheduling process provided by LINX via the public website (<https://linxonline.co.pierce.wa.us/linxweb/Main.cfm>) or from a public kiosk in the Clerk's Office. The Note shall be filed at least fourteen (14) court days prior to the scheduled hearing date. The Court Commissioner may set special hearings at other times if complex or unusual issues are present. Self-represented parties may contact the Clerk's Office for a [LINX e-filing account](#) or use the Clerk's Office kiosk to file and schedule a Note for Commissioners Calendar. Any party opposing a motion shall file and serve responsive papers in opposition to a motion not later than 12:00 noon four (4) court days before the date the motion is scheduled for hearing. Any papers in strict reply shall be served no later than 12:00 noon two (2) court days before the date the motion is scheduled for hearing.

(c) Civil Hearing Information Form/Proposed Orders (Form U). For matters docketed on the probate/trust, guardianship, conservatorship, other protective arrangement, and minor settlement calendar in Civil Division A, the moving party and the responding party shall each file one Civil Hearing Information Form (Form U) listing all motions, petitions, and supporting documents, including affidavits, declarations, certified statements, court visitor reports, and responsive and reply documents the attorneys or self-represented parties want the court to review for the hearing.

Both the moving party and the responding party shall file their Civil Hearing Information Forms (Form U) by using the Clerk's electronic filing process as defined in [PCLGR 30\(b\)\(5\)\(C\)](#) no later than 12:00 noon two (2) court days prior to the scheduled hearing. Working copies shall no longer be delivered or furnished for any Commissioner's docket.

For probate, trust, guardianship, conservatorship, other protective arrangement, and minor settlement cases, proposed orders shall be provided when submitting the Civil Hearing Information Form (Form U). For all other matters, proposed orders shall be presented to the court at the time of the hearing.

(d) Declaration of Proposed Guardian/Conservator. Prior to appointment, a Declaration of Proposed Guardian/Conservator shall be filed with the Court as set forth in Appendix, [Forms M](#) or [N](#), unless waived by the Court. If the proposed guardian/conservator is a bank or trust company, no declaration shall be required, except if the Court or the Court Visitor determines that a Declaration shall be filed with the Court. At the hearing for appointment, the fee schedule for the bank or trust company shall be disclosed.

(e) Review Hearings. Upon signing the Order Appointing Guardian/Conservator the court will specify: (i) the report interval for the first periodic report and accounting, and (ii) whether a review hearing will be required on the Inventory.

At the time the Order Appointing Guardian/Conservator is filed, the Clerk's Office shall schedule the date for the: (1) mandatory review of the Guardian/Conservator's Plan no less than 120 days after the anniversary date of the appointment; and (2) *initial* review hearing on the assigned judicial department's Friday motion docket, not more than 120 days after the anniversary date of the guardian's and/or conservator's appointment. Guardianships/Conservatorships shall be reviewed at least annually unless the court extends the review period. The periodic reports and accountings shall be filed and a working copy provided to the assigned judicial department within 90 days after the anniversary date of the guardian's and/or conservator's

appointment. Anyone e-filing the periodic report and accounting shall be responsible for ensuring the working copies are timely provided to the assigned judicial department.

Review hearings on *subsequent* periodic reports and accountings shall be automatically scheduled by the court and heard on the assigned judicial department's Friday motion docket not more than 120 days after the anniversary date of the guardian's and/or conservator's appointment. Any change to the scheduled review date shall be noted before the assigned judicial department. Review hearings on the final report and accounting must be noted and heard on the judicial assigned department's Friday motion docket. Working copies of the final report and accounting shall be provided to the assigned judicial department at the time the final report and accounting are filed. Anyone e-filing the final report and accounting shall be responsible for ensuring the working copies are timely provided to the assigned judicial department. A fax or email transmittal of working copies shall not be acceptable delivery.

(f) Guardianship/Conservatorship Summary. A Guardianship/Conservatorship Summary as set forth in **Form O** shall be completed and placed directly below the case caption or on a separate cover page on all Orders Appointing a Guardian and/or Conservator and Orders Approving a Guardian's and/or Conservator's periodic Report or Accounting.

(g) Delinquency Calendar. The assigned judicial department shall track all guardianship/conservatorship cases which require court review. The department shall notify the guardian and/or conservator and counsel of cases where periodic reports and accountings are delinquent and direct the guardian and/or conservator and counsel to appear at a hearing where sanctions may be imposed and/or the guardian and/or conservator removed. The department may appoint a court visitor to investigate and report back to the court as to whether the guardian and/or conservator should be removed or other protections put in place for the benefit of the individual subject to guardianship and/or conservatorship.

(h) Expiring Letters of Guardianship and/or Conservatorship. The Clerk's Office shall issue Letters of Guardianship and/or Conservatorship to the appointed guardian and/or conservator. The Letters shall expire on the 120th day after the anniversary date of the guardian's and/or conservator's appointment, unless a different date is ordered by the court. A guardian and/or conservator has no authority to act on behalf of the individual subject to guardianship and/or conservatorship without valid Letters of Guardianship and/or Conservatorship.

(i) Acceptance of appointment. The guardian/conservator name(s) shall be typed or printed on the acceptance of appointment as it appears in the order. When a guardian/conservator changes their name, they shall obtain an order for new letters and file an acceptance of appointment under the new name in order to receive new letters of guardianship/conservatorship. The expiration date of the letters shall remain the same unless changed by new court order.

(j) Vulnerable Adult Protection Petitions. Any petition protecting a vulnerable adult shall be filed as a civil matter separate from any guardianship matter. If there is an existing guardianship/conservatorship case when the Vulnerable Adult Petition is filed, a copy of any Protection order shall be placed in that file.

(k) Loss of Voting Rights. In accordance with RCW 11.130.310 if an individual subject to guardianship/conservatorship loses the right to vote, the Order Appointing Guardian/Conservator shall include a specific finding on the loss of the right to vote. In the event the right to vote is restored to the individual subject to guardianship/conservatorship, the Clerk shall send to the County Auditor a certified copy of the Order Restoring Voting Rights including the individual's name, address, and birth date.

(l) Mandatory Forms. In the event a statewide mandatory guardianship/conservatorship form exists, these forms shall be utilized.

Waiver of Requirement to E-file. See **PCLGR 30(b)(5)(C)**.

PCLSPR 98.25 – MINOR GUARDIANSHIPS PURSUANT TO RCW 11.130 (UGA Article 2)

(a) Applies to Petitions filed pursuant to UGA Article 2, RCW 11.130-185 - .260. For all other guardianship/conservatorship or other protective arrangement for a minor, refer to **PCLSPR 98.20**.

(b) Petition for Minor Guardianship, Emergency Minor Guardianship or Standby Minor Guardianship

(1) How Initiated. An action under this section is commenced by the filing of a Summons, Petition, Supplemental Declaration and Petitioner's Motion for Waiver of Service of Supplemental Declaration on Minor, if any, and Order Directing DCFS/CPS to Release Information, and information regarding the parents, including proof of parentage or death certificates, in an existing or new guardianship case (type 4) filing, and may not be commenced under an existing dissolution, paternity, or other case. Use of the State Pattern forms is recommended.

(2) Case Schedule. The Clerk's office shall issue an Order Assigning Case to Family Court and set a date on the assigned Family Court calendar for a Mandatory Court Review Hearing four months out.

(3) Requirements. The petitioner(s) shall obtain a Washington State Patrol and Child Protective Services (CPS) background checks on themselves and all adult household members. The petitioners and proposed Guardian, if different than Petitioner shall attend the mandatory lay Guardian training. A settlement conference, or other dispute resolution process, is not required prior to trial, unless ordered by the Court; see **PCLR 16(c)**.

(4) Case Assignment. All Minor Guardianships shall be assigned to Family Court.

(5) Finalization. Minor Guardianship to be finalized, by agreement or by default, shall be calendared on the Commissioners' Motion/Show Cause docket or on the motion calendar of the assigned Family Court Department. Such matters shall not be heard in the Ex Parte Division.

(c) Petition for Termination or Change to a Minor Guardianship or Non Parental Custody Decree

(1) How Initiated. An action for a Petition to Terminate or Change a Minor Guardianship or Non Parent Custody is commenced by the filing of a Summons, Petition to Terminate or Change, Declaration Explaining Reasons, Notice of Hearing, under an existing or new guardianship case (type 4) filing, and may not be commenced under an existing dissolution, paternity, non-parent custody or other case. Use of the State Pattern forms is recommended.

(2) Case Schedule. The Clerk's office shall issue an Order Assigning Case to Family Court and set a date on the assigned Family Court for a Mandatory Court Review Hearing four months out.

(3) Case Assignment. All Petitions to Change or Terminate a Minor Guardianship/Non Parent Custody shall be assigned to Family Court.

(d) Presentation of Order Appointing Court Visitor.

(1) When Minor is 12 or older. If the petition involves a minor twelve years of age or older and when the minor is unrepresented, the initial Order appointing a Court Visitor shall be presented to the Court Commissioner in the Ex Parte Division via e-filing pursuant to the current **ex parte policy** after review of the filing of a Petition for Minor Guardianship. The Family Court Services shall maintain the **11.130.195** Registry for Minor Guardianship Court Visitor, and Commissioner Court Case Coordinator shall select the next Court Visitor on the list for insertion into the Order Appointing Court Visitor.

(2) Other Statutory reasons. If a court visitor is needed based on other statutory reasons, parties may note a motion for an Order Appointing Court Visitor on the Minor Guardianship docket.

(3) Approved Court Visitors. The Court Visitors for a Minor Guardianship Petition shall be made from those Court Visitors who are on the court registry. Court Visitors are paid at public expense.

(e) Notice and Hearing. The hearing to appoint Guardian shall be set not sooner than 14 days from date of filing. Any motion to waive service of Supplemental Declaration on Minor may be filed and heard concurrent with filing of Petition and will be heard by the Court Commissioner in the Ex Parte Hearing Division. All other hearings shall be scheduled with a Note for Commissioner's Calendar. Attorneys shall electronically

file a Note for Commissioners Calendar by using the electronic filing and scheduling process provided by LINX via the public website (<https://linxonline.co.pierce.wa.us/linxweb/Main.cfm>) or from a public kiosk in the Clerk's Office. The Note shall be filed at least fourteen (14) court days prior to the scheduled hearing date. The Court Commissioner may set special hearings at other times if complex or unusual issues are present. Self-represented parties may contact the Clerk's Office for a [LINX e-filing account](#) or use the Clerk's Office kiosk to file and schedule a Note for Commissioners Calendar. Any party opposing a motion shall file and serve responsive papers in opposition to a motion not later than 12:00 noon three (3) court days before the date the motion is scheduled for hearing. Any papers in strict reply shall be served no later than 12:00 noon two (2) court days before the date the motion is scheduled for hearing.

(f) Civil Hearing Information Form/Proposed Orders (Form U). For matters docketed on the minor guardianship calendar in Civil Division A, the moving party and the responding party shall each file one Civil Hearing Information Form (Form U) listing all motions, petitions, and supporting documents, including affidavits, declarations, certified statements, court visitor reports, and responsive and reply documents the attorneys or self-represented parties want the court to review for the hearing.

Both the moving party and the responding party shall file their Civil Hearing Information Forms (Form U) by using the Clerk's electronic filing process as defined in [PCLGR 30\(b\)\(5\)\(C\)](#) no later than 12:00 noon two (2) court days prior to the scheduled hearing. Working copies shall no longer be delivered or furnished for any Commissioner's docket. Proposed orders shall be provided when submitting the Civil Hearing Information Form (Form U). For all other matters, proposed orders shall be presented to the court at the time of the hearing.

(g) Review Hearings. No Review Hearings are required once the Order Appointing Minor Guardian is entered, unless specifically required by the Court.

(h) Letters of Office. The Clerk's Office shall issue Letters of Office to the appointed guardian. The Letters shall expire on the 18th Birthday of the minor, or until an order Terminating or Modifying the Minor Guardianship is entered after a subsequent petition has been filed. A minor guardian has no authority to act on behalf of the individual subject to minor guardianship without valid Letters of Office.

(i) Relocation of Children

1) How Initiated. An action for Relocation of Children is commenced by the filing of an Objection about Moving with Child under an existing minor guardianship (type 4) filing. Prior to the trial, any hearing regarding the Objection about Moving with Child or temporary relocation shall be heard on the Commissioners' Show Cause/Motion docket.

2) Case Schedule. The Clerk's office shall issue an Order Assigning Case to Family Court and set a date on the assigned Family Court's next available motion calendar (not less than six days from filing) for an assignment for trial date.

3) Case Assignment. All Objections to Relocation shall be assigned to Family Court.

(j) Mandatory Forms. In the event a statewide mandatory minor guardianship form exists, these forms shall be utilized. Use of State Pattern Forms is recommended.

Waiver of Requirement to E-file. See [PCLGR 30\(b\)\(5\)\(C\)](#).

[Effective September 1, 2022]

PCLSPR 98.30 -- PUBLIC EXPENSE COURT VISITORS AND ATTORNEYS FOR RESPONDENTS PURSUANT TO [RCW 11.130](#)

(a) Application and Petition. All persons asserting a right to the services of an attorney or a court visitor at public expense shall make application to the court at the time of the filing of the Petition for Guardianship/Conservatorship or Other Protective Arrangement, or as soon thereafter as the qualifying financial situation is known, setting forth:

(1) Financial Condition. The financial condition of the respondent and of persons responsible for the respondent's obligations, and the resulting substantial hardship, if any, if payment of fees is required.

(2) Other. The Petition for Guardianship/Conservatorship or Other Protective Arrangement shall also, whenever possible, indicate:

(A) if the assets are expected to be less than \$3,000;

(B) whether there is a request that the filing fee be waived; and

(C) whether a court visitor at public expense is being sought.

(b) Court Visitor at Public Expense. If the court approves an application for the appointment of a court visitor at public expense, the case shall be assigned in the Ex Parte Division to the appropriate court visitor at public expense.

(1) Duty of Court Visitor to Advise Court. The Court Visitor shall immediately advise the court if the guardianship/conservatorship or other protective arrangement case qualifies for a court visitor at public expense and before significant work is performed or time elapsed and return the case for reassignment to a court visitor at public expense.

(c) Attorney Assignment and Fees. When the court appoints an attorney for the respondent which attorney will be paid at public expense, the order shall provide that the hourly rate to be charged by the attorney is \$75.00 per hour or less, and that all fees paid shall be reasonable fees as determined by the judicial officer.

[Amended effective September 1, 2022]

PCLSPR 98.35 -- PUBLIC EXPENSE ATTORNEYS FOR MINOR OR RESPONDENTS PURSUANT TO [RCW 11.130.200 \(UGA Article 2\)](#)

(a) Application and Petition. All persons asserting a right to the services of an attorney at public expense shall make application to the court at the time of the filing of the Petition for Minor Guardianship, or as soon thereafter as the qualifying financial situation is known, setting forth:

(1) Financial Condition. The financial condition of the Respondent and of persons responsible for the respondent's obligations, and the resulting substantial hardship, if any, if payment of fees is required.

(b) Attorney Assignment and Fees. When the court appoints an attorney for the respondent which attorney will be paid at public expense, the order shall provide that the hourly rate to be determined by Executive Committee and published on the webpage, and that all fees paid shall be reasonable fees as determined by the judicial officer.

[Effective September 1, 2022]

■ SUPERIOR COURT CIVIL ARBITRATION RULES – PCLSCCAR

PCLSCCAR 1 -- SCOPE AND PURPOSE OF RULES

1.1 Application of Rules - Purpose and Definitions

(a) Purpose. The purpose of arbitration of civil actions under [RCW 7.06](#), as implemented by the Superior Court Civil Arbitration Rules, is to provide a simplified and economical procedure for obtaining the prompt and equitable resolution of disputes involving claims of \$100,000.00 or less. The Superior Court Civil Arbitration Rules, as supplemented by these local rules, are not designed to address every question which may arise during the arbitration process, and the rules give considerable discretion to the arbitrator. The

arbitrator should not hesitate to exercise that discretion. Arbitration hearings should be informal and expeditious, consistent with the purpose of the statutes and rules.

(b) "Director" Defined. In these rules, "Director" means the Clerk of the Pierce County Superior Court.

Comment

[1] The increase to \$100,000.00 in Rule 1.1 and the additional discovery in Rules 4.2(b)(6), 4.2(c), and 4.3 will apply to all cases filed on or after September 1, 2018 (the effective date of the legislation) and in which a note for arbitration is filed on or after September 1, 2019 (the effective date of the new local rules).

[Amended effective September 1, 2020]

1.2 Matters Subject to Arbitration. The limit for claims subject to arbitration is \$100,000.00. For the purpose of this rule, a "claim" is defined to be the net value of the claim, after all reductions for comparative negligence or set-offs; e.g. if the plaintiff's damages are \$140,000.00 and the plaintiff is 50% comparatively negligent, the plaintiff's claim is for \$70,000.00.

[Amended effective September 1, 2020]

1.3 Relationship to Superior Court Jurisdiction and Other Rules – Motions

(a) Motions. All motions before the court relating to arbitration shall be noted on the civil motions calendar in accordance with [PCLR 7](#), except as otherwise provided in these arbitration rules.

(b) Assignment to Arbitrator. A case is deemed assigned to an arbitrator upon the filing of a Statement of Arbitrability, as set forth in [PCLSCCAR 2.1\(e\)](#).

[Amended effective September 1, 2020]

PCLSCCAR 2 -- TRANSFER TO ARBITRATION AND ASSIGNMENT OF ARBITRATOR

2.1 Transfer to Arbitration

(a) Statement of Arbitrability. A party may file a Statement of Arbitrability [[Form S](#)] requesting arbitration at any time after all requirements set forth in the certificate of readiness on the Statement of Arbitrability have been met and no later than the discovery cutoff date. After the discovery deadline has passed, the Statement of Arbitrability may be filed only by leave of the court for good cause shown.

(b) Response to Statement of Arbitrability. Any person disagreeing with the Statement of Arbitrability shall serve and file a response to the Statement of Arbitrability on the forms prescribed by the court within 20 days of service of the summons and complaint, or 7 days after the receipt of the Statement of Arbitrability, whichever time is greater.

(c) Failure to File - Amendments. A person failing to serve and file an original response within the times prescribed may later do so only upon leave of the court. A party may amend a Statement of Arbitrability or response at any time before assignment of an arbitrator or assignment of a trial date, and thereafter only upon leave of the court for good cause shown.

(d) By Stipulation. A case in which all parties file a stipulation to arbitrate under [SCCAR 8.1](#) will be placed on the arbitration calendar regardless of the nature of the case or amount in controversy.

(e) When Transfer to Arbitration Occurs for Purpose of Application of Local Rules. The case is transferred to arbitration upon the filing of a Statement of Arbitrability indicating that the case is subject to arbitration, unless an objection to arbitration of the case is received within the time limits found in [PCLSCCAR 2.1\(b\)](#). This transfer shall also trigger the restriction on discovery contained in [SCCAR 4.2](#) and [PCLSCCAR 4.2](#).

(f) Trial Date. Once the Statement of Arbitrability has been filed, the trial date and Case Schedule shall be cancelled. A Mandatory Court Review Hearing shall be set 6 months from the filing of the Statement of Arbitrability.

[Amended effective September 1, 2020]

2.2 Reserved

2.3 Assignment to Arbitrator

(a) Generally; Stipulations. When a case is set for arbitration, a list of 5 proposed arbitrators will be furnished to the parties. A master list of arbitrators will be made available on request. The parties are encouraged to stipulate to an arbitrator. In the absence of a stipulation, the arbitrator will be chosen from among the five proposed arbitrators in the manner defined by this rule.

(b) Response by Parties. Each party may, within 14 days after a list of proposed arbitrators is furnished to the parties, nominate 1 or 2 arbitrators and strike 2 arbitrators from the list. If both parties respond, an arbitrator nominated by both parties will be appointed. If no arbitrator has been nominated by both parties, the presiding Judge or designee will randomly appoint an arbitrator from among those not stricken by either party.

(c) Response by Only One (1) Party. If only one party responds within 14 days, the presiding Judge or designee will appoint an arbitrator nominated by that party.

(d) No Response. If neither party responds within 14 days, the presiding Judge or designee will randomly appoint 1 of the 5 proposed arbitrators.

(e) Additional Arbitrators for Additional Parties. If there are more than 2 adverse parties, all represented by different counsel, 2 additional proposed arbitrators shall be added to the list for each additional party so represented, with the above principles of selection to be applied. The number of adverse parties shall be determined by the presiding Judge or designee.

[Adopted effective June 1, 1990]

PCLSCCAR 3 – ARBITRATORS

3.1 Qualifications

(a) Arbitration Panel. There shall be a panel of arbitrators in such numbers as the administrative committee may from time to time determine. A person desiring to serve as an arbitrator shall complete an information sheet on a form prescribed by the court. A copy of said completed sheet is available upon request by any party and will be mailed to a requesting party at the party's own expense. The oath of office on the form prescribed by the court must be completed and filed prior to an applicant being placed on the panel. An arbitrator must be a member of the Washington State Bar Association and have been admitted to the bar for a minimum of 5 years and provide an affidavit or declaration certifying completion of a minimum of three credits of Washington State Bar Association approved continuing legal education credits on the professional and ethical consideration for serving as an arbitrator or an affidavit or declaration certifying that they have acted as an arbitrator five or more times previously. Pierce County Superior Court shall waive the three continuing legal education credits for arbitrators who have acted as an arbitrator five or more times previously.

(b) Refusal; Disqualification. The appointment of an arbitrator is subject to the right of that person to refuse to serve. An arbitrator must notify the presiding Judge or designee immediately if refusing to serve or if any cause exists for the arbitrator's disqualification from the case upon any of the grounds of interest, relationship, bias, or prejudice set forth in **CJC Canon 3(D)**, governing the disqualification of Judges. If disqualified, the arbitrator must immediately return all materials in a case to the presiding Judge or designee.

3.2 Authority of Arbitrators. An arbitrator has the authority to:

(a) Payment of Expense/Attorney Fees. Require a party or attorney, advising such party, or both, to pay the reasonable expenses, including attorney fees, caused by the failure of such party or attorney, or

both, to obey an order of the arbitrator unless the arbitrator finds that the failure was substantially justified or that other circumstances make an award of expenses unjust. The arbitrator shall make a special award for such expenses and shall file such award with the clerk of the superior court, with proof of service of a party on each party. The aggrieved party shall have 10 days thereafter to appeal the award of such expense in accordance with the procedures described in [RCW 2.24.050](#). If, within 10 days after the award is filed, no party appeals, a judgment shall be entered in a manner described generally under [SCCAR 6.3](#);

(b) Basis of Attorney Fee Award. Award attorney fees, as authorized by these rules, by a contract or by law.

[Amended effective September 1, 2020]

PCLSCCAR 4 -- PROCEDURES AFTER ASSIGNMENT

4.1 Reserved

4.2 Discovery

(a) Additional Discovery. In determining when additional discovery beyond that directly authorized by [SCCAR 4.2](#) and these local rules is reasonably necessary, the arbitrator shall balance the benefits of discovery against the burdens and expenses. The arbitrator shall consider the nature and complexity of the case, the amount in controversy, values at stake, the discovery that has already occurred, the burdens on the party from whom discovery is sought, and the possibility of unfair surprise which may result if discovery is restricted. Authorized discovery shall be conducted in accordance with the civil rules, except that motions concerning discovery shall be determined by the arbitrator.

(b) Notwithstanding the Foregoing, the Following Interrogatories May Be Submitted to Any Party:

(1) General Damages. State the amount of general damages being claimed;
(2) Special Damages. State each item of special damages being claimed and the amount thereof;

(3) Knowledge of Liability Witness(es). List the name, address, and phone number of each person having knowledge of any facts regarding liability;

(4) Knowledge of Damages Witness(es). List the name, address, and phone number of each person having knowledge of any facts regarding the damages claimed;

(5) Expert Witness(es). List the name, address, and phone number of each expert witness you intend to call at the arbitration. For each such expert, state the subject matter on which the expert is expected to testify, state the substance of the facts and opinions to which the expert is expected to testify, and a summary of the grounds for each opinion.

(6) Provide the name, address, and phone number of all health care providers, including physicians, chiropractors, dentists, physical therapists, osteopaths, hospitals, and all others who have treated you in the last seven years and the reason for the treatment.

Only these interrogatories, with the exact language as set out above, are permitted. Interrogatory (6) is permitted only in cases alleging personal injury.

(c) Additional Depositions. In addition to party depositions allowed by [SCCAR 4.2](#), each side (i.e. plaintiff(s) or defendant(s)) may take up to two (2) non-party depositions. These additional depositions are limited to three (3) hours in length each, excluding breaks and questioning by the party defending the deposition.

(d) Restrictions Upon Discovery. The restrictions upon discovery set out in [SCCAR 4.2](#) and [PCLSCCAR 4.2\(a\)](#) shall take effect upon the filing of a statement of arbitrability as set out in [PCLSCCAR 1.3](#) and [2.1\(e\)](#).

4.3 Subpoena

(a) CR 45 Subpoenas. CR 45 subpoenas are permissible as follows: 1) To obtain discoverable medical records identified in Interrogatory Number 6 above; 2) To obtain records via a subpoena duces tecum from a non-party being deposed under this Rule; 3) Each side (i.e. plaintiff(s) or defendant(s)) may also send up to two additional records subpoenas to third-parties. Beyond the subpoenas allowed under this Rule, any additional subpoenas may only be served by agreement of all parties or as allowed by the arbitrator. A copy of each subpoena shall be served on all parties and all documents obtained by subpoena must be provided to all other parties upon request. Any motion to quash a subpoena under this Rule should be directed to the arbitrator.

Comment

[1] The increase to \$100,000.00 in Rule 1.1 and the additional discovery in Rules 4.2(b)(6), 4.2(c), and 4.3 will apply to all cases filed on or after September 1, 2018 (the effective date of the legislation) and in which a note for arbitration is filed on or after September 1, 2019 (the effective date of the new local rules).

[Amended effective September 1, 2020]

PCLSCCAR 5 -- HEARING

5.1 Notice of Hearing - Time and Place – Continuance. An arbitration hearing shall be scheduled to be heard in Pierce County at any reasonable time and place chosen by the arbitrator. The arbitrator may grant a continuance without court order. The parties may stipulate to a continuance only with the permission of the arbitrator. The arbitrator shall give reasonable notice of the hearing date and any continuance to the Director.

[Amended effective February 19, 1991]

5.2 Prehearing Statement of Proof - Documents Filed with Court. In addition to the requirements of **SCCAR 5.2**, each party shall also furnish the arbitrator with copies of pleadings and other documents contained in the court file which that party deems relevant. The court file shall remain with the county clerk. The arbitrator shall strictly enforce the provisions of **SCCAR 5.2** and is encouraged to withhold permission to present evidence at time of hearing if the parties have failed to comply with this rule.

[Amended effective September 1, 2020]

PCLSCCAR 6 – AWARD

6.1 Form and Content of Award

(a) Form. The award shall be prepared on the form prescribed by the court.

(b) Exhibits. All exhibits offered during the hearing shall be returned to the offering parties.

(c) Attorneys Fees. Any motion for actual attorney fees, whether pursuant to contract, statute, or recognized ground in equity, must be presented to the arbitrator, as follows:

(1) Motion. Any motion for an award of attorney fees must be submitted to the arbitrator and served on opposing counsel within seven calendar days of receipt of the award. There shall be no extension of this time, unless the moving party makes a request for an extension before the seven day period has expired, in writing, served on both the arbitrator and opposing counsel;

(2) Response. Any response to the motion for fees must be submitted to the arbitrator and served on opposing counsel within seven calendar days after receipt of the motion;

(3) Decision. The arbitrator shall render a decision on the motion, in writing, within 14 days after the motion is made;

(4) Amended Award. If the arbitrator awards fees, the arbitrator shall file an amended award. If fees are denied, the decision shall be filed and served on the parties;

(5) Discretionary Hearing. It is within the arbitrator's discretion whether to hold a hearing on the issue of fees;

(6) Appeal. The time for appeal of the arbitrator's decision in any case where attorney fees have been timely requested, as set forth above, shall not start to run until the service and filing of the amended award, or the denial thereof.

[Adopted effective June 1, 1990]

6.2 Filing of Award. A request by an arbitrator for an extension of time for the filing of an award under **SCCAR 6.2** may be presented to the presiding Judge, ex parte. The arbitrator shall give the parties notice of an extension granted.

[Amended effective September 1, 2020]

6.3 Judgment on Award. Failure to file a judgment within 90 days of filing the arbitration award shall result in the entry of an order of dismissal, provided no request for trial de novo has been timely filed or upon motion good cause is shown to not dismiss the case.

[Amended effective September 1, 2015]

PCLSCCAR 7 -- TRIAL DE NOVO

7.1 Request for Trial de Novo – Calendar

(a) Form. A written request for a trial de novo shall be accompanied by a note of issue placing the matter on the assignment calendar. Failure to submit the note for assignment is not grounds for dismissal; however, the court may impose terms in its discretion.

(b) Attorney Fees – Time for Appeal. In any case in which a party makes a motion for attorney fees pursuant to **PCLSCCAR 6.1(c)**, the 20 day period for appeal shall not commence until the arbitrator has either filed and served the amended award, or the written denial thereof.

(c) Trial Date. When a request for a trial de novo is timely filed, an expedited case schedule shall be issued setting the trial date in 6 months.

[Amended effective September 1, 2020]

PCLSCCAR 8 -- GENERAL PROVISIONS

8.1 Stipulation - Effect on Relief Granted. If a case not otherwise subject to arbitration is transferred to arbitration by stipulation, the arbitrator may grant any relief which could have been granted if the case were determined by a Judge.

[Amended effective September 1, 2020]

8.3 Effective Date. These rules, as amended, become effective on the 1st day of January, 1989, subject to amendment thereafter, pursuant to **GR 7**.

[Amended effective September 1, 2000]

8.4 Title and Citation. These rules are known and cited as the Pierce County Local Superior Court Civil Arbitration Rules. PCLSCCAR is the official abbreviation.

[Amended effective September 1, 2020]

8.5 Compensation of Arbitrator

(a) Generally. Arbitrators shall be compensated in the same amount and manner as Judges pro tempore of the superior court; provided, however, that said compensation shall not exceed \$1,000.00 for any

case unless approval is granted by the presiding Judge. Hearing time and reasonable preparation time are compensable. Arbitrators may be reimbursed a sum not to exceed \$10.00 for costs incurred.

(b) Form. When the award is filed, the arbitrator shall submit to the presiding court ex parte a request for payment on a form prescribed by the court. The presiding Judge shall determine the amount of compensation and costs, if any to be paid.

[Amended effective September 1, 2021]

8.6 Administration

(a) Supervision. The director, under the supervision of the superior court Judges shall supervise arbitration under these rules.

(b) Committee. There shall be a standing committee of the Tacoma-Pierce County Bar Association, appointed by the president thereof, to assist the court in the formulation and administration of these rules.

(c) Powers. The court, assisted by the director and standing committee of the Tacoma-Pierce County Bar Association, shall have the power and duty to:

- (1)** Appoint the panel of arbitrators provided in **PCLSCCAR 3.1(a)**;
- (2)** Remove a person from a panel of arbitrators;
- (3)** Establish procedures for selecting an arbitrator not inconsistent with the Superior Court Civil Arbitration Rules;
- (4)** Review the administration and operation of the arbitration program periodically and make recommendations as it deems appropriate to improve the program.

[Amended effective September 1, 2020]

■ CRIMINAL RULES – PCLCRR

1.1 Local Procedures. Procedures for handling and processing criminal cases in Pierce County Superior Court will be available in the Presiding Department, from the courtroom of the Criminal Division Presiding Judge, in Superior Court Administration and posted on the Superior Court's website at: www.co.pierce.wa.us/superiorcourt and by clicking on "Criminal Law" or "Local Rules".

1.2 Scope. The following Pierce County Local Rules (PCLR) shall apply in Pierce County in criminal cases:

PCLR 10

PCLR 11

PCLR 15

PCLR 40(e)

[Amended effective September 1, 2010]

■ APPENDIX OF CIVIL RULE FORMS

FORM A	Order Setting Case Schedule
FORM B (1)	Order Assigning Case to Judicial Department – Sixty-Month Estate Review
FORM B (2)	Order Assigning Case to Judicial Department – Twelve-Month Estate Review
FORM C	Trial by Affidavit Certificate
FORM D	Confirmation of Service
FORM E	Domestic Relations Information Form
FORM F	Confirmation of Joinder of Parties, Claims, and Defenses
FORM G	Notice of Settlement of All Claims Against All Parties
FORM H	Joint Notice of Reconciliation
FORM I	Order Setting Case Schedule – Family Law
FORM J	Notice of Change of Address
FORM K	Declaration of Proposed Trustee
FORM L	Trust Summary
FORM M	Declaration of Proposed Guardian (non-certified)
FORM N	Declaration of Proposed Guardian (certified)
FORM O	Guardianship Summary
FORM P	Order and Joint Notice of Participation in Collaborative Law
FORM Q	Schedule of Commissioners' Calendars
FORM R	Motion to Waive Mandatory Settlement Conferences
FORM S	Statement of Arbitrability
FORM T	Family Law Hearing Information Form
FORM U	Civil Hearing Information Form
FORM V	Notice and Order on Request of Disqualification of Judge
FORM W	Order Approving Minor Settlement
FORM X	Receipt of Funds into Blocked Financial Account

(These forms are examples only. All pleadings filed with the court must comply with the format requirements of [GR 14\(a\)](#).)

FORM A

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON FOR PIERCE COUNTY

CASE NAME

NO.

ORDER SETTING CASE SCHEDULE

Type of Case:

Track Assignment:

Assigned to Judicial Department:

Docket Code: ORSCS

Length of Trial

Confirmation of Service
Confirmation of Joinder of Parties, Claims and Defenses
Jury Demand
Status Conference (Contact Court for Specific Date)
Plaintiff's Disclosure of Primary Witnesses
Defendant's Disclosure of Primary Witnesses
Disclosure of Rebuttal Witnesses
Deadline for Filing Motion to Adjust Trial Date
Discovery Cutoff
Exchange of Witness and Exhibit Lists and Documentary Exhibits
Deadline for Hearing Dispositive Pretrial Motions
Joint Statement of Evidence
Pretrial Conference (Contact Court for Specific Date)
Trial

Unless otherwise instructed, ALL Attorneys/Parties shall report to the trial court at 9:00 a.m. on the date of trial.

NOTICE TO PLAINTIFF/PETITIONER

If the case has been filed, the plaintiff shall serve a copy of the Case Schedule on the defendant(s) with the summons and complaint/petition: Provided that in those cases where service is by publication the plaintiff shall serve the Case Schedule within five (5) court days of service of the defendant's first response/appearance. If the case has not been filed, but an initial pleading is served, the Case Schedule shall be served within five (5) court days of filing.

See PCLR 3.

NOTICE TO ALL PARTIES

All attorneys and parties shall make themselves familiar with the Pierce County Local Rules, particularly those relating to case scheduling. Compliance with the scheduling rules is mandatory and failure to comply shall result in sanctions appropriate to the violation. If a statement of arbitrability is filed, PCLR 3 does not apply while the case is in arbitration.

DATED: _____

Judge _____

Department _____

FORM B (1)

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON FOR PIERCE COUNTY

NO. XX-4-XXXXX-X

ORDER ASSIGNING CASE TO JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT AND SETTING REVIEW HEARING DATE (PCLR3/PCLR40)

Judge: [Name]

Department: [Dept No.]

Docket Code: ORACD

Mandatory Hearing Date: Per PCLR 3(b)(5)

Failure to appear on this date may result in closure of the case by the court.

Notice to Petitioner(s):

- * Petitioner(s) shall serve a copy of this Order Assigning Case to Judicial Department on all parties entitled to notice of this action.
- * The timing of this mandatory review hearing assumes that Non-intervention powers will be/have been granted. The purpose of the mandatory hearing date is to review whether the matter has been completed. If a Declaration of Completion is filed prior to the mandatory review hearing date, that date will be stricken by the court.
- * If non-intervention powers are not granted, a bond is required, a probate Guardian ad Litem is appointed, the personal representative is removed or resigns, or the estate is later declared insolvent, then you are required to immediately bring this issue to the attention of the judicial officer of the department to which it is assigned to obtain a different mandatory hearing date than the one listed above.

Dated: _____

JUDGE

Department #

FORM B (2)

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON FOR PIERCE COUNTY

NO. XX-4-XXXXX-X

**ORDER ASSIGNING CASE TO JUDICIAL
DEPARTMENT AND SETTING REVIEW
HEARING DATE (PCLR3/PCLR40)**

Judge: [Name]

Department: [Dept. No.]

Docket Code: ORACD

Mandatory Hearing Date: Per [PCLR 3\(b\)\(4\)](#)

Failure to appear on this date may result in closure of the case by the court.

Notice to Petitioner(s):

- * Petitioner(s) shall serve a copy of this Order Assigning Case to Judicial Department on all parties entitled to notice of this action.
- * Under RCW 11.76.010 the petitioner shall file an annual status report with the court prior to the hearing date.
- * The purpose of the mandatory hearing date is to review whether the matter has been completed. If a Decree of Distribution and/or Order Closing Estate is filed prior to the mandatory review hearing date, that date will be stricken by the court.

Dated: _____

JUDGE
Department #

FORM C

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON FOR PIERCE COUNTY

CASE NAME

CAUSE NO.

TRIAL BY AFFIDAVIT CERTIFICATE

Docket Code: CTBA

I understand that I have the right to a trial by presenting oral testimony to the Judge or jury and that by agreeing to this alternative procedure, the trial will be limited to submission of written affidavits only and argument by counsel or a party pro se. The argument is limited to one half hour per side.

By using this alternative procedure, Trial by Affidavit, all information of a factual nature will be submitted in written affidavit form.

I am aware that by agreeing to trial by affidavit, I will receive an accelerated trial date in about twenty (20) weeks rather than the normal trial date (26 - 36 weeks). I am aware this is a voluntary procedure and I am under no obligation to agree to trial by affidavit. I understand these options and have chosen and agreed to trial by affidavit.

DATED: _____

Client

Witness: _____

Client

Attorney of Record, WSBA #

FORM D

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON FOR PIERCE COUNTY

CASE NAME

CAUSE NO.

CONFIRMATION OF SERVICE

Docket Code: CS, CSSRV

CS

All the named defendants/ petitioners/respondents have been served, have joined or have accepted service in writing. (Check if appropriate; otherwise, check the box below.)

CSSRV

One or more named defendants have not yet been served. (If this box is checked, an additional confirmation of service must be filed pursuant to subsection (b) when service is obtained and the following information provided.

The following defendants have been served or accepted service: _____

The following defendants have not yet been served: _____

Reasons why service has not been obtained: _____

How service will be obtained: _____

Date by which service is expected to be obtained: _____

No other named defendants remain to be served.

A status conference is requested regarding: _____

Family Law Cases only (PCLR 40(d): The following petitioner/respondent has been served or accepted service of the Order Setting Case Schedule issued at filing: _____

If Service has not been made, state the reasons why and the date by which service will be accomplished:

Date _____

Attorney or Party _____

WSBA # _____

FORM E

(Click above to link to PDF fillable form)

DOMESTIC RELATIONS INFORMATION FORM: Form E (PCLR 16 and PCLSPR 94.04; 9/10)

Date: _____

Husband

Petitioner

Cause No.: _____

Wife

Respondent

PARTIES:

PETITIONER		RESPONDENT	
Name: _____	Age: _____	Name _____	Age: _____
Address: _____		Address: _____	

Date of Marriage/Domestic Partnership/Cohabitation: _____	Date of Separation: _____
---	---------------------------

DEPENDENT CHILDREN:

Name	Age	This Marriage	Prior Marriage	Percent Residential Time		Since
				Petitioner %	Respondent %	

CHILD SUPPORT:1.

	NET INCOME	SUPPORT
Petitioner:	\$ _____	_____
Respondent:	\$ _____	_____

2. Tax Exemptions allocated as follows: _____
3. Exceptional support considerations: _____
4. Child Support presently being paid \$ _____ per month; since _____
5. Summary of proposed residential arrangements for the children:

MAINTENANCE:

1. _____ per month, duration: _____
2. Presently being paid: \$ _____ per month, for _____ months.

PETITIONER INCOME:

Employer/Other Source	Length	Gross Income	Net Income
		Total Income	

RESPONDENT INCOME:

Employer/Other Source	Length	Gross Income	Net Income
		Total Income	

FACTORS RELATING TO AWARD OF MAINTENANCE:

IF ATTORNEY FEES ARE AT ISSUE:

1.	Incurred to Date	\$	Paid To Date	\$
2.	Ordered to Date	\$	Paid to Date	\$
3.	Requested to Date	\$	Estimate to Trial	\$

PROPERTY DIVISION:

ASSETS:	Fair Market Value	Debt Owed	Net to Petitioner	Net to Respondent
Real Estate:				
Home	\$	\$	\$	\$
Other Real Property	\$	\$	\$	\$
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Vehicles (Year/Make):				
	\$	\$	\$	\$
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Household Goods	\$	\$	\$	\$
Tools/Equipment	\$	\$	\$	\$
Recreational/Hobby Equipment	\$	\$	\$	\$
Business/Profession:				
Petitioner	\$	\$	\$	\$
Respondent	\$	\$	\$	\$
Investments	\$	\$	\$	\$
Life Insurance Cash Value	\$	\$	\$	\$
Retirement:				
Petitioner	\$	\$	\$	\$
Respondent	\$	\$	\$	\$
IRA's, TSP's, 401-K's, etc.:				
Petitioner	\$	\$	\$	\$
Respondent	\$	\$	\$	\$
Receivables	\$	\$	\$	\$
Other Assets:				
	\$	\$	\$	\$
	\$	\$	\$	\$
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Debts:	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)
TOTALS	\$	\$	\$	\$
Equalization:	\$	-\$	divided by two (2)	= \$

Proposed Percentage Division: _____ % to Petitioner _____ % to Respondent
Effects of Proposed Division: \$ _____ to Petitioner \$ _____ to Respondent

A copy of this form shall be served on opposing counsel/party and trial Judge not later than 2 working days prior to trial. The original shall be filed with the Clerk's Office. When this form is used for Settlement Conference purposes under PCLR 16, do not file the original with the Clerk's Office.)

YOU MUST ATTACH:

- 1. Proposed Child Support Order, Support Worksheets and current pay stubs. Form WPF DR 01-050.**
- 2. Completed Financial Declaration. Form WPF DR 01-055**
- 3. Proposed Parenting Plan, if disputed.**

FORM F

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON FOR PIERCE COUNTY

CASE NAME

CAUSE NO.

**CONFIRMATION OF JOINDER OF
PARTIES, CLAIMS AND DEFENSES**

Docket Code: CJ, CJN

If this case is subject to civil arbitration, please file a Statement of Arbitrability instead of this form. Note that a Statement of Arbitrability may be filed at any time up to the discovery cutoff without leave of court. However, either this form or a Statement of Arbitrability must be filed by the deadline for confirmation of joinder of parties, claims and defenses.

CJNSC The parties make the following joint representations:

1. No additional parties will be joined.
2. All parties have been served or have accepted service.
3. All mandatory pleadings have been filed.
4. No additional claims or defenses will be raised.
5. The parties anticipate no problems in meeting the deadlines for disclosing possible witnesses and other subsequent deadlines in the Case Schedule.
6. All parties have cooperated in completing this report.

CJ The parties do not join in making the foregoing representation, as explained below (if appropriate, check both the box at left and every applicable box below);

- An additional party will be joined.
- A party remains to be served.
- A mandatory pleading remains to be filed.
- An additional claim or defense will be raised.
- One or more parties anticipate a problem in meeting the deadlines for disclosing possible witnesses or other subsequent deadlines in the Case Schedule.
- Other explanation: _____

Date

Attorney for Plaintiff/Self-Represented Party
WSBA # _____

FORM G

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON FOR PIERCE COUNTY

CASE NAME

CAUSE NO.

**NOTICE OF SETTLEMENT OF ALL
CLAIMS AGAINST ALL PARTIES**

Docket Code: NTSSTD

Notice is hereby given that all claims against all parties in this action have been resolved. Any trials or other hearings in this matter may be stricken from the court calendar. This notice is being filed with the consent of all parties.

If an order dismissing all claims against all parties is not entered within 90 days after the written notice of settlement is filed, the case shall be dismissed by the court.

Date

Attorney for Petitioner/Plaintiff
WSBA #: _____

Attorney for Respondent/Defendant
WSBA #: _____

FORM H

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON FOR PIERCE COUNTY

CASE NAME

CAUSE NO.

JOINT NOTICE OF RECONCILIATION

PCLSPR 94.04 (b)(4)(A)

DOCKET CODE: JNR

Notice is hereby given that both parties in the above-identified matter have either reconciled or mutually agree they wish to attempt a reconciliation. All future dates reflected in the Order Setting Case Schedule shall be cancelled by the Court.

FURTHER, both parties understand that this case shall automatically be dismissed by the Court six (6) months from the date of this Notice unless an Amended Petition has been filed with the Clerk of the Court prior to that date.

DATE

Petitioner Pro Se/Attorney
WSBA #: _____

DATE

Respondent Pro Se/Attorney
WSBA #: _____

FORM I

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON FOR PIERCE COUNTY

CASE NAME

CAUSE NO.

**ORDER SETTING CASE SCHEDULE –
FAMILY LAW**

Docket Code: OSCS

In accordance with PCLR 40(d), this case is hereby assigned to Department _____, Judge _____

Notice to Petitioner:

Once the case has been filed, the petitioner(s) shall serve a copy of this Order Setting Case Schedule on the respondent(s) with the summons and petition. Provided, however, that in those cases where service is by publication, the petitioner shall serve a copy of this Order Setting Case Schedule to within five (5) court days of service of the respondent's first response/appearance. If the case has not been filed, but an initial pleading is served, a copy of this Order Setting Case Schedule shall be served within five (5) court days of filing. PCLR 3(b)

Trial Date:

A trial date may be obtained pursuant to PCLR 40(d) by filing a 'Note of Issue' for assignment of a trial date by noon at least seven (7) court days prior to the date fixed for assignment of the trial date. PCLR 40(d)

If a trial date is not obtained pursuant to PCLR 40(d), failure to appear on this date will result in dismissal of the case by the Court. PCLR 40(d)

Assignment to set Trial Date _____

(Date and Time)

At that time the Court will provide you with a Case Schedule which shall include the trial date. Failure to appear on this date will result in dismissal of the case by the Court. PCLR 40(d)

Certificate of Completion of Mandatory Parenting Seminar due from both parties by _____.

See PCLSPR 94.05(c)

Uncontested Dissolutions/Settlements:

If this case is agreed upon by both petitioner(s) and respondent(s) who are represented by attorneys, you are not required to wait for the trial date in order to settle your case; after appropriate time requirements have been met, final pleadings may be presented in Ex Parte. If you are self-represented and settle your case and the appropriate time requirements have been met, you may file a "Note for Pro Se/Self Represented Dissolution Calendar" to have a Court Commissioner review final papers you prepare.

Date _____

(Judge Signature and Department Number)

FORM J

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON FOR PIERCE COUNTY

CASE NAME

CAUSE NO.

**NOTICE OF CHANGE OF ADDRESS/
CONTACT INFORMATION**
DOCKET CODE: NTACA

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the address/contact information for the attorney and/or party identified below is changed to the following:

NAME: _____

NEW ADDRESS: _____

EMAIL ADDRESS: _____

HOME PHONE NUMBER: _____

CELL PHONE NUMBER: _____

EFFECTIVE: _____

IN THIS CASE, I AM THE: (select only one)

___ Plaintiff/Petitioner ___ Defendant/Respondent

___ Attorney for _____ WSBA # _____

DATED: _____

SIGNATURE: _____

PRINT NAME: _____

FORM K

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON FOR PIERCE COUNTY

In the [NAME] of:

CAUSE NO.

DECLARATION OF PROPOSED TRUSTEE

1) Identification of Trustee.

Name of Proposed Trustee:

WSBA/CPG#:

Mailing Address of Proposed Trustee:

Street Address (if different):

City/State/Zip:

Telephone Number:

Fax Number:

Email Address:

2) **Certified Status.** The proposed Trustee is professionally licensed in the State of Washington as: a lawyer, guardian, trustee, or other (identify: _____). Attached as Exhibit A to this Declaration is a summary listing the educational programs (*pertaining to fiduciary matters*) which the proposed Trustee and its employees have attended during the past twelve (12) months.

3) **Business Form.** The form in which the proposed Trustee does business is:

sole proprietor

trust company

bank

corporation

non-profit corporation

other: _____

4) **Identification of Principals of Proposed Trustee.** List the name of each member of the board of directors, officer, and owner of the business of the proposed Trustee and their title:

5) **Relationship to Allegedly Incapacitated Person.** The proposed Trustee has the following relationship with the Incapacitated Person:

6) Trustee's Organizational Structure.

(a) Date the proposed Trustee began doing business:

(b) Allocation of job responsibilities:

(*Brochures or other printed materials may be attached as an Exhibit in response to this question.*)

7) **Criminal Background Checks.** Does the proposed Trustee conduct criminal background checks pursuant to RCW 43.43.832 on all employees or volunteers who will or may have unsupervised access to the trust beneficiary? Yes No

8) **Criminal and Disciplinary History.** Provide the following information for the proposed Trustee and for each of its principals and employees:

- (a) Circumstances leading to removal as a Trustee or as a fiduciary for breach of fiduciary duty or for any other reason:
- (b) Criminal proceedings for a felony or misdemeanor involving moral turpitude, which resulted in a finding or plea of guilty (*attach an explanation as an exhibit explaining why this individual is employed by the proposed Trustee*):
- (c) Civil proceedings in which there was a finding of dishonesty, misappropriation of funds, breach of fiduciary duty, or mistreatment of any person (*identify any civil proceedings where there was a settlement, even if such settlement was without specific findings by the Court*):
- (d) Reported disciplinary proceedings by a disciplinary body or licensing agency that resulted in a finding of misconduct (*including proceedings by a professional organization such as a state bar association, a medical disciplinary review board, etc.*):

9) Protection of Trust Funds. The proposed Trustee has insurance coverage or security from the following forms at the following policy limits as of _____,20_____

a) Errors and Omissions Insurance:

- i) Insurance Company: _____
- ii) Policy Limits: \$ _____

b) Employee Dishonesty Insurance:

- i) Insurance Company: _____
- ii) Policy Limits: \$ _____

c) General Surety Bond:

- i) Bonding Company: _____
- ii) Amount: \$ _____

10) Assets Under Management. As of _____,20____, the total value of all of the assets administered by the Trustee is: \$ _____, and the total value of all assets separately bonded or held in blocked accounts is: \$ _____

11) Case Load. As of _____,20____ the proposed Trustee administers [*insert text-number*] trusts, and serves as a non-trustee fiduciary (e.g. Guardian, Attorney in Fact, Custodian) for _____ individuals

12) Compensation and Reimbursement. The proposed Trustee' compensation schedule is as follows (*include the different hourly rates for various services and an estimated fee in this matter if possible*):

13) Experience. The proposed Trustee's experience with similar Trusts (*for example, similar amount of assets, the family circumstances of the trust beneficiary, the proximity of the proposed Trustee to the residence of the trust beneficiary, and any relevant information*) is:

14) Asset Management. The proposed Trustee intends to manage the trust as follows:

I certify (or declare) under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Washington that to the best of my knowledge the statements above are true and correct.

Signed at _____, Washington

This _____ day of _____, 20____.

Signature of Proposed Trustee

Printed Name of Proposed Trustee

Address

Telephone/Fax Number

City, State, Zip Code

Email Address

(Effective 9/1/06)

FORM L

TRUST SUMMARY

Date Trustee Appointed: _____
Date of Next Hearing: _____
Current Bond Amount: \$ _____
Blocking Required: Yes No

Beneficiary

Trustee

Name: Address: City, State and postal code Phone:	Name: Address: City, State and postal code Phone: Facsimile:
--	--

Interested Parties

Address & Phone

Relation to Beneficiary

Interested Parties	Address & Phone	Relation to Beneficiary

FORM M

SUPERIOR COURT OF WASHINGTON COUNTY OF PIERCE

In re the Guardianship and/or
Conservatorship of:

Case No.:

DECLARATION OF PROPOSED GUARDIAN AND/OR CONSERVATOR (Non-Certified/Lay)

Respondent.

Clerk's code: (DCLR)

(1) Personal Information.

Name: _____

Mailing Address: _____

City, State, Zip: _____

Street Address (if different): _____

City, State, Zip: _____

Telephone Number: _____

Email: _____

If the proposed Guardian/Conservator does not reside in Washington State,
provide the name, address, phone and email address for the resident agent:

(2) **Non-Professional Status.** I am not charging fees for carrying out the duties of court-appointed Guardian/Conservator of three or more incapacitated persons. I acknowledge that before I may receive fees for serving as a Guardian/Conservator for three or more persons, I am required to be certified in the State of Washington. RCW 11.130.010(26)

(3) **Business Form.** If appointed, I will serve as a Guardian/Conservator as an individual and not as an entity or representative of a business entity, such as a trust company or non-profit corporation.

(4) **Background and Experience Helpful to Service as Guardian/Conservator.** I have the following background, education, and experience that may be helpful in my service as Guardian/Conservator: _____

(5) **Licenses Held.** _____

(6) Relationship to Respondent. I have the following relationship to the Respondent:

(7) Prior History as Fiduciary or Guardian/Conservator.

(a) I have served in a fiduciary capacity (*such as an attorney-in-fact pursuant to power of attorney, trustee, executor, administrator, guardian, conservator*).

Yes No

(b) I have been removed as a fiduciary.

Yes No

If the answer above is "Yes", describe the circumstances leading to your removal as a fiduciary: _____

(8) Criminal History. RCW 11.130.090(1)(b) states that a person who has been convicted of a crime involving dishonesty, neglect, or use of physical force or other crime relevant to the functions a person would assume as a guardian or conservator is generally not qualified to be a guardian or conservator. I have been convicted of such a crime: Yes No

If the answer above is "Yes", describe the crime for which you were convicted and the outcome: _____

(9) Civil Proceedings. Describe any civil or administrative proceeding in which there was a finding that you had engaged in dishonesty, misappropriation of funds, breach of fiduciary duty, or mistreatment of any person. Also identify any proceeding(s) where there was a settlement, even if such settlement was without specific findings by the Court:

(10) Disciplinary Proceedings. Describe any disciplinary proceeding against you by any disciplinary body or licensing agency that resulted in a finding of misconduct. This would include any proceedings by any professional organization such as a state bar association or a medical disciplinary review board:

(11) Ability to Secure Bond. In some cases, it is necessary for the Guardian or Conservator to secure a bond, which is insurance coverage providing protection to the Individual in the event of financial loss or personal harm caused by the negligent or intentional conduct of the proposed Guardian/Conservator. Is there any reason (*such as bankruptcy or poor credit record*) why you would have difficulty obtaining a bond? _____

(12) Compensation and Reimbursement. State whether you intend to request hourly compensation for your services and describe expenses for which you expect to be reimbursed. _____

(13) Summary of Guardian/Conservator Duties. The below signed proposed Guardian/Conservator understands and agrees that:

My duties as Guardian/Conservator are more fully described in:

- (1) the Court Order that appoints me,
- (2) the statutes of the State of Washington – generally RCW 11.130.
- (3) the case law.

I should consult with my attorney if I have any questions. I am presumed to understand my duties and responsibilities. I can be held personally responsible if I do not properly carry out my duties as Guardian and/or Conservator.

As Guardian/Conservator, I act in a fiduciary capacity in my dealings on behalf of the Individual. This means that as the Guardian/Conservator, I am required to put the interests of the Individual ahead of my personal interests in all transactions, as well as any transaction in which my interests and the interests of the Individual may be in conflict.

Additionally, if I have been appointed Conservator, I am charged with the responsibility of acting as a reasonably prudent person in dealing with the investment and conservation of the assets of the Individual and to avoid self-dealing.

For health care decisions, “Before any person authorized to provide informed consent on behalf of a patient who does not have the capacity to make a health care decision exercises that authority, the person must first determine in good faith that that patient, if he or she had the capacity to make the health care decision, would consent to the proposed health care. If such a determination cannot be made, the decision to consent to the proposed health care may be made only after determining that the proposed health care is in the patient’s best interests.” RCW § 7.70.065(1)(a)(C)(c).

If my personal beliefs could be in conflict with the interests of the Individual subject to guardianship and/or conservatorship, I must first do what I believe the Individual would do if competent. If that cannot be determined, either because of lack of knowledge or because the Individual has always been disabled, I may act in the manner that I believe is in the best interest of the Individual. I understand that at any time I can seek direction from the court if there is any question of what is in the best interest of the Individual

Any attorney whom I retain to assist me in this guardianship/conservatorship proceeding will have independent responsibilities and obligations to the Court. The attorney-client privilege may not extend to information regarding misfeasance or malfeasance of a fiduciary. The attorney-client privilege may not extend to information

given by me, the Guardian/Conservator, to my attorney, for any failure to follow the laws of a court-appointed Guardian/Conservator.

If I am appointed the Guardian or Conservator, I must:

- Give the Individual and notice parties a copy of the Order with the notice of the right to request termination or modification within 14 days of appointment;
- Give the Individual and notice parties the Notice of Right within 30 days of appointment;
- keep the Court informed of any change in my name, address, or bonding status;
- file a Change of Circumstance Report within thirty (30) days of any change of location, major or permanent changes in health or finances, or of the death of the Individual;
- file a Final Accounting within ninety (90) days after the termination of a conservatorship. RCW 11.130.570
- **If I am appointed Conservator, I must also:**
- keep the Individual's funds separate from my own, in a separate conservatorship bank account;
- make all payments in a timely manner and with a method so there is a record of all transactions that can be verified by the Court at the time of each accounting (e.g. checking account);
- file, within ninety (90) days of my appointment, a Conservator's Plan and an Inventory of the assets in the conservatorship estate, and
- file, within ninety (90) days of the anniversary date of my appointment (as shown on the Letters of Conservatorship), an Accounting showing the receipts and disbursements made on behalf of the Individual during the previous accounting period.

If I am appointed the Guardian, I must also:

- file, within ninety (90) days of my appointment, a Guardian's Plan describing the care needs and condition of the Individual with the court.
- file, within ninety (90) days of the anniversary date of my appointment (as shown on the Letters of Guardianship), a Report describing the care and condition of the Individual during the previous reporting period.

If I am appointed the Guardian and/or Conservator, I cannot:

- spend, sell, borrow, loan, invest or give away ANY of the Individual's property (including money), without a court order;
- spend, loan, invest, or give away any of the Individual's principal or income for any purpose without a court order;
- borrow money on behalf of the Individual, without a court order;

- use the Individual's money for myself or my needs, without a court order;
- pay myself a fee from the Individual's money, without the filing of a verified petition with an Affidavit detailing the time spent, services provided, and compensation requested, and a corresponding court order approving said petition; or
- force the Individual to live ANYWHERE, including a mental institution or nursing home facility.

I DECLARE UNDER PENALTY OF PERJURY UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON THAT THE FOREGOING IS TRUE AND CORRECT.

Signed at _____, Washington on _____
(City) *(Date)*

(Signature of Proposed Guardian/Conservator)

(Printed Name)

FORM N

SUPERIOR COURT OF WASHINGTON COUNTY OF PIERCE

In re the Guardianship and/or
Conservatorship of:

Case No.:

DECLARATION OF PROPOSED GUARDIAN AND/OR CONSERVATOR (Certified)

Respondent.

Clerk's code: (DCLR)

(1) Personal Information.

Name: _____

Certified Professional Guardian/Conservator #: _____

Mailing Address: _____

City, State, Zip _____

Street Address: (if different) _____

City, State, Zip _____

Telephone Number: _____

Fax Number: _____

Email: _____

(2) **Certified Status.** The proposed Guardian/Conservator is a Certified Professional Guardian and Conservator in the State of Washington.

(3) **Business Form.** The form in which the proposed Guardian/Conservator does business is:

sole proprietor partnership trust company

corporation non-profit corporation

(4) **Identification of Principals of Proposed Guardian/Conservator.** List the name of each member of the Board of Directors, officer, and owner of the business of the proposed Guardian/Conservator and their title: _____

(5) **Individual Certified Guardians/Conservators.** List each certified Guardian and/or Conservator in the employ of the Guardian/Conservator who may have responsibilities in this case and the individual certified Guardian/Conservator who will have supervising responsibility in this case:

(6) **Relationship to Respondent.** The proposed Guardian and/or Conservator has the following relationship with the Respondent: _____ .

(7) **Guardian/Conservator's Organizational Structure.**

(1) Date the proposed Guardian/Conservator began doing business: _____

(2) Allocation of job responsibilities: *(Brochures or other printed materials may be attached as an Exhibit in response to this question.)*

(8) **Criminal Background Checks.** Does the proposed Guardian/Conservator conduct criminal background checks pursuant to RCW 43.43.832 on all employees or volunteers who will or may have unsupervised access to the Individual subject to guardianship and/or conservatorship? [] Yes [] No

(9) **Criminal and Disciplinary History.** Provide the following information for the proposed Guardian/Conservator and for each of its principals and employees who are certified professional Guardians/Conservators. However, do NOT include employees who are neither principals nor certified Guardians/Conservators:

(1) Circumstances leading to removal as a Guardian/Conservator or as a fiduciary for breach of fiduciary duty or for any other reason: _____

(2) Conviction for a crime involving dishonesty, neglect, or use of physical force or other crime relevant to the duties of a guardian or conservator: *(attach an explanation as an exhibit explaining why this individual is employed by the proposed Guardian/Conservator):* _____

(3) Civil proceedings in which there was a finding of dishonesty, misappropriation of funds, breach of fiduciary duty, or mistreatment of any person *(identify any civil proceedings where there was a settlement, even if such settlement was without specific findings by the Court):* _____

(4) Reported disciplinary proceedings by a disciplinary body or licensing agency that resulted in a finding of misconduct *(including proceedings by a professional organization such as a state bar association, a medical disciplinary review board, etc.):* _____

(10) **Bond/Insurance.** The proposed Guardian/Conservator has insurance coverage or security at the following policy limits as of _____(date):

a) **Errors and Omissions Insurance:**

i) Insurance Company: _____

ii) Policy Limits: _____

b) Employee Dishonesty Insurance:

i) Insurance Company: _____

ii) Policy Limits: _____

c) General Surety Bond:

i) Bonding Company: _____

ii) Amount: _____

(11) Assets Under Management. The total value of all assets that the proposed Guardian/Conservator has under management as of _____ (date) is \$_____

(12) Compensation and Reimbursement. The proposed Guardian/Conservator's compensation schedule is as follows (*include the different hourly rates for various services*): _____

(13) Experience. The proposed Guardian/Conservator's experience with similar guardianships and/or conservatorships (*for example, similar amount of assets, the family circumstances of the Individual, the proximity of the proposed Guardian and/or Conservator to the residence of the Individual, and any relevant information*) is:

(14) Case Load. As of _____ (date), the proposed Guardian and/or Conservator is the court appointed Guardian or Conservator for _____ (insert number) of Individuals and serves as a fiduciary (e.g. Trustee, attorney in fact, custodian) for _____ people.

(15) Summary of Guardian/Conservator Duties. The below signed proposed Guardian/Conservator understands and agrees that:

My duties as Guardian/Conservator are more fully described in:

- (1) the Court Order that appoints me,
- (2) the statutes of the State of Washington – generally RCW 11.130.
- (3) the case law.

I should consult with my attorney if I have any questions. I am presumed to understand my duties and responsibilities. I can be held personally responsible if I do not properly carry out my duties as Guardian and/or Conservator.

As Guardian/Conservator, I act in a fiduciary capacity in my dealings on behalf of the Individual. This means that as the Guardian/Conservator, I am required to put the interests of the Individual ahead of my personal interests in all transactions, as well as any transaction in which my interests and the interests of the Individual may be in conflict.

Additionally, if I have been appointed Conservator, I am charged with the responsibility of acting as a reasonably prudent person in dealing with the investment and conservation of the assets of the Individual and to avoid self-dealing.

For health care decisions, "Before any person authorized to provide informed consent on behalf of a patient who does not have the capacity to make a healthcare decision exercises that authority, the person must first determine in good faith that that patient, if he or she had the capacity to make the health care decision, would consent to the proposed health care. If such a determination cannot be made, the decision to consent to the proposed health care may be made only after determining that the proposed health care is in the patient's best interests." RCW § 7.70.065(1)(a)(C)(c).

If my personal beliefs could be in conflict with the interests of the Individual subject to guardianship and/or conservatorship, I must first do what I believe the Individual would do if competent. If that cannot be determined, either because of lack of knowledge or because the Individual has always been disabled, I may act in the manner that I believe is in the best interest of the Individual. I understand that at any time I can seek direction from the court if there is any question of what is in the best interest of the Individual

Any attorney whom I retain to assist me in this guardianship/conservatorship proceeding will have independent responsibilities and obligations to the Court. The attorney-client privilege may not extend to information regarding misfeasance or malfeasance of a fiduciary. The attorney-client privilege may not extend to information given by me, the Guardian/Conservator, to my attorney, for any failure to follow the laws of a court-appointed Guardian/Conservator.

If I am appointed the Guardian or Conservator, I must:

- Give the Individual and notice parties a copy of the Order with the notice of the right to request termination or modification within 14 days of appointment;
- Give the Individual and notice parties the Notice of Right within 30 days of appointment;
- Keep the Court informed of any change in my name, address, or bonding status;
- File a Change of Circumstance Report within thirty (30) days of any change of location, major or permanent changes in health or finances, or of the death of the Individual;
- File a Final Accounting within ninety (90) days after the termination of a conservatorship. RCW 11.130.570

If I am appointed Conservator, I must also:

- Keep the Individual's funds separate from my own, in a separate conservatorship bank account;
- Make all payments in a timely manner and with a method so there is a record of all transactions that can be verified by the Court at the time of each accounting (e.g. checking account);
- File, within ninety (90) days of my appointment, a Conservator's Plan and an Inventory of the assets in the conservatorship estate, and

FORM O

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON FOR PIERCE COUNTY

In Re the Guardianship/Conservatorship of:

[Name]

Person subject to Guardianship/Conservatorship.

CAUSE NO.

GUARDIANSHIP/CONSERVATORHIP
SUMMARY

Date Guardian/Conservator Appointed: _____

Date of Next Hearing: _____

Current Bond Amount: \$ _____

Blocking Required: Yes No

Due Date for Inventory: _____

Due Date for Care Plan: _____

Loss of Voting Rights Yes No

**Person subject to
Guardianship/Conservatorship**

Guardian/Conservator of:

Estate Person

Name:	Name:
Address:	Address:
Phone:	Phone:
	Facsimile:

Standby Guardian

Address & Phone:

Relation to IP

--	--	--

Interested Parties

Address & Phone:

Relation to IP

I declare under the penalty of perjury that the above information is true and correct. I agree that if any of the above information changes, I will notify the court of that change within ten days of the change.

Dated this _____ day of _____, _____ at _____
(day) (month) (year) (City & State)

Signature

Print

FORM P

**IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON
FOR PIERCE COUNTY**

CASE NAME

NO.

**ORDER AND JOINT NOTICE OF
PARTICIPATION
IN COLLABORATIVE LAW**

Notice is hereby given that both parties in the above-identified matter mutually agree that they wish to participate in Collaborative Law. All future dates reflected in the Order Setting Case Schedule shall be cancelled by the Court.

FURTHER, both parties understand that should this case not resolve within six (6) months from the date of this Notice, the parties shall appear before the Court on the following date for a mandatory status conference to advise the Court of the progress in this matter.

MANDATORY HEARING DATE: _____.

Counsel and the Court may agree to continue the status conference to a later date if participation in the Collaborative Law process is ongoing as the status conference date approaches.

Done in Open Court this _____ day of _____, 20_____.

JUDGE

DATE

Petitioner's Attorney
WSBA #

DATE

Respondent's Attorney
WSBA #

FORM Q

COMMISSIONERS' CALENDARS:

CIVIL DIVISION A (Courtroom 100)					
TIME	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY
9:30–12:00	Show Cause	Show Cause	Show Cause	Show Cause	Self-Represented Uncontested Dissolutions
12:00-1:00	Closed	Closed	Closed	Closed	Closed
1:30-4:30	Probate Guardianship Minor Settlement Supp Proceedings Unlawful Detainer Vulnerable Adult	Probate Guardianship Minor Settlement Supp Proceedings Unlawful Detainer Vulnerable Adult	Probate Guardianship Minor Settlement Supp Proceedings Unlawful Detainer Vulnerable Adult	Probate Guardianship Minor Settlement Supp Proceedings Unlawful Detainer Vulnerable Adult	Probate Guardianship Minor Settlement Supp Proceedings Unlawful Detainer Vulnerable Adult
CIVIL DIVISION B (Courtroom 117)					
TIME	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY
9:30–12:00	Show Cause	Show Cause	Show Cause	Show Cause	DVPO Mods/Terms and Renewals
12:00-1:00	Closed	Closed	Closed	Closed	Closed
1:30–4:30	Domestic Violence Sexual Assault Stalking	Domestic Violence Sexual Assault Stalking	Domestic Violence Sexual Assault Stalking	Domestic Violence Sexual Assault Stalking	Domestic Violence Sexual Assault Stalking
CIVIL DIVISION C (Courtroom 407)					
TIME	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY
9:30–12:00	Show Cause	Show Cause	Show Cause	Show Cause	Self-Represented Uncontested Dissolutions
12:00-1:00	Closed	Closed	Closed	Closed	Closed
1:30–4:30	Prosecutor's Docket Family Support Modification Parentage/Contempt	Prosecutor's Docket Family Support Modification Parentage/Contempt	Prosecutor's Docket Family Support Modification Parentage/Contempt	Prosecutor's Docket Family Support Modification Parentage/Contempt	Prosecutor's Docket Family Support Modification Parentage/Contempt
CIVIL DIVISION D (Courtroom 101)					
TIME	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY
9:30–12:00	DVPO Walk-ins, SKYPE, Kiosk and Ex Parte Mail	DVPO Walk-ins, SKYPE, Kiosk and Ex Parte Mail	DVPO Walk-ins, SKYPE, Kiosk and Ex Parte Mail	DVPO Walk-ins, SKYPE, Kiosk and Ex Parte Mail	DVPO Walk-ins, SKYPE, Kiosk and Ex Parte Mail
12:00-1:00	Closed	Closed	Closed	Closed	Closed
1:30–4:30	DVPO Walk-ins, SKYPE, Kiosk and Ex Parte Mail	DVPO Walk-ins, SKYPE, Kiosk and Ex Parte Mail	DVPO Walk-ins, SKYPE, Kiosk and Ex Parte Mail	DVPO Walk-ins, SKYPE, Kiosk and Ex Parte Mail	DVPO Walk-ins, SKYPE, Kiosk and Ex Parte Mail
EXPARTE DIVISION (Courtroom 105)					
TIME	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY
9:00-11:30	Ex Parte Presentations	Ex Parte Presentations	Ex Parte Presentations	Ex Parte Presentations	Ex Parte Presentations
12:00-1:30	Closed	Closed	Closed	Closed	Closed
1:30-3:30	Ex Parte Presentations	Ex Parte Presentations	Ex Parte Presentations	Ex Parte Presentations	Ex Parte Presentations

COMMISSIONERS CALENDARS/HOURS MAY BE REVISED—CHECK WEBSITE:

www.co.pierce.wa.us/superiorcourt

FORM R

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON FOR PIERCE COUNTY

CASE NAME

CAUSE NO.

MOTION TO WAIVE MANDATORY SETTLEMENT CONFERENCE

I, _____, **Petitioner/Respondent**, request the Court waive the requirement for mandatory Settlement conference for the following reason(s):

A domestic violence restraining order or protection order (excluding Ex-Parte orders) involving the parties has been entered by a court within the previous twelve (12) months. A copy of the order is attached to this motion. (If an order is not attached, provide the name of the case, case number, county in which the order is issued, the date of issuance):

A domestic violence no contact order exists pursuant to RCW 10.99, and has been in effect within the past twelve (12) months. A copy of the order is attached to this motion. (If an order is not attached, provide the name of the case, case number, county in which the order is issued, the date of issuance):

There is a history of domestic abuse between the parties. Because of that history of abuse I believe I am in danger of physical or emotional abuse in connection with the mediation session or it would interfere with arm's-length mediation. Describe history of domestic abuse:

There is a history of child abuse that has occurred involving at least one of the parties and one or more of the children subject to the family law matter. Describe history of abuse:

I seek a waiver for other reasons (Set forth reasons:) _____

My Name:

Address: _____

Other Party/Attorney's Name:

Address: _____

_____ (check here) **I CERTIFY THAT THE STATEMENTS IN THIS MOTION ARE TRUE AND CORRECT, AND I HAVE MAILED A COPY OF THIS MOTION TO THE OTHER PARTY'S ATTORNEY OR TO THE OTHER PARTY IF UNREPRESENTED BY AN ATTORNEY .**

DATED this _____ day of _____, 20_____.

Signature of Attorney or Party filing Motion if
unrepresented by an attorney

FORM S
SUPERIOR COURT OF WASHINGTON
COUNTY OF PIERCE

No. _____

and
Plaintiff(s),

Defendant(s).

STATEMENT OF ARBITRABILITY

CASE CATEGORY:

NAME:
ADDRESS:

NAME
ADDRESS:

CERTIFICATE OF ARBITRABILITY

This case is subject to arbitration because the sole relief sought is a money judgment and involves no claim in excess of One Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000), exclusive of attorney fees, interest and costs.

This case is not subject to arbitration because:

- Plaintiff's claim exceeds One Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000).
- Plaintiff seeks relief other than a money judgment.
- Defendant's counter or cross claim exceeds One Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000)
- Defendant's counter or cross claim seeks relief other than a money judgment.

The undersigned contends that its claim exceeds One Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000), but hereby waives any claim in excess of One Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000) for the purpose of arbitration.

CERTIFICATE OF READINESS

The undersigned attorney **certifies** that:

1. All parties have been joined and served;
2. All parties have received a copy of the Case Schedule;
3. All answers and other mandatory pleadings have been filed and served; and
4. No additional claims or defenses will be raised.

ARBITRATION AWARD

NOTE: In cases where an Arbitration Award is filed and there is no timely request for trial *de novo*, either a judgment on arbitration award or an order dismissing all claims against all parties must be entered within 90 days of the filing of the Arbitration Award. Failure to do so shall result in the case being dismissed by the court.

(PAGE FOR ADDITIONAL ATTORNEYS)

(Revised September 1, 2020)

other pleadings in this case and other civil and criminal files where the litigants and/or child(ren) are identified as parties.

(Revised September 1, 2020)

FORM U

**CIVIL HEARING INFORMATION FORM
(PCLR 7 and PCLSPRs 98.04, 98.16W, 98.18, 98.20, 98.25)**

Case Number:

Hearing Date:

Case Name:

Motion:

Submitted by:

Moving Party:

Responding Party:

Date motion was Filed: (insert date filed)

This Motion includes the following issues for the Court to Consider at this hearing (e.g. appointment of Personal Representative, request to invade blocked account, request to stay writ of restitution): _____

1:30 CIVIL HEARING:

CIVIL DIVISION A (ROOM 100):

- | | |
|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Guardianship | <input type="checkbox"/> Probate |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Trust | <input type="checkbox"/> Vulnerable Adult |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Unlawful Detainer | <input type="checkbox"/> Minor Settlement |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Supplemental Proceedings | <input type="checkbox"/> Sale of Structured Settlement |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Other: | |

REMINDER: YOU ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR PROVIDING ORIGINAL ORDERS FOR THE COURT TO SIGN AT THE TIME OF THE SCHEDULED HEARING and TO SERVE OR E-SERVE THE OTHER PARTY WITH THIS FORM.

INSTRUCTIONS: List the documents that you have FILED and want the court to review for this hearing:

Filing Date

Title of document

Pages

The Court may also review criminal background information of the parties and other persons living in the home or having significant contact with any minor child(ren) or vulnerable adults as the Judicial Officer deems appropriate. The Court may also consider other pleadings in this case and other civil and criminal files where the litigants and/or child(ren) are identified as parties.

(Revised September 1, 2020)

FORM V

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF WASHINGTON, COUNTY OF PIERCE

<p>_____, Petitioner/Plaintiff,</p> <p>v.</p> <p>_____, Respondent/Defendant.</p>	<p>Cause No. _____</p> <p>NOTICE AND ORDER ON REQUEST OF DISQUALIFICATION OF JUDGE</p>
---	--

Pursuant to RCW 4.12.050 and PCLR 40(f)(1), the [] Plaintiff [] Defendant, by this notice requests to disqualify Judge _____ as to any further proceedings in this case. The judge has not made any discretionary ruling in this case that would prevent disqualification.

WSBA # _____
Attorney for _____

ORDER

The request for disqualification is:

- [] Granted. This matter shall be transferred to different judicial department.
- [] Denied for the reason that the undersigned has previously exercised discretion in this case.
- [] Denied for the reason that the party (or co-party) seeking disqualification has previously sought disqualification of a judge in this same cause.

Dated this _____ day of _____, 20____.

Judge

FORM W

Superior Court of Washington County of Pierce

In re the Minor Settlement of:

Case No.

ORDER APPROVING
MINOR SETTLEMENT

Minor's 18th Birthday: _____

(Clerk Code ORAPST)

THIS MATTER having come on regularly for hearing before the undersigned Court Commissioner upon the petition for Court approval to settle the minor's personal injury claim. The Court having considered the report of the Settlement Guardian ad Litem (SGAL), _____, and the records and files, it is ORDERED

1. The settlement proposal in the gross amount of \$_____ for _____, a minor, is approved by the Court as reasonable and appropriate.
2. The parent or legal guardian of the minor, _____, shall execute the appropriate Releases or other documents required for the settlement of the minor's claim. Upon execution of releases and other documents the insurer shall make payment of the settlement amount within 10 days.
3. _____ shall issue a check in the approved gross settlement amount made payable to _____, in trust for the minor.
4. The minor's attorney fees, costs, and expenses incurred in the amounts set forth below in Paragraph 5 are found to be reasonable and are approved.
5. The gross settlement funds shall be disbursed as follows:
 - Attorney fees to _____: \$ _____;
 - Costs to attorney _____: \$ _____;
 - Lien and subrogation claims:
 - a) _____: \$ _____;
 - b) _____: \$ _____;

Net proceeds to minor, _____: \$ _____;
Total disbursement: \$ _____;

6. The net proceeds for the minor shall be:
- a) deposited by the minor's attorney/defense counsel, in the name of the minor;
 - b) The deposit shall be into a federally insured bank account, under the social security number of the minor;
 - c) The account shall be interest-bearing, with no bank fees charged;
 - d) On-line banking shall not be allowed;
 - e) The deposit shall be **BLOCKED** and not be released without further Court order. Provided, however, the funds shall be released automatically to the minor, _____, on or after his/her 18th birthday: _____; on presentation of suitable identification to the depository institution or bank.
 - f) The minor's parent(s) is authorized to invest and re-invest the deposited funds within the blocked account, subject to the above restrictions;
7. A **Receipt (in the form attached to this Order/in the form set forth in PCLSPR 98.16W(h))** shall be filed by the minor's attorney/defense counsel/SGAL within 45 days of the settlement approval, with a copy to the SGAL. The SGAL shall be discharged upon the filing of said Receipt.
8. The fees and costs of the SGAL, _____, are found to be reasonable and approved in the amount of \$_____. Payment to the SGAL shall be made by _____.
9. Further, _____ shall reimburse _____, the minor's attorney, the sum of _____ for the filing fee.
10. If this minor settlement includes a structured annuity, the following provision applies:
- Neither the minor nor incapacitated person, nor the estate, nor any subsequent beneficiary or recipient of any payments or any part of any payments under this structured settlement shall have the right to accelerate, commute or otherwise reduce to present value or to a lump sum any of the payments or any part of the payments due under this structured annuity settlement or this order

unless by later motion good cause has been shown to lift or modify these restrictions.

No payment under the structured settlement annuity contract or this order shall be transferred as defined in **RCW 19.205.010(18)**, accelerated, deferred, increased or decreased, or anticipated, sold, mortgaged, assigned or encumbered in any manner by the minor or incapacitated person or any other recipient of the payments unless by later motion good cause has been shown to lift or modify these restrictions.

DONE IN OPEN COURT this _____ day of _____, 20____.

Court Commissioner

PRESENTED BY:

Attorney for the minor

APPROVED AS TO FORM; NOTICE
OF PRESENTATION WAIVED:

Settlement Guardian ad Litem

APPROVED AS TO FORM; NOTICE
OF PRESENTATION WAIVED:

Attorney for Defendant

FORM X

Superior Court of Washington County of Pierce

In re the Minor Settlement of:

Case No.

RECEIPT OF FUNDS INTO
BLOCKED FINANCIAL ACCOUNT

(Clerk Code RCPBA)

The undersigned declares under the penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Washington that the following statements are true and correct.

RECEIPT is hereby acknowledged of the sum of \$_____ deposited with _____ (Depository Institution), for _____, a minor. The deposit was made into account number _____ (last four digits).

The undersigned financial institution agrees to hold this account and any subsequent deposits to the account subject to the following:

1. The funds on deposit shall be federally insured;
2. The account shall bear interest, under the minor's social security number;
3. There shall be no withdrawal of funds except by Order of the Court, or as set forth below;
4. The funds shall be released to _____ on or after his/her 18th birthday: _____, without the necessity of a Court Order;
5. On-line banking shall not be allowed;
6. The minor's parent/guardian, _____ is authorized to invest and reinvest the funds within the blocked account, subject to the above restrictions.

DATED this _____ day of _____, 20____.

By: _____

Authorized Signature

Title/printed name:

Bank: _____

Branch: _____

Address: _____

Phone: _____

E-mail: _____